THE NEW YORK HERALD

WHOLE NO. 10,457. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, APRIL 16, 1865. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

OUR LOSS.

The Great National Calamity.

DEATHS OF THE PRESIDENT.

Sad Details of the Terrible Event.

The Last Moments of the President.

SCENE AT THE DEATH BED.

The Life and Services of Mr. Lincoln.

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MURDERER.

John Wilkes Booth the Assassin.

Secretary Seward Thought to be Out of Danger.

All hopes of the recovery of the Secretary of State are abandoned.

The surgeons report that the condition of Mr. Seward remains unchanged. He is dying fast.

No improvement in Mr. Frederick Seward.

The murderers have not yet been apprehended.

HENRY J. RAYMOND,
Secretary of War.

THE EXCITEMENT.

MEETING IN WALL STREET.

Speeches of Generals Butler and Burnside, Daniel S. Dickinson and Others.

ALL THE TRADES CLOSED.

THE GRIEF OF THE NATION.

Business Suspended Throughout the Country.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

Inauguration of Andrew Johnson as President.

The Policy of Mr. Lincoln to be the Policy of Mr. Johnson.

THE CABINET UNCHANGED.

SKETCH OF MR. JOHNSON.

HIS LAST SPEECH.

The Return of General Grant to Washington, &c., &c., &c.

THE OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

THE PLOT OF THE ASSASSIN.

DETAILS OF THE CALAMITY.

THE HERALD DESPATCHES.

SEARCH FOR THE ASSASSINS.

Circular from the Provost Marshal General.

THE EXCITEMENT.

MEETING IN WALL STREET.

ALL THE TRADES CLOSED.

THE GRIEF OF THE NATION.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

THE CABINET UNCHANGED.

SKETCH OF MR. JOHNSON.

HIS LAST SPEECH.

THE OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

THE PLOT OF THE ASSASSIN.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY, April 15—6 P. M.

The great calamity which befell the nation last night produced such a feeling of profound sorrow, horror and indignation in the public mind that business was almost entirely suspended to-day. The city was early draped with mourning, and the flags which yesterday waved in celebration of victory were half-masted in reverence for the dead. Upon the motion of Mr. W. K. Vermilyea, the regular stock board adjourned without holding the usual morning session, and the open board adjourned in like manner. Similar action took place in the Gold Room, at the petroleum boards and on the Produce Exchange, prefaced by appropriate remarks. It was at the same time announced that no session of the Evening Exchange would be held. Contracts falling due to-day for the delivery of gold or stocks will stand over until Monday. Nearly all the stock houses closed their offices at 11 A. M., and the banks by unanimous consent closed, excepting for the payment of drafts, at noon. Meanwhile a largely attended meeting was held in front of the Custom House in Wall street, at which Gen. Butler and others spoke. About this time a stock operator who made use of disloyal expressions respecting the recent tragedy was mobbed, and narrowly escaped "lynching" only through the interference of the police. Many of those who attempted to make transactions in gold incurred a similar risk from the bystanders. Early in the afternoon, however, the crowd dispersed, and a group of operators assembled and made quotations for gold in William street at the corner of Exchange place. The price here, which had been as high as 155 at one time, declined to 153 by three o'clock.

The steamer Tuscarora took out $87,000 in specie.

The Racine and Mississippi and Northern Illinois railroads earn from January 1 to April 7 $121,654, against $114,322 for the same time in 1864.

The importations of dry goods at this port during the week ending April 13 compare as follows with those of the previous week:—

Entered for Consump'n.	Week ending April 5. Pkgs.	Value.	Week ending April 12. Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool..	563	$160,963	801	$297,856
Manufactures of cotton.	133	40,177	393	110,192
Manufactures of silk...	84	72,631	213	210,741
Manufactures of flax...	454	90,850	623	128,101
Miscellaneous.........	83	26,510	195	49,576

[illegible]

NEWS FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

[illegible]

MEXICO.

HIGHLY INTERESTING NEWS.

Reported Plot for Invading the Empire.

The First Batch of Emigrants from the South.

Great Excitement Among the Foreign Soldiery.

The Victories of Grant and Sherman in the Capital

European Sympathy with the Rebels.

THE LATE RIOTS IN PUEBLA.

MUZZLING THE MEXICAN PRESS.

Difficulties Between the French and Austrian Soldiers,

&c., &c., &c.

Our Mexican Correspondence.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 27, 1865.

Within a few weeks some startling rumors have been afloat in the capital—not only that several thousand Americans have arrived in Chihuahua with arms and ammunition for Juarez, but that a wide spreading plan, extending all through the southern part of the confederacy, is in active movement for the invasion of Mexico. Some of the Mexican papers hint at the affair rather mysteriously, and consider it the first positive indication of that inundation of Northmen destined soon to overflow this country.

VALUE OF THE RUMORS.

There seems to be some foundation for these statements. Numbers of rebels are continually arriving here by the way of Matamoros, and are evidently not mere refugees, but keen, observant men, who baffle Maximilian's spies with singular adroitness, and are seen in close confab with leading liberal families in this city. The facts, as rumor has them, are that papers for subscription are printed and have been very generally circulated, especially in Alabama, Louisiana and Texas, pledging the subscribers to be ready during the coming summer to rendezvous at different places on the Rio Grande and enter Northern Mexico, by the way of Nuevo Leon and Chihuahua, join the Juarez party in those districts and form the nucleus for a powerful army of invasion. Arms and powder for the rapidly increasing forces will be taken along, and these supplies are to be increased by importations through the gulf coast of Tamaulipas and also through the more retired landing places of Sonora on the Pacific side, where arrangements exist with parties in the southern counties of California.

ARRIVAL OF GUNPOWDER.

A schooner arrived at Altata, a small port in Sinaloa, several weeks since, with a quantity of powder for Juarez, which was one of the advance shipments connected with this movement. The French land and sea [illegible]

[illegible]

organ of the Emperor came out with a leading leader on the subject, denouncing the act as a gross violation of the soil of the empire and a direct insult flung at the French flag; and that such a procedure on the part of Mexico would be the signal for an immediate hostile attitude by the American government. The rest of the press, French and Spanish, have joined in the cry, and, to judge by the clapping of sword hilts and the ink valor everywhere manifested, it is all up with Uncle Sam. Really, the self-sufficiency and bombast of these people, civil and military, foreign and native, are intolerable.

SHERMAN'S VICTORIES IN THE EMPIRE—HOSTILITY TO THE UNION.

An illustration of the virulence against the North may be here cited. It does not, however, indicate any particular preference for the rebels, but a hatred of the United States as a dangerous republican Power, standing in the way of monarchy and absolutism. When the news arrived by steamer at Vera Cruz, via Havana, of the success of Sherman's great march to the sea, and the capture of Savannah, it was so distasteful to the existing powers that only vague accounts reached the capital, and no absolute certainty of the fact until four days after the steamer's arrival, although a telegraph wire connects the two places. The newspapers were silent on the subject, and at last gave the news reluctantly and in a garbled form, deploring the gradual subjugation of the high-toned chivalrous South, and berating the cowardly tyrants who are trampling them under foot by their numerical superiority. The same occurred when the Wilmington and Charleston news arrived. Before each of these victories the abject Yankees could never succeed. When the facts could no longer be denied, the possession of the whole seacoast was of no use to the government, and placed the South in a stronger position than ever. But yesterday the English steamer arrived at Vera Cruz, and several secessionists being among the passengers they circulated the report that Lee had attacked Grant, cutting his army to pieces, capturing eighty pieces of cannon, and was marching upon Washington. Improbable as this news appeared to the loyal Americans in Mexico—for it was telegraphed hither with lightning speed—it ran like wildfire through the capital, and every café had its knots of excited foreigners gesticulating and chattering over the gratifying intelligence. The morning's light, however, dispelled all these glittering prospects, and sullen disappointment succeeded at reading in the papers that Grant was all right, the detested Sherman still advancing through North Carolina, and that the President had been peacefully inaugurated, but with "a speech such as might be expected from a debased and ignorant mind."

THE OUTBREAK IN PUEBLA.

I had only time in my last letter to mention briefly the outbreak at Puebla, the most important city of the Atlantic slope of the Mexican Cordillera, and containing some seventy thousand inhabitants. This formidable riot originated in the discovery of infamous facts, causing a general outcry against the European troops stationed there, and eventually an attack upon them by the infuriated populace, who were only routed after repeated volleys of musketry, slaying numbers. The whole matter has been hushed up, by order of the government [illegible]

[illegible]

RICHMOND.

IMPORTANT ORDER FROM GENERAL ORD.

Permission for the Reassembling of the Late So-Called Virginia Legislature Rescinded.

WHEREABOUTS OF GENERAL LEE,

&c., &c., &c.

[From the Richmond Whig, April 14.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, RICHMOND, VA., April 13, 1865.

Owing to recent events, the permission for the reassembling of the gentlemen recently acting as the Legislature of Virginia is rescinded. Should any of the gentlemen come to the city under the notice of reassembling already published they will be furnished passports to return to their homes. Any of the persons named in the call signed by J. A. Campbell and others who are found in this city twelve hours after the publication of this notice will be subject to arrest, unless they are residents of this city.

E. O. C. ORD,
Major General Commanding the Department.

GENERAL ORDERS—NO. 37.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, RICHMOND, VA., April 13, 1865.

Provost Marshals will grant no passes to citizens from the North or to officers to come to this city, except on orders from the President, the Secretary of War, Lieutenant General Grant, or the Department Commander.

Officers and soldiers now in the city will return to their respective commands at once, or be subject to arrest and confinement.

The Provost Marshal General is charged with the execution of this order.

By command of Major General ORD.
E. W. SMITH, Assistant Adjutant General.

The *Whig* says Major General Godfrey Weitzel, commanding the Twenty-fourth army corps and commander of the forces occupying Richmond, has been relieved from his command and assigned to Petersburg and vicinity. Major General E. O. C. Ord, commanding the Army of the James, assumes command of this department.

The report that General R. E. Lee arrived in this city on Wednesday evening was incorrect. The statement originated in the fact that General Custis Lee had reached the city on a visit to his mother, Mrs. R. E. Lee. Custis Lee is a prisoner in the hands of the Union army, and, being at City Point, was kindly permitted to come to the city to see his mother, who was reported to be in ill health.

The whereabouts of General Robert E. Lee is not known here—at least not outside of official circles. He is daily expected at Richmond.

CASUALTIES.

Casualties in the Fifth Corps, March 31.

SECOND DIVISION.

Brev Brig Gen A W Denison, com'g 2d brigade, 2d division, 5th army corps, thigh, flesh; Col William Sargent, 210th Penn, hip, flesh; Capt G Schimmel, L, 15th N Y Arty, side, flesh; Capt G Yourgk, K, 15th N Y Arty, hip, contusion; Capt A T Kinney, F, 210th Penn, neck, severe; Capt J N Hughes, B, 210th Penn, side, flesh; First Lieut E J Davis, C, 146th N Y, back and arm, flesh; First Lieut Geo Neuscheller, I, 15th N Y Arty, leg, flesh; First Lieut H Fischback, A, 15th N Y Arty, thigh, flesh; First Lieut M Schlessinger, 210th Penn, abdomen, pentg, severe; Second Lieut and Adj H Munchen, I, 15th N Y Arty, arm; Second Lieut B Stobitz, A, 15th N Y Arty, fore arm; Lieut M Lowenstein, D, 15th N Y Arty, thigh, fracture; Thomas Jones, B, 5th N Y, right hand; Corpl J A Sheridan, D, 5th N Y, shoulder; Sergt Luke Logan, D, 5th N Y, right leg; Sergt J B Martindale, I, 5th N Y, thorax, pentg; J P Ringland, G, 5th N Y, thigh, flesh; George Dexter, D, 5th N Y, external genitals; Sergt J A Van Vleet, C, 5th N Y, right hand; Asa Burrows, A, 5th N Y, hip; P Murphy, C, 5th N Y, thigh; P Delaney, I, 5th N Y, face; Corpl H Nordhaus, D, 5th N Y, leg; Sergt James Daley, D, 5th N Y, leg and foot; Sergt John R Robbins, H, 5th N Y, thumb fractured, amputated (This man was formerly employed in the HERALD office.) Pat Donnelly, H, 5th N Y, scalp; A Ryharp, D, 5th N Y, leg; James Tracey, B, 5th N Y, thigh; Henry Marl, G, 5th N Y, knee; William Brown, B, 5th N Y, head, severely; J H [illegible]

[illegible]

Corporal E C Firman, F, 210th Pa, leg, flesh; Corporal R R Pott, G, 210th Pa, thorax, dead; W H [illegible], G, 201st Pa, arm; Henry Sims, I, 201st Pa, abdomen; Corp J L Good, H, thigh; Wm G Gibbons, C, 201st Pa, abdomen; W J Crittenden, K, 201st Pa, arm; Peter Hennies, B, 201st Pa, hand; H W Strope, B, 201st Pa, thigh; W H Martin, I, 201st Pa, leg; E W Moll, A, 201st Pa, leg; Robt Johnson, H, 201st Pa, back, severely; Serg C E Soilois, H, 210th Pa, arm; Geo Anthony, K, 210th Pa, abdomen; J W Hall, E, 210th Pa, dead; A J Dalton, C, 8th Del, scalp; James Stewart, A, 8th Del, hand; N Moore, A, 8th Del, hand, badly; G Openshaw, C, 8th Del, face.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J C Hardon, I, 91st N Y, leg; E Angelo, H, 7th Wis, hand; Frank G Carter, E, 81st Pa, hand; Wm Conway, I, 16th Mich, thigh; Wm Conklin, F, 2d N Y heavy artillery, hand; W H Jackson, A, 91st N Y, face; Daniel Dodge, D, 91st N Y, abdomen; Lewis Jordan, A, 94th N Y, shoulder; C M Colby, E, 1st Me, thigh; Conrad Nelson, F, 1st Me, arm; [illegible] Dowling, H, 16th Mich, thorax; B Lancaster, A, 1st Me, arm; J W Bartlett, A, 1st Maine, forearm.

ADDITIONAL LIST OF WOUNDED IN THE FIFTH ARMY CORPS, MARCH 31.

Sergt Frank Stetson, M, 32d Mass, shoulder; David Ginther, A, 91st Pa, foot; David Taylor, F, 32d Mass, leg; J F Dwyer, D, 120th N Y, foot; [illegible], F, 32d Mass, leg; Henry Pritchard, A, 32d Mass, arm; Hiram McDonald, E, 20th Maine, hand; Jno Brown, E, 20th Maine, head; Peter Dupuy, G, 32d Mass, head; J Q Alley, M, 32d Mass, leg; Alvin Emons, C, 91st Pa, back; Carlos Rogers, K, 185th N Y, head; W H Coburn, E, 20th Me, hip; W McDonald, F, 189th N Y, back; Fred Ullmer, F, 189th N Y, leg; Sergt Chas Yates, F, 189th N Y, concussion; Corp L H Church, B, 32d Mass, shoulder; Sergt H D James, B, 32d Mass, foot; John Noyes, B, 188th N Y, hand; E T Johnson, G, 185th N Y, bowels; Jno Greulicher, D, 32d Mass, hand; Jno Farris, L, 32d Mass, shoulder; Jno P Ford, D, 155th Pa, arm; J H Goodrich, F, 16th Mich, thigh; F Wright, F, 20th Maine, head; Jno Danley, G, 118th Pa, hand; Jas H Crow II, D, 189th N Y, hip; Henry Allron, A, 32d Mass, chest; Sergt L E Rucker, F, 32d Mass, arm and leg; J Hibbard, D, 189th N Y, leg; Horace Lorson, D, 32d Mass, arm; Lieut Jos Walker, D, 20th Maine, face; Josiah Closs, Battery D, 1st N Y, hand; Geo B Pike, Battery D, 1st N Y, arm; Solomon E Kraike, Battery H, 1st N Y, leg; Peter Brinan, Battery H, 1st N Y, leg; E E Babcock, Battery H, abdomen, mortal; Corpl Wm Kirkwood, Batteries D and G, 5th U S, mortal.

List of Casualties in the Sixth Corps in the Conflict of April 1, 1865.

Wm J Donovan, I, 110th Ohio, scalp; Lewis Tredo, H, 106th N Y, hand; Corp Cornelius Gibson, A, 14th N J, left foot; Mich Hall, F, 67th Pa, left arm; Geo W Crossley, I, 14th N J, right shoulder; Samuel Swiger, D, 67th Pa, left shoulder; Jno Dolden, B, 9th N Y, right finger; Horace T Smith, G, 10th Vt, left leg, flesh wound; First Sergt Chas C Crawford, I, 126th Ohio, right thigh; Fernando Smith, D, 106th N Y, back, flesh; Richard Catlin, E, 14th N J, left hand; Jacob Kinceman, D, 87th [illegible]

[illegible]

Religious Intelligence.

SERVICES TO-DAY.

At the Forty-second street Presbyterian church, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, the Rev. W. A. Scott, D. D., pastor, the course of lectures on Daniel will be continued. "Belshazzar's Impious Feast" will be the subject for this evening, services commencing at half-past seven o'clock.

At St. Ann's church, Eighteenth street, near Fifth avenue, the rector will preach at a quarter to eight and half-past ten A. M. and three P. M.—the latter service for deaf mutes; and the Rev. E. Benjamin at half-past seven P. M. It being Easter Day, the holy communion will be administered at both the morning services.

The Rev. G. Collins, late chaplain in the United States Army, will preach to the Second Universalist Society, corner Second avenue and Eleventh street, at a quarter to eleven A. M. and half-past seven P. M.

The Rev. S. A. Corey will preach at the Murray Hill Baptist church, corner of Thirty-seventh street and Lexington avenue, at half-past ten A. M. and half-past seven P. M.

The concluding lecture of the course on Daniel, by John Williams, will be delivered this evening, at University Buildings, Washington square, services commencing at half-past seven o'clock. Subject—"The Final, Universal and Eternal Empire of Christ."

The Rev. W. J. R. Taylor, D. D., will preach in the Canal street Presbyterian church, Greene street, near Canal, at half-past ten and half-past three o'clock. Sabbath school at nine and two o'clock.

At the English Lutheran church of St. James, Fifteenth street, between Second and Third avenues, the Rev. W. A. Passavant, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., will preach at half-past ten A. M. and half-past seven P. M.

J. L. Bishop will preach this evening, at half-past seven o'clock, at the Sanctuary, 163 First street, on the "Second Coming of Christ, the Millenium," &c.

At the Church of the Resurrection (Episcopal), Thirty-fifth street, a few doors east of Sixth avenue, the rector, the Rev. Edward O. Flagg, will preach at half-past ten A. M. and half-past seven P. M.

The Rev. Dr. Cheever will preach in the Church of the Puritans morning and evening. In the evening, at half-past seven, subject—"The Glory of Christ in the Resurrection."

At the Bleecker street Universalist Church, corner of Downing street, the Rev. A. Battles, of Bangor, Me., will supply the desk to-day. Services at half-past ten A. M. and half-past seven P. M.

The Church of the Holy Trinity, Madison avenue, corner of Forty-second street, will be opened for public worship to-day. Divine services at half-past ten A. M., sermon by the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., rector; at four P. M., sermon by the Rev. Dr. Dyer; at half-past seven P. M., sermon by the Rev. Dr. Tyng, rector of St. George's church.

By invitation of Governor Fenton, the Rev. Henry G. Weston, D. D., will preach to the soldiers at the New York State Soldiers' Depot, 50 and 52 Howard street, near Broadway, this afternoon, at half-past three o'clock.

S. S. Snow, interpreter of prophecy, will preach in Clinton Hall, Astor place, at three o'clock, P. M., on "The Resurrection."

At Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, Rev. Mr. Willis, Spiritualist, will speak at half-past ten o'clock in the morning, and half-past seven in the evening. Subjects, "The True Office of Mediation," "The Resurrection of the Body." Conference at three o'clock in the afternoon. Subject, "Wherein does Modern Spiritualism elucidate Scripture and correct theology?"

The death of the President of the United States will be made the occasion of solemn service at the Central Methodist Episcopal church, Seventh avenue, near Fourteenth street, this morning at half-past ten o'clock. Discourse by the pastor, Rev. Henry J. Fox.

PROFITS OF THE OIL TRADE.—The aggregate yield of oil per day in all the oil regions of the United States is six thousand barrels. On this, in its crude state, the average profit is about five dollars per barrel, so that the net profit on all the crude petroleum produced is $30,000 per day, or nearly $11,000,000 yearly.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

THE WILL OF JOHN BRYANT.—Some weeks since we gave the main features of the will of the late John Bryant, whose estate probably amounts to about four millions of dollars. The will is now offered for probate. A bequest of $200,000 is left to his granddaughter, Anna Grant; $50,000 to his granddaughter, Julia Bryant, who possesses an ample fortune; and $12,000 to each of his other grand children. The residue of the estate is divided between his daughter, Mary C. Bryant, and Henry Bryant and Joseph S. Fay—the last named two being also executors and trustees. The will was made last October.—*Boston Traveller, March 27.*

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Married.

BURKE—BABCOCK.—In Westerly, R. I., on Tuesday April 11, by the Rev. A. Herbert Lewis, WILLIAM L. BURKE, of this city, to JENNIE, daughter of A. M. Babcock, Esq., of the former place. No cards.

CHIPMAN—MOORE.—On Wednesday, April 12, by the Rev. A. H. Burlingham, at the residence of the bride's parents, HORACE W. CHIPMAN, of New London, Conn., to CHARLOTTE, daughter of Jacob S. Moore, Esq., of this city.

KLEINS—VELTMAN.—On Thursday, April 13, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. R. Hockwell, LOUIS P. KLEINS, M. D., to SARAH R., youngest daughter of Hiram Veltman, Esq., Brooklyn. No cards.

PENNETT—REED.—On Monday evening, April 10, by Rev. James Millett, at his residence, Mr. THOMAS G. PENNETT, to Miss ANNA M. REED, all of this city.

WHERRY—SMITH.—On Sunday, April 2, at the Reformed Dutch church, Thirty-fourth street, by the Rev. Peter Stryker, JOHN G. WHERRY to IDA E. E. SMITH, both of this city.

Died.

ANDERSON.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, April 14, after a lingering illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude, KATE ANDERSON, aged 25 years and 29 days.

The friends of deceased are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of Mrs. Murray, No. 38 Tillary street, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

ADAMS.—In this city, on Friday, April 14, ROBINSON ADAMS, aged 30 years.

His remains will be taken to East Lexington, Mass.

BUCKLY.—On Friday, April 14, ELLEN BUCKLY, the beloved wife of Patrick Buckly, a native of the parish of Grange, county Waterford, Ireland, aged 62 years.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 258 Tenth avenue, this (Sunday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

BIRDSALL.—On Saturday evening, April 15, at twenty-five minutes past eight o'clock, THOMAS BIRDSALL.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, Charles Birdsall, No. 314 South Fifth street, Jersey City, on Monday afternoon, at three o'clock.

CASSIDY.—On Friday, April 14, JANE, the beloved wife of Patrick Cassidy.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 143 Hammond street, to Calvary Cemetery.

CARTER.—On Friday evening, April 14, ELIZABETH, relict of Samuel Carter, in the 83d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 701 Second avenue, near Thirty-eighth street, on Monday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

CAMERON.—On Friday, April 14, JOHN G. CAMERON, aged 40 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 271 West Twenty-first street, on Monday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

CRANNY.—On Friday, April 14, PATRICK CRANNY, a native of Queens county, Ireland, aged 47 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday morning, at nine o'clock, from his late residence, No. 610 Greenwich street. A solemn high mass will be offered up for the repose of his soul, at St. Joseph's church, at ten o'clock. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

CONDRON.—On Saturday, April 15, ANNE CONDRON, wife of John Condron, a native of Kings county, Ireland, aged 20 years.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 65 Chrystie street, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

COLVERT.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, April 14, after a lingering illness, HANNAH ANN, wife of William Colvert, Jr., aged 40 years, 11 months and 4 days.

Dearest mother, thou hast left us,
And thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God who has bereft us—
He can all our sorrows heal.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Sands street M. E. church, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Huntington, L. I., and California papers please copy.

DOYLE.—On Thursday, April 13, JOHN DOYLE, a native of Jiggenstown, Naas, county Kildare, Ireland, aged 38 years.

The friends of the family, those of his brother, Peter, and his brother-in-law, Gerald Tyrrell, also the members of the Barry Benevolent Society, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from his late residence, No. 46 Centre street.

St. Louis papers please copy.

DEUSCHER.—On Friday morning, April 14, after a long and tedious illness, LOUIS DEUSCHER, aged 34 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 149 Spring street, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

DERUYTER.—On Friday, April 14, JULIA DERUYTER, second daughter of John and Henrietta De Ruyter, aged 5 years.

The funeral will take place this (Sunday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock, from No. 67 Madison avenue.

DIVEN.—On Saturday morning, April 15, of a lingering illness, MARY DIVEN, daughter of the late Dr. Diven, of the British army, in the 83d year of her age.

Her relatives and friends and those of her late uncle, John Ireland, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from Ascension church, without further invitation. The remains will be interred in the family vault at St. Mark's church.

FULTON.—On Friday morning, April 14, JAMES FULTON, formerly of county Sligo, Ireland, aged 74 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from his late residence, No. 132 Centre street.

FARR.—On Friday, April 14, WILLIAM FARR, in the 50th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 54 North Moore street. Members of Lebanon Lodge, No. 191, F. and A. M.; also members of the Mechanics' and Traders' Society and the Exempt Firemen, are invited.

The members of Lebanon Lodge, No. 191, F. A. M., are hereby summoned to attend a special communication, at their rooms, Odd Fellows' Hall, on Sunday, 16th inst., at one o'clock precisely, to attend the funeral of our late brother, William Farr. Brethren of sister lodges are invited to attend. By order of

JOHN R. CURRAN, Master.

H. THOMSON, Secretary.

GODWIN.—At Kingsbridge, Westchester county, on Friday, April 14, GEORGINA H. P., daughter of Joseph H. and P. A. Godwin, aged 12 years and 9 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

GAUTIER.—On Thursday, April 13, HANNAH AUGUSTA, wife of Samuel T. Gautier, and daughter of the late Abraham Stagg, in the 62d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at Trinity chapel, Twenty-fifth street, near Broadway, on Monday afternoon, at one o'clock, without further invitation.

HAWLEY.—On Friday, April 14, at Bridgeport, Conn., suddenly, SARAH MATILDA, widow of Captain Abijah Hawley, and sister of Meigs D. Benjamin, of this city, in the 64th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at her late residence, Bridgeport, on Monday afternoon, at three o'clock.

HOFFMIRE.—On Saturday, April 15, after a long and painful illness, HENRY B. HOFFMIRE, Jr., son of Maria and the late William Hoffmire, aged 30 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, 54 Laight street, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

HOFFMAN.—In this city, on Friday, April 14, Lieutenant JOHN HOFFMAN, of the One Hundred and Sixty-second regiment, New York Volunteers, aged 27 years, 9 months and 15 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his family, 428 Cherry street, this (Sunday) morning, at eleven o'clock.

JURGENS.—On Saturday morning, April 15, at three o'clock, after a severe illness, JOHN, eldest son of John and Caroline Jurgens, of Williamsburg, L. I.

The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his parents, corner Graham avenue and Boerum street.

JOHNSON.—JOHN JOHNSON, 27 years of age.

The remains will be interred in the Evergreens Cemetery.

JANSSEN.—On Saturday morning, April 15, after a severe illness of heart disease, THEODORE GEORGE, the only son of the late Herman E. Janssen, aged 20 years, 1 month and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, 196 Second street, Williamsburg, this (Sunday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

KEMPTON.—On Saturday, April 15, WILLIAM M. KEMPTON, only child of William and Almira J. Kempton, aged 2 years, 3 months and 23 days.

He was too pure for sinful earth,
To wander here below,
Where every rose conceals a thorn,
And every joy brings woe.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from 41 Devoe street, Williamsburg.

MURPHY.—On Saturday morning, April 15, Mrs. MARTEN MURPHY, aged 79 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 41 Cheever place, South Brooklyn, on Monday morning. Her remains will be taken to St. Peter's church, corner of Hicks and Warren streets, where a requiem mass will be sung at half-past ten; from thence to the Cemetery of the Holy Cross, Flatbush.

MONTGOMERY.—On Saturday morning, April 15, Mrs. MARGARET MONTGOMERY, wife of Samuel Montgomery, aged 36 years, 9 months and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock, at her late residence, 82 Skillman street, Brooklyn, E. D.

NOONAN.—While a prisoner of war, Sergeant EDWARD NOONAN, Co. L, Sixteenth New York Volunteer cavalry, a native of Birr, Kings county, Ireland, in the 18th year of his age, from no other cause than starvation at Andersonville, Georgia.

May his soul rest in peace. Amen.

O'SULLIVAN.—On Friday, April 14, JOHN O'SULLIVAN, a native of the parish of Coleman's Well, county Limerick, Ireland, aged 50 years.

May his soul rest in peace. Amen.

The friends of the family and those of his brother Michael, likewise those of his brother-in-law, John Kane, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 206 Columbia street, South Brooklyn, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock. The remains will be conveyed to the Cemetery of the Holy Cross, Flatbush.

PLANT.—On Thursday, April 13, CATHERINE, the beloved wife of Robert Plant, in the 57th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 15 Henry street, Brooklyn.

Birmingham (England) papers please copy.

PAYNE.—On Friday morning, April 14, EDWARD A. PAYNE, son of David and Ann A. Payne, of Windsor, Conn.

His friends and the musical profession of New York are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 70 West Seventeenth street, of which due notice will be given.

PURCELL.—On Saturday morning, April 15, of croup, IDA, only daughter of Lawrence and Jane Purcell, aged 3 years, 4 months and 16 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her aunt, Miss Moylan, 69 Delancey street, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

RILEY.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 15, after a short illness, JOSEPH, beloved son of Anthony and Catharine Riley, aged 17 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, 773 Pacific street, on Monday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

[illegible] Boston, ALEXANDER RANSOM, artist, aged 47 years.

SEAMAN.—On Saturday, April 15, suddenly, of convulsions, MARY IMOGENE SEAMAN, only daughter of Lloyd J. and Imogene Seaman, aged 10 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of her parents, 48 Jane street, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice. The remains will be taken to Evergreens Cemetery.

VAN RENSSELAER.—At Belleville, N. J., on Friday evening, April 14, LOUISA ROSS, wife of Jas. H. Van Rensselaer.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

WEEKS.—At Islington Hospital, Philadelphia, on Saturday, March 4, JOHN WEEKS, United States Navy, aged 56 years.

WALSH.—JAMES WALSH, a native of the parish of Oonisg, Old Court, county Kilkenny, Ireland, aged 80 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 128 St. Mark's place, Eighth street, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

May God have mercy on his soul.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	5 21	MOON RISES	eve 10 56
SUN SETS	6 33	HIGH WATER	morn 11 04

Port of New York, April 15, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Montezuma (Br), Hamshaw, Kingston, Jam, April 6, with mdse and passengers, to Howland & Aspinwall.

Steamship Mississippi (U S transport), Kennedy, New Orleans, April 8, via Key West 10th, with mdse and passengers, to U S Quartermaster. On the 9th, Augustus Wirt, was taken sick with confluent smallpox, and ordered to be landed at Key West; on the 10th, at 10 AM, Thos Lane, Company M, Second Maine cavalry, died of dysentery, and was buried at Key West. 11th inst, off Cape Florida, passed Br bark Lord Chancellor, from Pictou, bound N; off Cape Hatteras, passed a two masted propeller, bound SSE.

Steamship Dudley Buck (U S transport), Merryman, Newbern, NC, April 10, via Fortress Monroe, 36 hours, in ballast, to U S Quartermaster.

Steamship E C Knight, Gallagher, Alexandria, 40 hours, with mdse, to Wm J Taylor & Co.

Steamship United States (U S transport), Share, Fortress Monroe 26 hours, with troops, to U S Quartermaster.

Steamship Tonawanda (U S transport), Teal, Fortress Monroe, 23 hours, in ballast, to U S Quartermaster.

Steamship Euterpe (U S transport), Eldridge, Fortress Monroe, 30 hours, in ballast, to U S Quartermaster.

Ship Martha (of St John, NB), King, Liverpool, 30 days, with mdse, to Snow & Burgess.

Bark Catharina (Ham), Gram, Shanghae Jan 2, with mdse, to order. Passed Anjier Jan 18, Cape Good Hope Feb 23. Feb 8, lat 24 27, lon 61, spoke Br ship Queen of the Avon, from Colombo for London; March 16, lat 10 S, lon 12 E, Br ship Star of the North, from Foochow for London; March 22, lat 1 20 S, lon 27 30 W, ship J F Whitney, steering NE.

Bark Dahomey (Port), Fonceca, Lisbon, 30 days, with mdse, to Santos & Renalmberger.

Brig Johannes (Dan), Diedricksen, Guayanilla, PR, April 2, with sugar, to Moller & Thoband.

Brig La Cayenne (of Turks Island), Doherty, Aux Cayes, April 2, with logwood, &c, to Wilson & Cammian. Had light NE and NNE winds the entire passage. 12th inst, Hatteras bearing NW by N 15 miles, passed steamship Oceanus, hence for Charleston.

Brig Potomac (of Searsport), Perkins, Cardenas, 11 days, with sugar and molasses, to Walsh & Carver.

Brig Dragoon, Liscomb, Morehead City, NC, 6 days, in ballast, to U S Quartermaster.

Schr Southern Cross (of Parrsboro, NS), George, Aquin Bay, St Domingo, 17 days, with logwood, &c, to D R DeWolf & Co. 1st inst, lat 18 30, lon 75 16, spoke brig B F Smith, from Spanish Main for Liverpool; 2d inst, lat 22, lon 75 16, spoke bark Anne Augusta, from Aquin Bay for Falmouth, E.

Schr Sofia Wilson (of Philadelphia), ——, Remedios, 10 days, with sugar and molasses, to master. 10th inst, lat 34 18, lon 76 12, spoke U S Gunboat Bienville, for Philadelphia.

Schr Indus (Br), Hanson, Baracoa, 9 days, with fruit, to J & T Pearsall.

Schr C Wood, West, Cornwallis, 7 days, with potatoes, to Duryea & Hyde.

Schr Hardscrabble, Gregory, Fortress Monroe, 2 days.

Schr Wm Wilson, Butler, Philadelphia for New Haven.

Schr Quickstep, Hulse, Philadelphia for New Haven.

Schr Petrel, Sears, Elizabethport for Boston.

Schr Oaleta, Cooper, Boston.

Schr Thomas Borden, ——, Fall River.

Schr Anna Myrick, Myrick, Providence.

Schr Bride, Pettit, Newport for Fire Island.

Schr O K, Henry, New Haven.

Schr Crisis, Rose, Norwich for Philadelphia.

SAILED.

Steamers Etna, Teutonia, Liberty, S Cloud, Weybosset, Ellen S Terry; barks S D Ryerson, Columbus, Mayflower, Alpha, Russia, Antelope; brig Los Amigos; schrs T Snow, Aletheа.

Wind at sunset SE.

Miscellaneous.

LAUNCHED—Yesterday, at noon, from Messrs Lawrence & Foulkes' shipyard, Williamsburg, the American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamer Vera Cruz, of 1500 tons, sister ship to the steamer Manhattan, which was launched three weeks since, and is now ready for sea. These vessels are intended to ply between New York and Vera Cruz, touching at Havana.

SHIP STATESMAN, Williams, from —— bound to London, was spoken by the ship Wanderer, in lon 62 27, with loss of topmasts and leaking badly; it was blowing a heavy gale at the time. Capt Williams requested the Wanderer to lay by him till morning, but during the night she disappeared, and it is feared all hands were lost.

SHIP RICHARD BUSTEED, which was driven ashore at Calcutta in the Cyclone Oct 5, was afloat on the 27th ult.

SHIP REVERE, from Manila, at San Francisco 23d ult, in the China Seas split sails, stove bulwarks, parted lower main rigging, started plank off the stern, ship leaking badly.

BARK INDUSTRY, Lewis, from San Francisco for Portland, Oregon, was wrecked on Peacock Spit, at the mouth of the

NEW YORK HERALD.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE N. W. CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS.

Volume XXX..............................No. 105

THE SITUATION.

Abraham Lincoln died at twenty two minutes past seven o'clock yesterday morning. The full particulars of the terrible calamity which has befallen us by the hands of an assassin are given in our voluminous despatches from Washington. The President's wound was pronounced mortal by his medical attendants, and no attempt was made to remove him from the house where he was taken immediately after the sad occurrence. His deathbed was surrounded by the members of his family, the Secretary of War, the Navy and the Interior; the Attorney and the Postmaster General, with the Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and the Interior, Senator Sumner, General Halleck and several others. A Cabinet meeting was called immediately after the President's death, and held in the house in which the corpse lay.

The author of this terrible deed of blood, it is now positively asserted, is J. Wilkes Booth, the actor. The intimate knowledge he possessed of all the exits and entrances of the stage, he having performed several times in the theatre, undoubtedly facilitated his escape. Numerous rumors are in circulation respecting his capture; but he has, probably, so far, escaped the officers of the law.

Strong hopes are entertained of the ultimate recovery of Secretary Seward and his son Frederick. There were no unfavorable symptoms in the case of the Secretary of State last evening. He had been informed of the death of the President, and was much calmer under the announcement than was anticipated. There was also a decided improvement in the condition of Mr. Frederick Seward, although his case is still critical.

A Washington paper states that from the evidence obtained a man named John Surratt, of Prince George's county, Maryland, is probably the person who assassinated Mr. Seward and his sons.

A reward of ten thousand dollars has been offered to the party or parties arresting the murderer of the President and the assassin of the Secretary of State and his son. A circular has also been issued from the office of the Provost Marshal General, ordering a thorough examination of all persons attempting to cross from the United States into Canada, and the arrest of all suspicious parties.

The entire country is in a state of grief and excitement. In this city business was almost entirely suspended yesterday; the innumerable flags which the day previous had flaunted so proudly in honor of our recent victories floated at halfmast; buildings were draped from roof to cellar with the sad emblems of death, and all countenances were filled with sorrow. The theatres and various places of amusement throughout the city were, without an exception, closed last evening.

The Secretary of War announces that official notice of the death of Abraham Lincoln was given yesterday morning by the heads of the departments to Andrew Johnson, Vice President. Mr. Johnson immediately appeared before the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Chief Justice of the United States, and took the oath of office as President. The new President met the heads of departments in Cabinet meeting at twelve o'clock. Arrangements for the funeral of the late President were acted upon, and William Hunter, Esq., was appointed Acting Secretary of State. President Johnson announced that he desired to retain the present secretaries of departments of his Cabinet, and they would go on and discharge their duties in the same manner as before the deplorable event that had changed the head of the government.

The Governor of New York has issued a proclamation dedicating the 20th of April, heretofore set apart as a day of thanksgiving for our late national victories, to services appropriate to a season of national bereavement.

In the State Legislature a message was received from Governor Fenton announcing the death of President Lincoln. The message was referred to a joint committee of both houses. The committee recommended that the two houses of the Legislature should meet in their respective chambers on the day appointed for the obsequies of the President and offer resolutions appropriate to the occasion, after which the Legislature adjourned until Tuesday next.

Lieutenant General Grant arrived at Washington yesterday afternoon.

Colonel Baker has gone to Washington, with all his force, to assist in detecting the murderers.

Full and interesting sketches of the late President Abraham Lincoln and of President Andrew Johnson will be found in our columns this morning. We also publish a sketch of the assassin, John Wilkes Booth.

General Ord, commanding Department of Virginia, has issued an order rescinding the permission heretofore given for the gentlemen recently acting as the Legislature of that State to assemble at Richmond. Twelve hours were given to any of the persons named who may have reached that city in answer to the call in which to leave, after which they would be subject to arrest. The Richmond *Whig* states that General Lee had not arrived in that city, and his whereabouts was unknown, at least outside of official circles.

The people of North Carolina within the lines of the Union army are in favor of calling a convention, to take into consideration the condition of the State, to be held at some point in the interior, when the movement of our troops will afford the proper opportunity.

Exciting Mexican news and reports are furnished by one of our correspondents in the city of Mexico, writing on the 27th ult. He states that Maximilian's subjects are much agitated over rumors that the empire is shortly to be invaded by large numbers of soldiers who have heretofore been fighting for Jeff. Davis' confederacy. General Price is said to be one of the leaders in this movement, and it is expected that during the coming summer an immense force of our rebels will cross the Rio Grande, provided with arms, ammunition and other necessary supplies, and march to the assistance of President Juarez, for the purpose of expelling the Europeans from the country. Considerable color of fact is given to these stories by the presence in Mexico already of large numbers of prominent rebels, who profess to be refugees, but who are suspected of being either agents of this movement or its advance guard. Great indignation was caused in the city of Mexico by the publication in the newspapers of that place of the statement that a considerable force of United States troops had crossed the Rio Grande, near General Taylor's old battle fields of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, and destroyed four thousand bales of rebel cotton stored on Mexican soil.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The Inman line steamship Etna, with the European mails, was detained by special request from Washington yesterday, to convey full despatches respecting the recent tragical events in Washington. Her flags were at halfmast during the day.

The steamship Nova Scotian sailed from Portland for Liverpool yesterday afternoon, at a quarter past three o'clock. She took out the latest despatches received from Washington up to the time of sailing.

The United States steam transport Mississippi, from New Orleans 8th and Key West 10th, with three hundred sick soldiers on board, arrived last night.

By the arrival of the steamship Ceres, Captain Sherwood, we have Wilmington (N. C.) dates to the 13th inst. At half-past nine o'clock on the night of the 14th inst. the Ceres collided with the schooner George Fayole, off Cape May, and carried away a portion of the schooner's rail, and doing her some other damage. The Ceres was not injured.

Judge Betts and Judge Benedict took their seats yesterday morning on the bench of the United States Circuit Court. There was a considerable assemblage of members of the Bar present at the opening. No business, however, was thought of, in the absorbing calamity that has fallen upon the country. On motion of United States District Attorney Dickinson, the court adjourned till Monday morning next. The other offices in the building were then closed for the day.

A special meeting of the Board of Supervisors took place last evening, at which resolutions expressive of regret at the assassination of Messrs. Lincoln and Seward were adopted.

Surrogate Tucker has decided to admit to probate the will of Mrs. Susan Cross, deceased, which was contested upon allegations of mental incapacity.

The captain and mates of the ship Great Republic have been sentenced by the United States District Court at San Francisco to various terms of imprisonment, for extreme cruelty to seamen on their late voyage to that port.

A Guaymas (Mexico) letter says that Governor Pesquiera had ordered the illumination of that place whenever Richmond was taken. The letter also states that the Governor was amply prepared to defend any force the imperialists could send against Sonora.

There was no session of the regular or open stock board, the Petroleum Exchange or Gold Room yesterday. Gold, however, sold on the street at 155 at three P. M.

Business was wholly paralyzed on Saturday, by the dreadful news from Washington, and conversation concerning the double assassination engrossed the undivided attention of the business men. Merchants of all kinds of politics united in lamenting the sad fate of the President, and pledged themselves to strengthen the hands of Mr. Lincoln's successor. There was no 'Change, and no business was transacted.

Our Dead President and Our Living President—The Spirit and Purpose of the Nation.

The appalling tragedy at Washington, like a sudden and profound eclipse, darkens all the land. Its hideous details seem more the inventions of a morbid imagination than the stern realities which they are. In the midst of our rejoicings and congratulations over the downfall of the rebellion, and the cheering prospects of a glorious peace, under the generous and forgiving policy of restoration foreshadowed by President Lincoln, the dreadful tidings of his death by the hands of an assassin carry their heavy weight of anguish through the length and breadth of the land. This startling intelligence has created a keener sorrow, a deeper, broader and more universal sense of the public loss, than, we dare say, has been experienced in any age, in any country, or by any people, over the death of one man. The simple, genial, generous hearted, Honest Old Abe had taken a closer hold upon the affections of the masses of the American people than any one of their chosen favorites since the time of Washington. Prematurely and violently cut off, however, as President Lincoln has been, he lived long enough to realize the [illegible] success of his great mission, and has died in the fulness of his glory. Second only to Washington in the hearts of his countrymen, the name of Abraham Lincoln will go down to future ages. Steadily following the drift of events and the developments of public opinion through all the progressive changes of this gigantic war of ideas, President Lincoln, we can all now comprehend, pursued the paths of safety, wisdom and success. In this masterly policy that plain, unpretending man exhibited a breadth of sagacity which, though perplexing to politicians of one idea, has given us the practical results of the highest statesmanship in reference to both our domestic and foreign affairs.

In the death of President Lincoln we feel the pressure of a heavy national calamity; but the great and irrevocable decree of the loyal States that "the Union must and shall be preserved" will lose nothing of its force, but will be immensely if not terribly strengthened by this calamity and its wrath-provoking revelations. In striking at Abraham Lincoln and his ever kindly disposed Secretary of State the assassins struck at the best friends in the government to the prostrate rebels of the South. The policy of these men was forgiveness and conciliation to the fullest admissible extent; and the public mind everywhere was strongly inclined in the same direction. But the dark and shocking events of a single night have wrought in a few hours a fearful reaction. There is an ominous muttering in the streets; a general feeling is abroad that the lives of the wretched assassin or assassins in this horrid business will not meet the requirements of justice, and that justice should now take its course against treason and traitors wherever found.

Andrew Johnson, under this condition of the public mind of the loyal States, succeeds to the office of Abraham Lincoln. What will be the policy of President Johnson? We predict that it will be more strongly tinctured with the inflexible justice of Andrew Jackson than with the prevailing tenderness of Abraham Lincoln. The mind and character of Andrew Johnson have been largely developed and fixed from his twenty years of warfare as "a poor white" against the opposing slaveholding aristocracy of Tennessee and the South. How he has survived this long struggle and safely passed the manifold dangers of this war is very remarkable. Against his impediments no man, unless possessed of great natural qualities, self-reliance, high moral courage and a resolute will, could possibly have succeeded as he has done. Learning to read after he became a married man—and from his wife as his teacher—and for ten years before this war standing among the most powerful democratic leaders of Tennessee, there is something more in this "Andy Johnson" than the common "plebeian."

Nor do we, from the unfortunate circumstance of the 4th of March, believe that he is familiar with that weakness. We have convincing testimony to the contrary from his most intimate friends. We anticipate from him a wise, energetic and efficient administration of the public affairs at home and abroad. As Joshua was to Moses, so we expect Andrew Johnson to be as the successor of Abraham Lincoln. We expect him to take up the mantle of the great leader of Israel, and to conduct his people triumphantly into the occupation of the promised land. He has been brought to the border, like Joshua, and has only to enter in and take possession. It is the will and the purpose of the people.

Effect of the National Calamity in the Metropolis.

The scene in this city yesterday will never be forgotten. From the oldest to the youngest the impression will remain upon the minds of all, indelibly stamped, and the picture will descend from generation to generation as a hallowed tradition. The Chief Magistrate of the nation being struck down by a cowardly assassin at the very moment when the morning of peace was dawning upon the country—when all his noble, Christian instincts were directing him in the path of forgiveness and mercy—was an event so unexpected and so execrable that the whole public stood aghast at the intelligence.

We can well imagine how intense must have been the excitement in Washington when the news spread through the city at the hour of the accomplishment of the foul deed. But here the feeling was one of subdued grief, succeeding the paralysis of horror with which its announcement was received through the columns of the morning papers. Many doubted its truth for a time; but when the people remembered the attempt to waylay the President on his journey to Washington four years ago, and the threats and prophecies which have since issued from the rebel journals, they began to realize the fact that the terrible story was indeed true. When there was no further room for doubt, as the official intelligence of the death of Mr. Lincoln was promulgated, the sublimest spectacle ever witnessed upon the occurrence of a great national calamity was presented in this metropolis.

But one sentiment animated all classes and all parties. Profound grief for the loss of one who had proved himself a wise ruler in days of severe trial, and as a man, kind, good-natured—right always in intention, even when erring in judgment, according to the views of his political opponents—and execration of those who were partakers in "the deep damnation of his taking off" were manifested everywhere. Men of strong nerve and sinew were met on the streets, pale, voiceless and tearful. In every household a gloom prevailed as if some domestic sorrow had visited the sacred precinct of home. All political differences were banished into oblivion. There was, in fact, a rivalry of grief among those who opposed the party of which Abraham Lincoln was the chosen head and those who were his most ardent admirers and supporters. One thought alone was uppermost, and that was that the elected of the people was cut down at a moment when his labors had reached their most sublime climax.

The types and symbols of woe; the draperies of mourning which hung from every building, public and private; the flags which had been hoisted from every available point throughout the city, and on the thousand ships in the harbor and rivers in rejoicing for our late victories, lowered to half-mast and invested with sable pennants, but feebly illustrated the deep feeling of the people upon this lamentable occasion. The joyous sound of festivity was stayed. The theatres and other places of amusement were closed. In obedience to a proclamation of the Mayor, places of business were closed—as indeed they might have been without any official proclamation; for business made no part of the doings of this busy metropolis yesterday. The courts, Boards of Aldermen, Common Council and Supervisors adjourned, after passing resolutions of condolence with the nation upon its bereavement. The merchants expressed their execration of this cowardly assassination in forcible terms at immense gatherings in Wall street and the Produce Exchange, and all the festivities announced to take place next week were, with one accord, indefinitely postponed. The details of all these manifestations of sorrow at the great national calamity are described at length in our columns to-day. They will show how profoundly affected is the heart of the whole metropolis at the misfortune which has befallen the country in the assassination of its Chief Magistrate.

THE REBEL PRESS NORTH AND SOUTH.—There was an outcry in every house in the land yesterday—"The President is murdered." From one member of the family to the other, from room to room, and up and down every stairway, this awful piece of news was repeated, and stunned and paralyzed every one. And it was a natural tribute to the position held by this great man in the hearts of the people that if it had been the dearest member of each of those households that had been stricken down the sudden horror and anguish could hardly have been greater.

But the blow has fallen, and whence did it come? From Richmond, no one doubts; yet wherever the idea was conceived, or the plan framed, it is as clear as day that the real origin of this dreadful act is to be found in the fiendish and malignant spirit developed and fostered by the rebel press North and South. That press has, in the most devilish manner, urged men to the commission of this very deed. They who jeered at the first attempt to assassinate Mr. Lincoln, in 1861, and said that it was gotten up to bring odium upon the South; they who coolly advertised that for one hundred thousand dollars Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward could both be killed before the 4th of March; they who thought the attempt to burn this city a very good joke—excellent food for laughter—and they who specifically incited to this murder by their invocation to the dagger of Brutus—they are indeed the real authors of this horrible crime.

City Intelligence.

The annual election for officers of the Tammany Society takes place on Monday evening, April 17.

Died.

CAVANAGH.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday night, April 15, DANIEL CAVANAGH, Sr., a native of the county Meath, Ireland, in the 78th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his son, Daniel Cavanagh, 19 Atlantic street.

[For other Deaths see Second Page.]

THE FEELING IN CANADA.

Proceedings in the Nova Scotia Parliament—Message of the Governor—The Rebel Flags on the Blockade Runner Colonel Lamb Ordered Down by the Authorities—Recommendations to Call a Public Meeting at Montreal to Express Horror at the Assassination of President Lincoln, &c.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, April 15, 1865.

The Governor had appointed to-day for giving assent to the bills passed with the usual ceremonies; but upon receiving the news of President Lincoln's murder he sent the following message to the Council:—

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, HALIFAX, N. S., April 15, 1865.

MY DEAR SIR—The very shocking intelligence which has just reached me, of the murder of President Lincoln by the hand of an assassin, and my sense of the loss which the cause of order has sustained by the death of a man whom I have always regarded as eminently upright in his intentions, indisposes me to undertake any public ceremony such as I had contemplated in my intended visit to the Legislative Council this day. I beg, therefore, to notify to you the postponement of that visit, and perhaps under the circumstances men of all parties may feel that the suspension of further public business for the day would be a mark of sympathy not unbecoming the Legislature to offer, and one which none could misconstrue. Believe me to be, my dear sir, most faithfully yours,

RICHARD GRAVES McDONNELL.

The Hon. EDWARD KENNY, President of the Legislative Council.

The citizens generally all unite in expressions of deep sympathy for the nation's loss.

The blockade runner Colonel Lamb was gaily decked with flags, but they were ordered down by the naval authorities.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 15, 1865.

The news of the tragedy in Washington caused a profound sensation here. The flags of the American Consulate, Custom House, shipping in the harbor and city are displayed at half-mast. Stores and places of business owned by Americans are closed.

The feeling of grief of the Canadian people is intense, and it is contemplated to give some public expression to it.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 15, 1865.

A requisition, originating with the leading men of the city, is in course of signature here, asking the Mayor to call a public meeting to express horror at the assassination of President Lincoln. All the flags are at half-mast in the city, and the deepest sorrow over the sad event everywhere prevails.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 15, 1865.

The announcement of President Lincoln's assassination caused great excitement here. Sorrow is universal, and the great loss the United States has sustained calls for deep feelings of sympathy. The vessels in port have flags at half-mast.

The Steamship Europa at Boston.

BOSTON, April 15, 1865.

The steamship Europa, from Halifax, got aground in the harbor this afternoon, and did not arrive up to port until half-past eight o'clock this evening. Her mails and the newspapers for the press will be forwarded to New York by the evening train to-morrow (Sunday), which is due there about five o'clock on Monday morning.

The Only Remedy.—Those Who Suffer from foul breath are open to the charge of carelessness. It is an offence that can be speedily abated, as a single bottle of the FRAGRANT SOZODONT will unmistakably accomplish the work. No toilet table should be without it. It will preserve and keep the teeth white and the breath pure and sweet. Sold by all druggists.

A.—Lottery Prizes Cashed. Circulars, drawings and information sent.
J. R. CLAYTON, 10 Wall street N. Y.

Prizes Cashed in all Legalized Lotteries, and information given. Drawings sent.
J. CLUTE, Broker's office, 176 Broadway.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Gold Paid for prizes. Information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street.

A Point on which all Physicians Agree.— Out of ten thousand regular physicians you cannot find one who will not say that stimulants and invigorants are absolutely necessary in medical practice. And yet in by-gone years humane practitioners have hesitated to administer them, because the fiendish ingenuity of wretches who make merchandise of human infirmities had so polluted and deteriorated them that the remedy was deemed as dangerous as the disease. This perplexity is happily done away with. Physicians know, because the first analytical chemist of the age have demonstrated the fact, that HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS are absolutely and entirely free from all pernicious elements. Hence they have been introduced into the United States army, and are accepted, whereon the testimony of the wise, the intelligent and the philanthropic is rated at its just value, as the best protective [illegible] air or other unhealthy climatic influences that has ever been tested by experience. In cases of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, we state without qualification or reservation, that the Bitters are as nearly infallible as anything prepared by human skill can be. New York office 59 Cedar street.

A— • • • • • • • •

MRS. PARTINGTON INSULTED.—The White Mountains of New Hampshire are evidently a great institution—very high, heavy frosts, beautiful view, four dollar [illegible]. But the practical eye of a certain renowned Drake saw those smooth faced rocks, and thereupon adorned and variegated [illegible] bridle path to the Tip-top House with his familiar S. T.—1860—X.—"PLANTATION BITTERS." This raised the ire of the Mrs. Partington composing the Legislature of the Granite State, who got their wise heads together, outlawed Dr. Drake, and made it a penal offence to ply the artist's brush on their beloved hills. Verily, the fine arts are at a discount in New Hampshire. Query—Did Drake pay them for this splendid advertisement?

A Great Reduction in Prices.
J. F. CURRAN & CO., manufacturers and importers of fine Silver Plated Ware, No. 18 John street, offer their large stock, consisting of new and beautiful designs, with extra chasings at greatly reduced prices.

A.—"Ah!" Said the Fair and Witty Adeline B—— on receiving a gage d'amour in the shape of half a dozen bottles of PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS from her betrothed, "I felt sure that Harry would send me this very present, and the present-i-ment has not proved a delusion."

At 389 Broadway, Messrs. Fowler & WELLS, Phrenologists, make examinations daily.

A.—Use the Best.—Bowden's Moth Destroying Packet. For sale by all druggists.

A Silent Sewing Machine.
WILLCOX & GIBBS, 508 Broadway.

A.—Celebrate Our National Victories with ZIMMERMANN & CO.'S Sparkling Catawba Wine. Depot 22 Duane street.

A.—Marsh's Truss Office, 322 Broadway, under Barnum's Museum. Shoulder Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings and Abdominal Belts, &c.

A.—"White's Patent Lever Truss"—Cures Rupture radically. No pressure on the back.
GREGORY & CO., 609 Broadway.

A Great Hit.—Solid Walnut Chamber Suits, of ten pieces, for $185 and $215 each, at MEEKS' cabinet furniture manufactory, 699 Broadway, and Nos. 3 and 5 West Fourth street, New York.

B. B. T.
The remarkable properties of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, and purely upon their own merits. They have found favor with those who, from Pulmonary, Bronchial or Asthmatic Complaints, require them. For Coughs and Colds they are efficacious.

Bunting, Flags, All Sizes, Printed Bunting Flags. JAMES TOFT, Flag Factory, 287 Hudson street.

Bashfulness.—How to Overcome It. See PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, Jan. No., 20c.
FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, New York.

Boys' All Wool Melton Suits at $9. I. V. BROKAW, 34 Fourth avenue, and 62 Lafayette place.

Batchelor's Hair Dye—The Best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous. The only perfect Dye. Factory 81 Barclay street.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints and all diseases of the feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, 760 Broadway.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean. Stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug stores and at my office, 1,123 Broadway.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Fine Gold Watch Chains, New Styles, from twenty-five and thirty to three hundred dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal street.

Gouraud's Italian Medicated Soap cures tan, pimples, freckles, eruptions, flesh worms, &c., at 453 Broadway, and druggists.

Hufeland's Cough Cure—Promptly breaks up and relieves coughs arising from colds &c. Depot 141 Chambers street. Sold by all druggists.

Highest Premium Lock Stitch Sewing Machine and Button Hole Machine.
WHEELER & WILSON, 625 Broadway, New York.

Health and Happiness.—A Circular Important to young men, mailed free of charge on addressing DR. POWERS, 61 Frankfort street.

Immense Prices Paid for Old Books,— 600,000 Books, Stereoscopic Pictures, on hand.
LEGGAT BROTHERS, 113 Nassau street.

Moth Antidote will Save Your Furs and Carpets from Moths. $1 per bag.
KITCHEN & WATTS, New York.

Trusses and Elastic Stockings.—Marsh & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Office still at No. 2 Vesey street, Astor House.

Thorne's Arnica and Chloroform Liniment cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, &c. Depot, 141 Chambers st. Sold by all druggists.

OUR LOSS.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

as was recommended by the President. It is said that this meeting was the most harmonious held for over two years, the President exhibiting throughout that magnanimity and kindness of heart which has ever characterized his treatment of the rebellious States, and which has been so illy requited on their part. One of the members of the Cabinet remarked to a friend he met at the door that "the government was to-day stronger than it has been for three years past."

WASHINGTON, April 15—12:30 P. M.

The condition of Secretary Seward remains unchanged. Fred. Seward is still insensible. The surgeons will not give an opinion as to the result of his wounds. The others wounded are doing well.

Vice President Johnson was sworn in at his rooms at the Kirkwood House a few minutes before eleven o'clock. He will probably issue a proclamation to the people in the course of a few hours.

A Cabinet meeting is now in session at the office of Secretary McCulloch, in the Treasury building. All business is suspended, and the people throng the streets, notwithstanding the rain which is falling from time to time. A number of parties have been arrested, and are held in custody for uttering disloyal language.

WASHINGTON, April 15—Midnight.

The city is now perfectly quiet, and the streets nearly deserted.

There is nothing new to report in regard to the condition of Secretary Seward, or of his son Frederick Seward. The physicians say, if no unfavorable symptoms are developed in the case of the latter within the next twenty-four hours, he will probably recover. The chances, however, are considered very much against him.

THE ASSASSINS.

THE REPORTED CAPTURE OF BOOTH.

WASHINGTON, April 15—12:00 P. M.

John Wilkes Booth, towards whom the evidence conclusively points as the assassin of the President, has been arrested near Baltimore, and will be placed for safe keeping on board a Monitor at the Navy Yard here, which will be anchored in the stream.

The indignation of the people is so intense that an attempt to confine him in any prison would lead to a sanguinary conflict between the people and the guard.

WASHINGTON, April 15—7:15 P. M.

Major General Augur, commanding the Department of Washington, has offered a reward of ten thousand dollars for the party or parties arresting the murderer of the President and the assassin of the Secretary of State and his son.

Entertaining the belief that an extensive conspiracy of desperadoes had been organized for murder on an extensive scale, various arrests have been made by the police and the police justices, and the several cases are undergoing examination.

Colonel Ingraham, Provost Marshal of the defences north of the Potomac, is engaged in taking testimony to-day—all of which fixes the assassination upon J. Wilkes Booth.

Judge Olin, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Justice Miller are also engaged to-day at the Police Headquarters, on Tenth street, in taking the testimony of a large number of witnesses.

Lieutenant Tyrell, of Colonel Ingraham's staff, last night proceeded to the National Hotel, where Booth had been stopping, and took possession of his trunk, in which were found a colonel's military dress coat, two pairs of handcuffs, two boxes of cartridges, and a package of letters, all of which are now in the possession of the military authorities.

One of these letters, bearing the date of Hookstown, Md., seems to implicate Booth. The writer speaks of "the mysterious affair in which you are engaged," and urges Booth to proceed to Richmond and ascertain the views of the authorities there upon the subject. The writer of the letter endeavors to persuade Booth from carrying his designs into execution at that time, for the reason, as the writer alleges, that the government had its suspicions aroused. The writer of the letter seems to have been implicated with Booth in "the mysterious affair" referred to, as he informs Booth in the letter that he would prefer to express his views verbally, and then goes on to say that he was out of money, had no clothes, and would be compelled to leave home, as his family were desirous that he should dissolve his connection with Booth. This letter is written on note paper, in a small, neat hand, and simply bears the signature of "Sam."

The assassin of President Lincoln left behind him his hat and a spur.

The hat was picked up in the President's box, and has been identified by parties to whom it has been shown as the one belonging to the suspected man, and accurately described as the one belonging to the suspected man by other parties not allowed to see it before describing it.

The spur was dropped upon the stage, and that also has been identified as the one procured at a stable where the same man hired a horse in the evening.

Two gentlemen who went to the Secretary of War to apprise him of the attack on Mr. Lincoln met at the residence of the former a man muffled in a cloak, who, when accosted by them, hastened away.

It had been Mr. Stanton's intention to accompany Mr. Lincoln to the theatre and occupy the same box, but the press of business prevented.

It therefore seems evident that the aim of the plotters was to paralyze the country by at once striking down the head, the heart and the arm of the country.

As soon as the dreadful events were announced in the streets Superintendent Richards and his assistants were at work to discover the assassin.

In a few moments the telegraph had aroused the whole police force of the city.

Mayor Wallach and several members of the city government were soon on the spot, and every precaution was taken to preserve order and quiet in the city.

Every street in Washington was patrolled.

At the request of Mr. Richards General Augur sent horses to mount the police.

Every road leading out of Washington was strongly picketed, and every possible avenue of escape was thoroughly guarded.

Steamboats about to depart down the Potomac were stopped.

As it is suspected that this conspiracy originated in Maryland, the telegraph flashed the mournful news to Baltimore, and all the cavalry was immediately put upon active duty. Every road was picketed, and every precaution taken to prevent the escape of the assassin. A preliminary examination was made by Mr. Richards and his assistants. Several persons were called to testify, and the evidence, as elicited before an informal tribunal, and not under oath, was conclusive to this point—the murderer of President Lincoln was *John Wilkes Booth*. His hat was found in the private box, and identified by several persons who had seen him within the last two days, and the spur which he dropped by accident, after he jumped to the stage, was identified as one of those which he had obtained from the stable where he hired his horse.

This man Booth has played more than once at Ford's theatre, and is of course acquainted with its exits and entrances, and the facility with which he escaped behind the scenes is easily understood.

The person who assassinated Secretary Seward left behind him a slouched hat and an old rusty navy revolver. The chambers were broken loose from the barrel, as if done by striking.

The loads were drawn from the chambers, one being but a rough piece of lead and the other balls, smaller than the chambers, wrapped in paper, as if to keep them from falling out.

The trunks of J. Wilkes Booth were seized last night. An examination of his papers by Attorney General Speed has discovered a letter to him in regard to the plot. From this letter it appears that the plot was to have been executed before the 4th of March, but for some reason not stated it was delayed until last night.

The letter which was discovered in Booth's trunk was dated at Hookerstown, Md., and signed "Sam." It refers to the attack as intended to be made upon the President and Cabinet on the 4th of March, and advises the postponement of the attack. The writer states that the government officers had become suspicious of such intended action, and it would, therefore, be imprudent to do anything in the matter now. The writer also advises Booth to go to Richmond and ascertain how such action would be regarded by the rebel government. From this it would appear that the rebel officials at that time were not cognizant of the atrocious plot.

Further disclosures in regard to the evidence obtained is withheld for the present. A Cabinet meeting takes place at noon to-day, to take such action as the immediate exigencies necessitate.

Among the circumstances tending to fix a participation in the crime on Booth were letters found in his trunk, one of which, apparently from a lady, supplicated him to desist from the perilous undertaking in which he was about to embark, as the time was inauspicious, the mine not yet being ready to be sprung.

It is rendered highly probable from the evidence obtained that the man who stabbed Mr. Seward and his sons is John Surratt, of Prince George county, Md. The horse he rode was hired at Naylor's stable, on Fourteenth street. Surratt is a young man, with light hair and goatee. His father is said to have been postmaster of Prince George county.

About eleven o'clock last night two men crossed the Anacostia bridge—one of whom gave his name as Booth and the other as Smith. The latter is believed to be John Surratt.

Last night a riderless horse was found, which has been identified by the proprietor of one of the stables previously mentioned as having been hired from his establishment.

Accounts are conflicting as to whether Booth crossed the bridge on horseback or on foot. But, as it is believed that he rode across it, it is presumed that he had exchanged his horse.

From information in the possession of the authorities it is evident that the scope of the plot was intended to be much more comprehensive.

The Vice President and other prominent members of the administration were particularly inquired for by suspected parties, and their precise localities accurately obtained, but, providentially in their cases, the scheme miscarried.

A boat was at once sent down the Potomac to notify the gunboats on the river of the awful crime, in order that all possible means should be taken for the arrest of the perpetrators.

The most ample precautions have been taken, and it is not believed that the culprits will long succeed in evading the overtaking arm of justice.

To-day no one is allowed to leave the city by rail conveyance or on foot, and the issuing of passes from the headquarters of the Department of Washington has been suspended by General Augur.

WASHINGTON, April 15—11:45 P. M.

Every hour brings to light additional circumstantial evidence pointing conclusively to parties who committed the diabolical deeds. Evidence sufficient has accumulated to implicate some six different persons in the plot, all of them from this section and Maryland. The letters and memorandum found in Booth's trunk reveal many astonishing facts, and show the preparations that he had made to accomplish the fiendish deed. Two pair of handcuffs and a gag were also found among his effects.

It seems that Booth had leased a stable in the alley in the rear of the theatre. He hired a horse from a livery stable in the afternoon, and took it to the alley, and hired a servant of the lady from whom he had leased the stable to watch the horse. All at once the horse disappeared, and the servant supposed that it had escaped. But it seems that the horse only left when Booth had mounted him.

Booth's mistress has attempted to commit suicide to-day. Several persons who met Booth yesterday were forcibly struck with his actions, and pale and excited countenance. An actress at Grover's theatre received an anonymous note yesterday, warning her not to sing the song, "Sherman's March to the Sea," last night, or any other patriotic airs. She did not know the handwriting, but he claimed to be her friend. She, however, sang the air, but no demonstration was made.

A large number of arrests have been made. Some of them have proved their innocence, and have been discharged; but a number are still in custody.

The rumors about the capture of Booth are contradictory, and it is impossible to ascertain positively whether he is in custody or not. The excitement is so great that it is essential that the fact of his arrest should be kept secret; for he would be seized by the populace and the ends of justice defeated. There is no prison in Washington in which his person would be safe if it were known that he was confined there.

Day before yesterday Booth called upon the treasurer of Grover's theatre (Mr. Hess), and asked him if he intended to illuminate that night. Mr. Hess replied that he should not until Friday night; he considered that the proper day. "Well," said Booth, "why don't you put on some new and exciting play for Friday evening, and invite the President and other officials, and get up a sensation?"

Thus circumstantial evidence might be related by the column in regard to his character, if necessary; but this is sufficient to show how conclusive the facts point to him, aside from the personal recognition of some dozen persons who saw him on the stage.

Mr. Suratt, of Maryland, is believed to be the man who visited Mr. Seward's house. The best data that can be obtained show that there were not over five or ten minutes difference between the time of the assault on the President and Mr. Seward, showing that it was not done by the same person.

Sketch of John Wilkes Booth, the Murderer of the President.

John Wilkes Booth, who is directly accused of the assassination of President Lincoln, is one of the sons of the celebrated English actor, Lucius Junius Booth, the contemporary and rival of Edmund Kean. The elder Booth came to this country as a star actor, and finally settled upon a farm near Baltimore, Maryland. His eccentric habits, strange extravagances and wasted life are familiar to most of our readers. By different wives the elder Booth had four sons, named, in the order of their ages, Junius Brutus, Edwin, John Wilkes and Joseph. The three oldest brothers adopted the stage as a profession. The younger studied medicine, and was last heard of somewhere in Georgia.

John Wilkes Booth was born in 1838, near Baltimore, in the same vicinity as the noted rebel Harry Gilmor. He was named after John Wilkes, a famous English tragedian. At the early age of sixteen he went upon the stage, and in 1856 made a regular *début* at Philadelphia. He inherits the well known Booth face and figure, and some of the dramatic talent of the family. After starring for a while in the provinces we find him, in 1859–'60, the leading actor at Montgomery, Alabama. There he was regarded as a trifle crazy. In 1860 he wounded himself in the foot with a pistol, and came North to recruit his health.

Soon after his arrival there, discovering that his brother Edwin was achieving a decided success, he determined upon a *début* in New York, and made his first appearance in this city at Wallack's old theatre—now the Broadway—which was then under the management of Miss Mary Provost. He opened in Richard the Third, playing very tamely till the fighting scene at the end of the drama, when he wielded his two handed sword with such vim and vigor as to astonish the audience. The stage combat has never been better performed. One evening, roused to intense excitement, he attacked Mr. E. L. Tilton, the Richmond of the occasion, so violently as to knock him into the orchestra, nearly breaking his arm. After two or three nights of Richard, young Booth played Shylock, and failed. The HERALD said of this performance that youth might be an excuse for his errors, but there was no excuse for presenting them to a metropolitan audience. The unnatural son, in Schiller's Robbers, was his third *rôle*, and, after acting it, he went to Boston, where he was better received.

When the present war began John Wilkes Booth avowed himself an ardent secessionist, and he always persisted in his disloyalty. So many actors shared his opinions, however, and expressed them almost as strongly, that his sentiments gave him no particular notoriety. His brothers Junius and Edwin were and are most decided Union men, and several quarrels have arisen between the brothers on account of these differences. They acted together, however, at the Winter Garden, on the 23d of November last, for the benefit of the Shakspere Monument Fund, and attracted one of the largest and most intellectual audiences ever assembled in any theatre. The play was Julius Cæsar, with Edwin Booth as Brutus, Junius Booth as Cassius and John Wilkes Booth as Marc Antony. As an actor John Wilkes could not compare with either of his brothers, although his resemblance to them in form, feature, voice and manner was remarkable. This was his last public appearance in this city.

Some months ago John Wilkes Booth ceased acting on account of a bronchial affection, and since then he is said to have accumulated considerable money by oil speculations in Western Virginia. Of late he has passed a large portion of his time in Washington, with which city and its theatres he was perfectly familiar. About eight or ten days ago he was in New York, drinking profusely. Rumor says that in his drunken moods he has often declared his intention to kill President Lincoln, and that

he often exhibited a nicked bullet, which, he said, was to do the deed. The truth of these statements may be ascertained by the police upon inquiry of his associates here; but it is certain that he talked in a wild, reckless way about the war, and that his sympathies were entirely with the rebels. Of this, we believe, he made no concealment, and it is reported that his brother Edwin turned him out of the house a short time ago in consequence of his treasonable utterances. Still no one who knew him was prepared to believe him a cowardly assassin.

In person John Wilkes Booth is a younger *facsimile* of Edwin. It is needless to say, then, that he is a rare specimen of manly beauty. Not tall, but most gracefully formed, with regular features, large dark eyes, dark brown hair and a perfect complexion, this young man possesses the charms of Adonis and almost the strength of Hercules. He dresses with exquisite taste, and his ordinary manner is quiet, reserved, dignified and gentlemanly. He is unmarried and much given to amours. It is said that he is an opium eater; but it is only certain that he frequently drank to excess. Although so slightly built, ninety-five men out of a hundred would be no match for him at fighting. He is a dead shot, a fine fencer, a thorough horseman, and a master of the dagger or bowie-knife. His personal bravery has been unquestioned, and many of his friends have wondered why he did not join the rebel army, in which his sympathies were already enlisted. If he was the assassin of President Lincoln he had the nerve, the skill with weapons, the knowledge of the exits and entrances of the theatre, and the acquaintance with the localities about Washington necessary to accomplish his villanous purpose. Nor were the nervous, excitable, flighty temperament, the unrestrained passions and the unbridled audacity requisite for the conception and execution of such a deed wanting in his composition. But his friends and acquaintances never thought that he had the murderous heart, the moral poltroonery and the inexpressible wickedness which stamp the assassin as the vilest of God's creatures.

The Booths in Boston.

Boston, April 15, 1865.

This forenoon a gentleman stated in Barton's saloon, No. 41 Congress street, that he had been told by John Wilkes Booth, within a few weeks, that he intended to kill the President. Some of his hearers immediately sent word to the police, and officer Curtis Trask, of the Second station, and detective George R. Curtis immediately proceeded to the saloon and took the person into custody. His name is J. H. Borland, and he belongs to Pittsburg, Penn. He is a dealer in boots and shoes, on Market street, in that city, and was in this city buying goods. We understand that he reports the conversation between Booth and himself to have taken place in Pittsburg. Borland remains in custody.

Edwin Booth, a brother of the assassin, has been playing an engagement at the Boston theatre for the past three weeks, and was to have taken his farewell this afternoon. He was stopping with a friend in this city. When the terrible intelligence was conveyed to him he was thrown into the greatest affliction. It is not likely that he will ever appear upon the stage again. The performance announced for to-day will not take place, and manager Jarrett has issued a notice to the effect that, owing to the appalling calamity which has befallen the nation, dramatic performances will be suspended at this establishment until further notice.

John Wilkes Booth, the assassin, was in this city during the latter part of last week, and, we believe, as late as last Monday of this week. He has frequently visited Boston, having friends here, and we did not hear that his visit on this occasion was in any way connected with business. He has appeared upon the stage only a few times this season, having interested himself in oil speculations, and by that means become quite wealthy. At the beginning of the season he gave up all the engagements he had already made, and for some time devoted himself almost exclusively to his business at Oil Creek, where, at one time, at least, he was associated with an old friend who formerly lived in South Boston. His last appearance on the stage in this city was at the Howard Athenæum, about a year since. At that time he was vehement and bitter in his denunciations of Mr. Lincoln and his administration, and so violent in his expressions of joy over every Union defeat that he was frequently cautioned, and at last avoided by his brother actors.

When he left the city he expressed his undying hatred of the North and the Union, and threw out some vague hints of vengeance, which were not regarded at the time as meaning anything more than a desire that the rebellion should succeed.

Junius Brutus Booth.

Cincinnati, April 15, 1865.

Junius Brutus Booth, a brother of J. Wilkes Booth, was announced to appear at Pike's Opera House to-night; but it is understood that he was compelled to leave the city in great haste.

MOURNING IN THE METROPOLIS

The Buildings Covered with Crape.

Fearful Excitement and Indignation of the People.

Meetings in Wall Street, Nassau Street and Other Places.

THE PLACES OF AMUSEMENT CLOSED.

SERVICES AT THE CHURCHES, &c., &c., &c.

Never was the transition from excessive joy to the depth of bitter sorrow more strikingly illustrated than it was in this city yesterday. By a singular inaptness of things, it so happened that on Good Friday, that solemn festival on which the Christian world mourns the sacrifice of the God-man on the cross, and when persons of nearly every Christian creed are engaged in saddening services commemorative of the event, our people found a very unusual motive for rejoicing. The cause for the jubilation was afforded by the suspension of the draft, by order of the Secretary of War. The entire community felt as if a great *incubus* had been removed. All classes experienced an irrepressible emotion of relief and delight, and retired to rest at night with a sensation of comfort and security unknown for months. Joy was on every face and hope in every heart.

On Saturday morning what a contrast! If an earthquake had come and whelmed in ruin one-half this fair city no greater consternation could have been exhibited. "President Lincoln dead!" "The President assassinated?" "My God, can it be?" were the expressions heard at every step in the streets, in the cars, and all over. The first emotions were so overpowering that little else could be uttered than such brief, but expressive and comprehensive exclamations of horror and anguish. Then followed a momentary flash of doubt. It might not be true, it might be a hoax, or it might not be so bad as represented. But no, the details were too minute and the confirmations too numerous to admit of any doubt on the subject, and the full realization of the dreadful event followed with a force that completely stunned.

The best evidence of the profound grief exhibited will be found in the full accounts which we supply of the numerous meetings, speeches, excitements and other proceedings that occurred during the day. It is enough to state that the community was agitated to its very centre. A few hours after the announcement of the President's death the entire city was in mourning. Business was suspended, stores, private houses, hotels and public buildings were clothed in the symbols of woe, while flags floated at half-mast, in painful contrast to the gay and proud appearance of the national banners on the day preceding.

PROCLAMATIONS OF MAYOR GUNTHER.

At an early hour in the forenoon Mayor Gunther issued the following proclamations:—

Mayor's Office, New York, April 15, 1865.

Citizens of New York—The death of the President of the United States may well excite your profound grief and amazement. I respectfully recommend that business be suspended, and that a public mourning for the departed Chief Magistrate be observed throughout the city.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, New York, April 15, 1865.

To the Honorable the Common Council:—

Gentlemen—Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States, is dead. With inexpressible horror I announce to you this event, coupled, as it was, with violence. Just at the moment when peace began to dawn over an afflicted land the dreadful blow fell on him on whom its destinies seemed to depend.

Your honorable body, I am sure, will take appropriate action, in view of this awful dispensation, to signify those sentiments of public respect and grief, due alike to the exalted station and fearful death of the Chief Magistrate of the United States, which now pervades our whole people, and have plunged them in universal distress and misery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

ORDER FROM MAJOR GENERAL PECK—HALF HOUR GUNS TO BE FIRED.

Major General Peck, in command of the Department of the East during the absence of General Dix, issued the following appropriate order:—

General Orders—No. 29.
Headquarters, Department of the East,
New York City, April 15, 1865.

The Major General in command, with the deepest sorrow announces to the department that Abraham Lincoln, President and Commander-in-Chief of the Armies and Navy of the United States, died this morning at twenty minutes past seven. Commanding officers of the different posts and camps in this department will, on the day following the receipt of this order, cause a gun to be fired at every half hour, beginning at sunrise and ending at sunset. The flags will be kept at half staff from sunrise to sunset each day until after the termination of the funeral obsequies at the capital, or until further instructions.

By command of Major General PECK.
D. T. Van Buren, Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General.
Official.
Wilson Barstow, Aid-de-Camp.

CLARENCE H. SEWARD NOT WOUNDED.

In the morning papers yesterday Mr. Clarence H. Seward, nephew of the Secretary of State, was reported to be among those injured by the assassins. It turns out that he was not in Washington at the time at all, and that Major William Seward is the one who was meant. Mr. Clarence H. Seward had just returned from Washington to this city, where the horrible news was learned by him for the first time. He returned immediately to the national capital by the eleven o'clock morning train.

LETTER FROM FREDERICK W. SEWARD.

Probably the last letter written by Mr. Frederick W. Seward was received this afternoon by Mr. George Francis Train. Mr. Seward writes under date of Washington, April 14:—

I thank you sincerely for the kind expression of sympathy contained in your letter of yesterday. My father's condition, we think, is now gradually improving from day to day, though he still suffers much pain.

THE CITY IN MOURNING.

The intense feeling of grief among the people at the untimely demise of the President was amply reflected in the robes of death which darkened every thoroughfare of this city yesterday. The spectacle presented was worth a thousand homilies on affliction and death. New York, which had countless banners waving in the sunlight of Good Friday—whose citizens were holding a peerless carnival over the trophies which signalled the restoration of peace and Union—cast off these signals of triumph and prepared to become a city of mourning.

The transition was as sudden as the assassination which called it forth. Within twenty-four hours the metropolis, renowned for its eternal converse, fashion and gaiety, its array of ensigns and its general panorama of cosmopolitan life, seemed like a vast cemetery which held a million of pallbearers.

One of the principal features of the display was the rapidity with which it appeared. There was no preconcerted action among the community; each citizen felt, by instinct, his duty to the occasion, and the crape, sable cloth and other materials of mourning, went up as if by magic, and was seen suspended in festoons from the stores and windows of every house.

Never has a city presented more striking evidence of its sorrow. The silent hundreds of thousands who marched, with downcast heads and sad countenances through the streets seemed apparently content that the black and omnipresent drapery should reveal their grief. They walked through the city with the mien of men who wander through a graveyard, and many in the vast multitudes searched vainly for dissenters from the general grief, or those who might possibly speak flippantly of the murder of their chieftain, in order to vent a whirlwind of wrath which a disrespectful or treasonable expression might create.

THE SCENE ON BROADWAY.

The mournful spectacle which our leading street exhibited cannot be fully described. Its noble buildings, from the Battery to Madison square, were shrouded in crape. The citizens seemed to vie with each other in the sombre character of the ornamentation. Sable festoons were suspended from store to roof, and every window wore chains of crape. Rosettes of black, with portraits of the late President enclosed in wreaths of mourning, were ubiquitous. The character of the decorations was essentially similar, for the tokens of death admit of little fancy and art. Hence the general spectacle was gloomy, monotonous and painful. There was nothing to relieve it. Even the sky, charged with a rain storm, looked as black as the mortuary exhibition it canopied. In several instances suitable inscriptions appeared in connection with the display.

In front of Anson's photographic gallery, No. 589 Broadway, a banner was placed bearing the following inscription:—

"Weep, generous nation! weep the sad, swift remove of him whom Heaven, indulgent, sent to man. Too good for earth, to heaven art thou fled, and left the nation in tears."

Across the front of the Sewell House was the following inscription:—

"He died at his post doing duty."

Immediately under this was a portrait of the lamented dead, shrouded in crape.

THE BOWERY.

Along the Bowery and Third avenue to Harlem an almost continuous chain of mourning was exhibited from the various buildings. Portraits of the President, with the sentence, "We mourn our loss," varied the display, which was throughout solemn, effective and in character with the sad occasion.

THE SQUARES AND AVENUES.

In Madison Square, Gramercy Park and other thoroughfares, almost every house was draped in mourning. The windows of the mansions in Fifth and other avenues were decorated with festoons of crape, and the flags were shrouded and at half-mast.

THE NEWSPAPER OFFICES.

Immediately after the news of the death of Mr. Lincoln was received the Herald Office was shrouded in a continuous chain of crape, every window, from the roof to the office, bearing the habiliments of woe.

The offices of the other journals were also decorated with sable in token of the event.

THE RAILROAD CARS.

The miniature flags on all the cars of the city railroads were removed in the morning, and mourning substituted for them. In many instances the vehicles were completely veiled in black cloth.

CRAPE TO BE WORN FOR THIRTY DAYS.

Collector Draper has issued the following:—

Custom House, New York,
Collector's Office, April 15, 1865.

To all persons attached to the Customs Department of the District of New York—

Sirs—Anticipating your proposed resolution in such regard, I hereby announce to you that it will be in order to wear crape on the left arm for thirty days next succeeding this date, as an emblem of honor and respect to our departed President.

S. DRAPER, Collector.

MOURNING BADGES.

Almost immediately on the receipt of the mournful intelligence of the President's death symbols of mourning were in request. Black crape and ribbon, inter- [illegible]

THE SCENES IN THE HOTELS.

[illegible]

THE POST OFFICE.

[illegible] victories, which were not removed but covered over with the mute emblems of a nation's sorrow. In the carriers' room heavily drooped the flag, clothed in the sable hue of death to mourn the loss of the nation's chief, which only the day before was raised by the employes in that department to honor the victories of the Union army, of which the lamented dead was the head—fit symbol of the words, "In the midst of life we are in death." In the rotunda the marble bust of the late President was covered with mourning, which fell in heavy folds to the ground.

During the day each of the employes wore a badge of mourning on his left arm, the Postmaster having given each person employed one for that purpose. It needed no badge to show the regret of the Post Office employes for the melancholy occurrence. The sorrow and grief visible on each countenance sufficiently testified that if they could not claim to feel the nation's loss more acutely than any other classes they felt it at least as much.

THE SHIPPING.

The shipping in the harbor seemed to share in the general gloom and depression. Along the shores the flags of the various foreign vessels at half mast mingled with the national banner, as if all Christendom sympathized with the United States in mourning the death of its Chief Magistrate. The United States steamship Susquehanna and the vessels anchored in the stream lay motionless, their flags drooping sadly and silently at half-mast. The Brooklyn and Staten Island ferry-boats had their flags displayed in like manner. Even the tugs seemed to have lost their jaunty, saucy manner, the few moving about doing so sullenly and sluggishly.

REMARKABLE INCIDENTS.

One need to have travelled but a short distance in any of the public thoroughfares yesterday to discover the hold which the murdered chieftain of the republic had on the popular heart. The multitude deplored him in the various modes which their respective natures and sensitiveness suggested. There were not, however, wanting stalworth men, of all ages, unused to the melting mood, who shed tears as they contemplated his brutal assassination and the consequences which the murderer designed to result from the cowardly act. With some the desire for vengeance was uppermost; others viewed the deplorable event with the calmness of intense grief, and all seemed desirous that time should roll on with unusual speed to lift them out of the period rife with the notes of these extraordinary obsequies. Even Eastertide, when the joys of Christmas are duplicated, was forgotten. The Greeks saluted each other on one Easter morn with the sentence, "Byron's dead," instead of "Christ is risen;" and our community yesterday, when laboring under the shock which the murder created, imitated their example, and hailed each other with the announcement, "President Lincoln is dead!" Then came an outburst of indignant lamentation. The people, like the Roman populace around the corpse of Cæsar, wandered to and fro for orators to enlighten them on the death of their Chief Magistrate, and deliver panegyrics to his memory. The merciful nature of Mr. Lincoln, his leniency, his affable nature, and his last great act, in which he voluntarily parted with unnecessary military power, by abolishing, at one fell swoop, the burthensome machinery of provost marshalship in all the loyal States, and its attendant incubus, the draft, were recalled to remembrance, like the boon of Cæsar after his assassination; and the scenes which followed showed "he was loved of the distracted multitude." But there were men in every concourse who were practical in the midst of their sorrow, and who looked beyond the narrow limits of death, and contemplated the immediate necessities of the republic. These counselled their hearers everywhere to transfer their support from the dead chieftain to the living President, whom the constitution ordained to be his successor, and the sentiment elicited unreserved approval.

THE EXCITEMENT IN WALL STREET AND AT THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

From an early hour the greatest excitement prevailed in Wall street, and the national calamity was on the lips of every person, young and old; on every corner could be seen groups of people discussing the unparalleled misfortune which the country had sustained in the loss of its Chief Magistrate, Abraham Lincoln.

The Sub-Treasury was closed from about noon. No business was transacted in the early part of the day except the payment of drafts. The doors and windows were draped in mourning, as was also a portrait of the late President in the Treasurer's room. In the Custom House business was entirely suspended, and the sad and mournful looks of the employes throughout the building betokened the misfortune which has befallen the country. Business was completely suspended in the street, and the fronts of the principal buildings were covered with mourning. The excitement could not have been greater under any circumstances. The hanging of Jeff. Davis and all the leaders of the rebellion was discussed on every side. "What!" said some people, "shall Abraham Lincoln be murdered and such a wretch as Davis be allowed to escape!" "Never, never!" said a hundred voices within hearing. As regards the feeling that existed amongst the people in relation to the leaders of the rebellion, there was but one opinion, and that was "show them no leniency, but hang them all."

A SCENE.

Just before the speaking had commenced at the Custom House, a man was heard to say "It served old Abe right," when immediately he was set upon, and the cry raised, "Lynch him! lynch him!"

The unfortunate man succeeded in rushing inside the broker's office of Vermilye & Co., No. 44 Wall street, where a number of policemen came to his rescue and the crowd was prevented from following him. An immense concourse of people, mad with rage, and worked up to the highest pitch of excitement, congregated outside the building and threatened to tear it to the ground if the traitor was not given over to their tender mercies. Policemen drew their batons and endeavored to beat back the crowd, but to no purpose, and the consequences might have been fearful had not the mob been somewhat appeased by a speech from Moses H. Grinnell, Esq., who eloquently exhorted them to keep the peace. A strict watch, however, was kept the entire day over the premises, and we are not in a position to state whether the miserable man succeeded in effecting an escape.

NEARLY LYNCHED.

Just after the Wall street meeting had closed, two or three policemen were seen coming up the street dragging with them a man whose limbs shook beneath him. "What is it?" "Who is it?" asked the crowd, breathless with excitement. "Secesh," was the answer rapidly passed from mouth to mouth. That word was enough. In two minutes a dense, excited throng surrounded the policemen and their prisoner, and hoarse shouts of "Hang him!" "Kill him!" "Hang the b—— up!" were raised at every step. The numbers and vehemence of the mob increased. Explanations were neither asked nor refused. A thirst for vengeance seemed to have taken possession of every soul. It was felt that some one ought to be hanged, and there was a disposition to begin upon the first available person. As the officers turned down Broad street towards the First precinct police station, the murmurs of the crowd rose thicker and fiercer. Just beyond the station house a scaffold pole ominously presented itself, and the prisoner's face, already blanched with terror, turned whiter as he saw the crowd pressing forwards in that direction. Fortunately for him the police station intervened between him and this suggestive object. By a dexterous movement he was pushed inside the door just as the crowd closed in for a final rush. Never was captive more willingly secured. Missiles were thrown at the police, and for some time afterwards an excited throng surrounded the station. It appears that the man, who gives his name as Jas. McKenzie, is a resident of Williamsburg, and was standing in front of the Post Office, when he recognized a friend passing by, and said to him, "Did you hear of Abe's last joke." The remark was overheard by some persons standing by, who immediately raised the cry of "secessionist;" and had it not been for patrolmen Alexander Stewart and J. S. Walling, who were detailed for special duty at the Post Office, the unfortunate man would have been immediately lynched. As it was, he was badly beaten about the head, and when our reporter left him was suffering very acutely.

MEETING AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

SPEECHES BY GENERAL BUTLER, HON. DANIEL S. DICKINSON, EX-GOVERNOR KING, GENERAL PECK, GENERAL GARFIELD, OF OHIO; HON. MR. FESSENDEN, OF MAINE; MOSES H. GRINNELL, HON. MR. ODELL, L. E. CHITTENDEN AND OTHERS, ETC.

At about twelve o'clock an immense meeting assembled at the Custom House in Wall street. In point of numbers it was one of the largest assemblages ever held in that vicinity. There were not less than from twenty to thirty thousand persons present around the various streets and avenues in the neighborhood.

Samuel Sloan, Esq., called the meeting to order, when Prosper M. Wetmore came forward on the balcony, and nominated the following officers for the meeting:—

Simeon Draper, President; Hon. John A. King, Moses Taylor, Esq., Moses H. Grinnell, Esq., Vice Presidents; Henry M. Taber, S. B. Chittenden, Secretaries.

General Wetmore said:—A great calamity had befallen this nation. We meet under the shadow of sorrow and misfortune to the people. The President of the United States, eminent for his goodness, unspotted in his character, has fallen by the hands of an assassin. The people mourn his death as a loss to the nation. I am requested to submit for your consideration the following resolutions:—

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to take from us Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States, by a sudden and awful visitation; and by this great calamity befalling us in the hour of our national triumph, we are warned by the uncertainty of all human affairs and our absolute dependence for our safety and protection as a nation upon the mercy and wisdom of Divine Providence; therefore

Resolved, That in this hour of our deep affliction we humbly implore that the Divine protection and support vouchsafed to us as a nation hitherto, which has borne us through years of bitter trial and brought us safely through the storms of war to victory and the prospect of peace, will not now be withdrawn from us, but that, having taken from us the chosen and beloved chief magistrate who has so earnestly and faithfully and wisely labored and toiled in the behalf of this people, God will in His mercy enlighten, guide and strengthen His servants upon whom devolves the authority of the government, so that they may wisely and justly administer the power confided to them.

Resolved, That while we bow in submission to the mysterious dispensation which thus afflicts us, as men and citizens, we must express the anguish and grief which fill our hearts; that the death of Abraham Lincoln is a calamity not to this nation alone, but to the civilized world.

Resolved, That while in his personal character exhibiting the kindliest and most generous nature, he in his public career manifested and illustrated in the highest degree the capacity of free institutions to inspire and develop true greatness of character. That his services to the nation through all the years of trial and danger, his unwavering devotion, his high courage and enduring hope have endeared him forever to the hearts of the people, and in their memories as in history he will be recorded as the first patriot of the age. Alas! that he should be also the most distinguished martyr in the sacred cause of liberty.

Resolved, That as by the last acts of his life the President proved that kindness, charity and a spirit of conciliation towards the [illegible] enemies of the republic animated him and dictated his [illegible], we believe that we best honor his memory by [illegible] his spirit and example [illegible] restoration of peace and harmony in the land.

Resolved, That to the bereaved [illegible] and children of the lamented dead we tender our deep [illegible] and heartfelt sympathies, but can offer no better consolation than the assurance that the whole people weep with them and feel the loss to be irreparable.

Resolved, That we tender to the officer upon whom, by this sad calamity, the executive authority devolves, our sympathy in the trying position in which he is placed, and the assurance of our cordial and unwavering support in the measures which, guided by Divine wisdom, he may adopt for the speedy accomplishment of the great objects for which his lamented predecessor labored and died.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the citizens to close all places of business to-day as early as practicable, and that they remain closed until after the burial of the deceased President.

Resolved, That it be requested that all places of public amusement be closed for this evening, and that the question of the further closing of all such sources of pleasure be referred to the sympathy, loyalty and reverence of the managers.

Resolved, That a committee of thirteen citizens of New York be sent to Washington to attend the funeral of the President, and to tender such aid and sympathy to the government as may be needful and proper, and that said committee consist of the following gentlemen:—Moses Taylor, Jonathan Sturges, William E. Dodge, Hamilton Fish, Moses H. Grinnell, William M. Evarts, Charles H. Russell, Edwards Pierrepont, Samuel Sloan, John J. Astor, Jr., F. B. Cutting, R. M. Blatchford, Charles H. Marshall.

The resolutions were adopted by acclamation.

Rev. Dr. Vermilyea, in an exceedingly earnest and fervent prayer, invoked the blessings of the Almighty upon the people of the United States in this hour of calamity, and asked the blessing of Heaven upon the Vice President, now President of the United States, that he may be guided in the duties now devolving upon him as Chief Magistrate by that wisdom which had so eminently characterized his predecessor.

SPEECH OF EX-GOVERNOR KING.

Ex-Governor King was the first speaker introduced to the meeting by the chairman, who said:—

It is a melancholy task—it is a sad thing to stand before you here to-day. This great concourse of people have assembled here as if by one will, one mind, to express their sorrow and grief at the great loss which we all who love our country have this day sustained. A blow has been struck at the foremost man of the land, by the hands of a deadly assassin, which will be felt throughout the land by all patriotic and Union loving citizens as a personal one, for Abraham Lincoln had enshrined himself in the hearts of the American people as an honest, good, kind-hearted man, a proud type of the American people. (Applause.) The animating desire that filled his heart was to perform simply his duty and to do that duty well. It has been our glorious lot to crown our standard with glory and victory; and now it is our mournful lot, in the hour of victory, to deplore the loss of our chief ruler. It is a fearful thing to have our joy turned to grief.

SPEECH OF EX-JUDGE PIERREPONT.

He said:—Fellow citizens, the American people are a people who never despair. I see it in this sudden calamity to-day; I have seen it in every step of this cruel war, and in what is now to happen, that the great wisdom of the American people is always equal to any emergency. Our duty now is, after paying that tribute to the noble man who has fallen, to rally and stand by those who are left to represent the government. (Great applause.) Fellow citizens, the American people will rally, and another week will not have passed away before you will feel as firm, as confident, as determined, and as resolute to put down this rebellion as before this sad thing happened. (Applause.) Rally to the support of the government that is left; rally to the support of the Vice President, who is now President. (Applause.) Enlist your sympathies for him who will now have to carry on the government, and we can carry on this government to success. Support him, stand by him, rally around him, and be determined that this blow of our enemies shall not paralyze the power of the government, and you will find it growing stronger every day you live. (Great applause.) This great calamity which has befallen us we cannot understand. God is wiser than us all. For some great and good end the great Ruler of the Universe has permitted this great calamity to happen. If we act wisely, if we confide in Him who has control over us, it will work together for our good. (Applause—and cries for "Butler, Butler.")

SPEECH OF GENERAL BUTLER.

General Butler, then coming forward, was greeted with cheers and spoke as follows:—

But a day or two since the people assembled together to express their joy at the triumph and success of the arms of the republic, which opened to us the prospect of a glorious peace and a happy country in the future. The flags, now the tokens of mourning, were raised in gladness. To-day, in a short hour, we assemble to mingle our grief with the loved ones at home who mourn the loss of the honest man, the incorruptible patriot, the great statesman, the saviour of his country in this crisis, Abraham Lincoln (applause), cut down by the hand of an assassin; and while we look with reverence up to God, who rules thus for our good, and mingle our tears with the nation in this hour of sadness, yet there is a sterner and nobler duty to perform, and that is to see that his death is not lost to the country. Rebellions in other countries have almost always been commenced by the assassin's dagger. It is left to us to exhibit the spectacle of a rebellion crushed in its body, in its strength and blood, reviving itself by assassination and death. [illegible] characterized its birth it has struck down the most forgiving, the most lenient, the most gracious friend that the misguided men of the rebellion ever had in this country. (Applause.) If rebellion can do this to the wise, the kind, the benevolent Abraham Lincoln, what ought we to do to those who from high places incited the assassin's mind and guided the assassin's knife? (Applause, and cries of "Hang them!") Shall we content ourselves with simply crushing out the strength, the power, the material resources of the rebellion? ("Never, never.") Shall we leave it yet unsubdued to light the torch of conflagration in our cities? Are we to have peace in fact or peace only in name? (Cries of "In fact" and applause.) Is this nation hereafter to live in peace, or are men to go about in fear and in dread, as in some of the countries of the Old World, in times past, when every man feared his neighbor, and no man went about except he was armed to the teeth, or was clad in panoply of steel? This question is to be decided this day, and at this hour, by the American people. It may be that this is a dispensation of God, through his providence, to teach us that the spirit of rebellion has not been broken with the surrender of its arms. (Applause.) My friends, echoing the words of the last speaker, I would say be of good cheer. There is no occasion for despondency. A great and good man has fallen in the fulness of his fame, in the height of his glory, to join the sages and the patriots of the Revolution. His life was saved four years ago when we needed it—when he went through Baltimore unscathed—when the waves of rebellion were beating against him. Then he was spared to his country; but now that his work is done it remains for us to do that which is left for us to do in the same direction. He has subdued the life and the strength of the rebellion; it is for us to take care of the soul. (Applause.) I am glad to speak here and say to you what I know to be the sentiment of the new President of the United States, who has succeeded Abraham Lincoln, by the dispensation of Providence, to the highest place on earth. I know that Andrew Johnson feels as you and I do upon the subject of putting down the rebellion. He has had a nearer view of it than we have. It has been at his hearthstone and at his door, and he is able to deal with it, and as we would have it dealt with. (Applause.) It is said that those who recommend condign punishment for treason are bloodthirsty. But oh, fellow citizens, could he who has gone before us have foreseen what would have been the end of his policy of clemency and forgiveness, it might not have checked the desire of his heart in that direction, but it would have informed his judgment, and we would have been spared his death this day and hour. If he could have foreseen that forgiveness meant assassination—that clemency meant death; if he could have foreseen that the devilish spirit of rebellion would have gone into the sick room and stricken down the man whom God had spared a little longer, he would have known that mildness and clemency to traitors is cruelty to thousands. But now he has gone from us—the first victim of this clemency—with the words of forgiveness upon his lips even as he died. It is left for us to review his course and see whether or not we are to be instructed by his death; and therefore I say to you, my friends—not in a spirit of revenge, not in a spirit of vindictiveness, not in any spirit of blood thirstiness—no, God forbid—should we demand punishment upon those who have caused this great wrong. (Applause.) The nation demands it. The widowed wives of thousands of our brave soldiers sleeping their last sleep upon a Southern soil cry out for it. The insulted majesty of the nation is determined upon it, and woe be to him that obstructs the path of justice and the execution of the law. (Applause.)

SPEECH OF HON. DANIEL S. DICKINSON.

He said:—This wicked rebellion, finding it could not accomplish the death of this nation, has wreaked its vengeance upon our Chief Magistrate. In all the history of men—in all the history of nations, ancient and modern, in the French Revolution or elsewhere—you can find nothing equal to this atrocity and abomination. The only criticism that has ever been passed upon that great and good man is that he had been too lenient, too forgiving in spirit, too moderate against rebellion. The assassin, not at midnight, but in the midst of a popular assemblage, has drawn his weapon against the life of the President; and more cowardly, more atrocious, more damnable is the assassination of the Secretary of State, who was lying almost upon his dying bed. It required the spirit of this rebellion—it required slavery in its last expiring breath, to do this. (Applause.) I but repeat now what I said I saw long since, that this thing is to be hunted out like a ferocious beast. If there is any one thing in my humility that I thank God for more than another, it is that I have never winked about hewing it down. (Applause.) Let our amnesty extend to faithful men. (Cheers.) Let amnesty embrace all whose hearts are alive to-day with love of the Union; but let us march on together with a determination to dig out, root and branch, this accursed rebellion and burn up the seeds. ("Amen!" and cheers.) I tell you I will never slumber nor sleep until everything belonging to this rebellion is forever crushed. (Applause.) I spent the best years of my life in endeavoring to reconcile the differences between the North and the South, but I saw in this rebellion a determination that would not be conciliated—and I say now that these rebels and murderers must be hunted from the abodes of men. (Applause.) The great sentiment inculcated by the rebellion has been to destroy this great nation, and now it has culminated in the assassination of the President of the United States and of the Secretary of State. The veil has been torn off the face of this infernal slave rebellion, and it stands forth in all its hideous deformity. I had hoped that its dying days would be calm and tranquil. I call upon every man with a loyal heart, whether North, South, East or West, be he old or young, be he of one political organization or another, whatever his previous opinions may have been, to stand firm and unwavering in their attachment to the Union. The time has come when the people will take this matter into their hands in all their power and majesty, until the last of this rebellion shall be a thing passed forever. (Applause.)

SPEECH OF GENERAL PECK.

Major General Peck next addressed the meeting. He said he felt it to be his duty, in the absence of General Dix, to come here and say that every officer connected with the Department of the East was ready to unite in any token of respect to the memory of our lamented President. He believed that he would rank in history as a second Washington—(applause)—honest in every act of his public life, honest to the constitution. Since the days of Washington not a tithe of the responsibility has devolved upon any President, during his four years' term, that has devolved upon Lincoln's administration in one week. (Applause.) He has conducted us safely through our foreign and domestic complications and difficulties, and I believe that before the 4th of July next he would have successfully brought about a lasting peace if his life had been spared.

SPEECH OF MOSES H. GRINNELL.

He said:—My fellow citizens, my heart is full of grief in view of the sad event which has occurred to this nation. It seems but yesterday when we assembled here for the purpose of expressing our joy at the glorious result that had followed our arms, and now we have assembled to show our sorrow in the loss of one to whom was so universally accorded the qualities of integrity and wisdom that were so needed at the present hour in our country's history. In his judgment he thought it proper that a committee should be appointed from this meeting to participate with the national and State authorities in such arrangements as should be made for the funeral services. He would therefore propose that twenty-five gentlemen be named by the Chair as composing that committee, to be named hereafter.

SPEECH OF GENERAL GARFIELD, OF OHIO.

General Garfield said:—The night before my departure from Washington it was my privilege to witness the illumination of which you have heard, which expressed the joy of this great nation as it was never expressed before, in view of the great victories that had crowned our arms; and then came this terrible contrast in the news which reached me upon arriving in this city. It seems as though the rebellion by this last act of frightful madness, at the moment when the people were rejoicing at having reached the haven of peace at last, had determined that the President of the republic should go to join the army of the dead who have laid down their lives on the battle field. (Applause.) But, fellow citizens, they have slain the noblest and most generous spirit that ever put down a rebellion on this earth. (Applause.) It may be almost impious to say it; but it does seem to me that his death almost parallels that of the Son of God, who cried out "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do." But in taking away that life they have left the iron hand of the people to fall upon them. (Great applause.) Peace, forgiveness and mercy are the attributes of this government, but Justice and Judgment with inexorable tread follow behind, and when they have slain love when they have despised mercy, when they have rejected those that would be their best friends, then comes justice with hoodwinked eyes and the sword. (Applause.) From every gaping wound of our dead chief—from every wound of your dying Secretary of State and his son let the voice go up to this people to see to it that our house is swept and garnished. I will say one thing more. For more revenge I would do nothing. This nation is too great to look for more revenge; but for the security of the future I would do everything. (Applause.) Our honored dead, if they could look down upon this scene, would say to you, "We have committed to you the high and holy charge that we shall not have lived in vain." I do not believe it is in the character of the American people to become assassins, like the people of France and Italy. (Applause, and cries of "Never.") I do not believe that General Lee and his officers could have sanctioned this act; but if they do—oh! if they do—let them feel the red lightnings of the people's vengeance. (Applause.) I will not detain you, fellow citizens. (Cries of "Go on—go on.") My heart is too full. I had an interview only yesterday with one member of the Cabinet, and almost the last words he said to me were:—"I love our President more and more every day I see him; there is no point of rebellion that he does not understand, and which he does not seem to have considered with all the earnestness of his spirit; I believe he has thought more deeply than any other American citizen upon the subject of this war." But he is gone from among us; but though dead he is your President and mine to-day. (Applause.)

SPEECH OF L. E. CHITTENDEN.

Mr. Chittenden said:—Is there in all this vast continent to-day one heart that is not full of grief? Our friends by thousands, tens of thousands and hundreds of thousands have been laid in their graves to save this country, and now last night that man who in American history shall stand next to Washington was offered as a sacrifice upon the altar of our country. The speaker continued at some length in an eloquent strain, and in conclusion said that the men who had starved our prisoners should not escape the punishment of their crimes. He vowed in his heart that as a citizen of this glorious nation he would not rest his feet till the men who have brought this great grief upon us have received their just punishment. (Applause.)

General Walbridge read the resolutions adopted at the Produce Exchange, which were unanimously adopted.

SPEECH OF HON. MR. ODELL.

He said:—We are here to-day with hearts filled with grief, because the rebellion has struck down the man that has put down the rebellion. (Applause.) I deeply sympathise with the men I see before me, and as I have seen the tears stealing down the cheeks of the banker, the mechanic, of the old and young, at the nation's loss, my own eyes have overflowed, with yours, with grief. We all feel personally that we have lost a friend. During the four years past [illegible] with him whom we now mourn as dead. He was, indeed, a patriot and lover of his country—(applause)—and in midnight hours he watched with anxious solicitude over the interests of this great nation. I would not say one word to excite an undue spirit of vengeance; but I say to you that the spirit that has swept down the President and Secretary of State is the foul spirit that developed itself when this war began. (Applause.) It is the same spirit, whether the work of one man or the result of the combination of five men, one hundred or a thousand that insulted our flag, and the same spirit exhibited by the rebel army at the memorable battle of Bull run, when they buried our soldiers with their faces downward, and which has been shown by the organized system of starvation to which they have subjected our soldiers in Southern prisons—the same spirit which has now culminated in assassinating him who ruled over this nation of ours.

SPEECH OF HON. WM. P. FESSENDEN, OF MAINE.

He said it was his fortune to be a member of the thirty-seventh Congress, and he had the honor of being acquainted with the President of the United States, whose loss we now mourn. He knew him but to love and admire him. One day that we stood together on the steps of the office of the Secretary of State, seeing him look weary, I said to him, "Mr. President, the people of the United States are praying that God would spare your life to see the end of this rebellion." Said he, "Mr. Fessenden, it may be that I shall not live to see it, and sometimes I think I shall not; but if I were taken away there are those who would perform my duties better." It was but yesterday we were rejoicing because he was permitted to see the end of the rebellion. It was a saying of the ancients that you cannot say that a man's life has been glorious until you see how he died. We have seen to-day how Abraham Lincoln has died. Let us pray to God that He spare our lives, and let us swear on the altar of our country that the war be prosecuted to the end, until every traitor is punished. We will hang Jeff. Davis. (Loud cries of "Good," "Good," and applause.) There is one solemn duty yet to be performed by this vast assemblage, which it is proper should be done, and which is carried forth in the resolution which I will now read—

Resolved, That this meeting, in view of the nation's bereavement in the death of Abraham Lincoln, do recommend to the citizens of New York that they wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The meeting was then adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

MEETING IN NASSAU STREET.

ADDRESS OF GENERAL BURNSIDE.

At three o'clock General Burnside was noticed by a large concourse who assembled in front of the Post Office, and he was immediately surrounded and called on for a speech. In response the General addressed the crowd from the steps of one of the buildings. He said:—I feel too much grieved, my friends, to express any lengthy remarks on this sad occasion. I am too much overcome by my own feelings to do justice to the memory of our late good and talented President, and I will not attempt the task. It is our duty and the duty of the country now to support his successor, Andrew Johnson—(applause)—and I am glad to be able to say that he is worthy of the support of the people. I have had abundant opportunities to know his character; for I have been in consultation with him at all hours of the day and night, when I had charge of the Department of Ohio; and I have been enabled to discern his course minutely on all matters which required his judgment and attention. Having had these opportunities, I can say to you that he has acted at all times with ability, zeal and discretion. I tell you, gentlemen, that I have never known him to take a drop of liquor, and I have never seen him under its influence. If it were otherwise I would have discovered it, for I have been continually with him. There were moments when I could have, if possible, read the thoughts of his soul; and I can truly say, after having enjoyed the most intimate relations with him, that he is worthy of your confidence. I believe the indiscretion with which he was charged on the 4th of March can be explained away. Let him who is without sin cast a stone at him. Let the nation then support him as their President. (Applause.) It becomes the duty of all of us. Let us stand by him, and strengthen his hands and the hands of the government. My friends, conduct yourselves as becomes the day. Let not the wrong you and the nation have suffered impel you to commit violence of any kind on any one. If there are men living among us who are enemies to the government, or who have proved faithless in the hour when the country needed their sympathy, do not molest them; leave them to the fate which will assuredly follow them when they commit acts of disloyalty. The course before us all in this hour is plain. Let us rally round our President—(cheers for Johnson)—let us support him and do our whole duty to the country by aiding the government in the great work before it. We have been called on to mourn the death of our President. I think he had talent and patriotism above any man of the age; I know he deserves the sincere regret of every man, and I can also say that in his untimely end the South have lost their best friend. (Cries of "That's so," and applause.) I do not say, though, that you or the government should change your policy or mode of dealing with the South. We must all ask God to guide us in the hour of our tribulation. But our first duty is to support the government and our new President, Andrew Johnson. (Applause.)

The General then retired, the crowd cheering him for several minutes.

A DIALOGUE ON PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

Previous to this address General Burnside was accosted by a friend in William street, who was the centre of a colloquial group of gentlemen, and who, aware of his intimacy with Mr. Johnson, asked him about his character as a citizen and his fitness for the high office which has devolved on him. The annexed dialogue then occurred:—

Inquirer—Can we trust Andrew Johnson as President? Is he intemperate?

General Burnside promptly replied:—I know Mr. Johnson well. He was Military Governor of East Tennessee when I commanded in the West. For some time he was in Louisville and Cincinnati, when I met him at all hours of the day and night, and in most important consultations, and I can say I never saw him taste liquor of any kind, and never saw him when I thought he had tasted liquor. He was no drunkard then. In my opinion he is a firm, loyal and talented statesman.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

While this scene was being enacted another meeting was held in Liberty street, which was addressed by several gentlemen—all of whom were selected by the concourse to deliver speeches because of their fluency in speaking to the groups who surrounded them. One of the speakers was announced as Mr. Hunt, of New Jersey. He said he was not ashamed of his name, but he felt ashamed of the State from which he hailed. (Applause.) It happily stood in a minority in its opposition to the government. It was false to the nation in its desire to establish liberty and justice over the whole land. The bloody act they met that day to deplore showed them all the men they had to deal with. They had to deal with assassins. Their noble President, after a career of leniency and mercy to the South, fell last night by a murderer's hand. Let them ask those who assassinated him? A secessionist, who dared not enter the field to fight—but who stood behind his back and coward-like shot him in the head. My friends, this act is the result of the barbarism which slavery creates. Men used to sell and whip their fellow creatures will not balk before a deed of murder. (Applause.) We must all now be united, and help the government in the task before it.

Another citizen then made some brief remarks. He said his heart was too full for utterance, and he felt as if he had lost a member of his family in the death of Mr. Lincoln. The gentleman then mingled with the crowd and sobbed audibly, and his tears seemed to affect all present, for silence followed.

MEETING AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

RESOLUTIONS AS TO THE DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT, ETC.

A meeting of members of the Chamber of Commerce, and merchants generally was held at one o'clock yesterday afternoon. Captain Charles H. Marshall was called to the chair, and John Austin Stevens, Esq., acted as Secretary. The rooms of the Chamber were hung with mourning drapery in respect to the memory of the distinguished dead. The following resolutions were offered by Mr. James Gallatin and unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That in the death of Abraham Lincoln the American people are called upon to mourn the loss of a citizen whose private virtues and public acts will remain for all time associated with those of the immortal Washington.

Resolved, That the memory of Abraham Lincoln, who has fallen a martyr to liberty—our first martyr President—will ever remain dear to the American people, in whose hearts it will be enshrined throughout all future time.

Resolved, That in this calamity which has fallen upon the nation, in the hour of final victory, we have cause of gratitude to Almighty God for preserving the life of the President until the near completion of the great work of suppressing the rebellion.

Resolved, That the profound sympathies of this meeting of merchants and others in their affliction and bereavement be communicated to the family of the late President, with the assurance that we mourn with them as for the loss of a father to whom the national heart had become attached by all the ties of an ardent patriotism.

Resolved, That our cordial sympathies are extended to the family of the illustrious Secretary of State in this sad hour of their and the nation's affliction.

Resolved, That we recognize in the atrocious act by which the President of the United States has been deprived of his life not simply the assassin's crime, but a diabolical attack upon the tenderest sympathies of the American people.

Ex-Mayor Opdyke moved that the places of amusement and other public establishments throughout the city be requested to keep closed until after the obsequies of the late President. The resolution was adopted, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE OIL EXCHANGE.

At the Oil Exchange, 71 Broadway, the attendance at the usual hour for opening business was limited to a few members; the absence of the great body of its frequenters showing how deeply they felt the nation's bereavement. An impromptu meeting was immediately called, Mr. J. J. Winchester presiding, when the following motion was offered by one of the members and unanimously adopted:—That in consequence of the receipt of the sad news from Washington of President Lincoln's death no business whatever be transacted during the day. The meeting then adjourned.

THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

The Produce merchants met at their accustomed hour, but not to transact business. Earnest, grave-faced groups of men collected all over the building condoling with each other on the national calamity. At half-past eleven o'clock a meeting was convened, Mr. E. H. Tompkins presided and Mr. J. P. Wallis was secretary. After a few remarks from Mr. Smith, General Walbridge introduced the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That the assassination of the President of the United States may be justly regarded as the most gigantic crime in modern history, and demands the execration of the whole civilized world.

Resolved, That in this emergency, in order that the life of the nation may be preserved, and the cause of constitutional liberty maintained, we pledge to his successor, Andrew Johnson, our unbroken, hearty, vigorous and persistent support in behalf of the great principles that were so well illustrated in the life and services of the departed President.

Mr. Josiah M. Fisk moved, and Mr. J. P. Wallis seconded:—

That the business of the day be suspended, the building draped in mourning, and the merchants requested to close their places of business.

These resolutions were carried *sub silentio*, and the Exchange was closed. Ten minutes afterwards there was not an open store to be seen anywhere in the neighborhood.

THE STOCK OPERATORS.

At the usual time of meeting of the stock brokers, Exchange place, William street and the purlieus around, were crowded with a dense assemblage of anxious people, all discussing the terrible intelligence that had brought such woe and sadness upon the land. The rise and fall of stocks, and the all important subject of profit and loss was, for the time, really and completely ignored. All in the vast throng wore looks of despondency and woe, indicative of the heaviness with which the national calamity had fallen on all hearts.

It was apparent that no business would or could be transacted, whereupon Mr. E. Bliss, banker, of No. 6 Pine street, at the request of a number of persons present, rose and moved that in consequence of the assassination of the President, which had cast such deep sorrow and gloom upon every true American heart, be it

Resolved, That we, as sincere mourners for our bereaved and bleeding country, do now adjourn and suspend business until Monday next.

The resolution was unanimously adopted. The excited throng continued to fill the streets for hours afterwards.

ACTION OF THE GOLD BROKERS.

The dreadful news of the assassination of the President, and the diabolical attempt to murder the Secretary of State, has had an electric influence on all classes of this community. Even the operators in gold were shocked to such an extent that when the board met yesterday morning, and the sad intelligence was communicated to the members, they were utterly unable to transact their usual business. A motion was made to adjourn the Board to enable the members to participate in the demonstrations of sorrow which pervaded all classes of the community. The motion was unanimously adopted, and the members took their departure from the building, evidently being deeply impressed with the terrible importance of this sad national calamity.

FEELING OF THE RELIGIOUS COMMUNITY.

ADDRESS OF BISHOP POTTER TO THE EPISCOPAL CLERGY.

Right Rev. Bishop Potter has issued the following address:—

To the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of New York:—

Dear Brethren—With a grief which I have no language to express, I appeal to you to offer up your prayers for this bereaved and mourning nation. The beloved and revered Chief Magistrate of the United States is no more. The malignant passions which had just proved impotent to destroy the government have successfully done the assassin's work upon the life of its honored head. A glorious career of service and devotion is crowned with a martyr's death.

I request most respectfully that to-morrow, and for the next two weeks, the prayer "For a person under affliction" be used for the country, with these slight changes:—Instead of "the sorrows of thy servant," read "the sorrows of thy servants, the people of this nation, for whom," &c.; and instead of "him" and "his," read "us" and "our."

I also appoint the prayer "In time of war and tumults" to be read.

I would also recommend that after the solemnities of Easter Sunday shall have been concluded the churches of the diocese be clothed in mourning.

Praying God to give you His blessing, and to sanctify this sore bereavement to our beloved country, I remain your affectionate brother in Christ,

HORATIO POTTER, Bishop of New York.

Easter Eve, April 15, 1865.

TRINITY CHURCH.

The flag from the steeple of Trinity Church was half-masted during yesterday, and the solemn knell of the death bell was heard at intervals throughout the day. The church itself, draped as it was in the garb of mourning for the usual services of passion week, presented a solemn appearance, and a number of devout and sorrow-stricken persons were present at the eleven o'clock service yesterday. As the service proceeded and the prayer for the President of the United States was being solemnly intoned by Dr. Vinton, a stillness as of death pervaded the congregation, and as the reverend Divine said, "I bid you to pray for a family in affliction, and for a whole nation, comprising that family, in sore affliction for the violent death of the President of the United States by the hand of an assassin," deep and heavy sobs fully proclaimed the great grief of those present. Strong men bowed their heads, covering their faces with their hands, and wept aloud. Dr. Vinton then in broken accents read the following prayer prescribed by the rubric:—

Oh, merciful God and Heavenly Father, who hast taught us in Thy Holy Word that Thou dost not willingly afflict or grieve the children of men, look with pity, we

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF UNDERwriters of New York, held 15th April, 1865, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:—

The great calamity which God has permitted to fall upon the nation, through the commission of a crime which will call forth the execration of the whole civilized world, has so appalled our community that there is no heart for the present to transact any more than necessary business. In view of this it is hereby

Resolved, That the offices of the Marine Insurance Companies in this city will only be open for the transaction of business between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, until the day appointed for the funeral obsequies of the late Chief Magistrate of the nation, and that on the day thereof the offices will be wholly closed.

Resolved, That this resolution be published.

ELWOOD WALTER, Secretary. J. D. JONES, President.

ANNUAL ELECTION.—TAMMANY SOCIETY OR COlumbian Order.—Brothers: The annual election of Sachems and other officers of our Society will take place in the council chamber of the Great Wigwam on Monday evening, the 17th inst., at 7½ o'clock. General and punctual attendance is requested. By order of

ELIJAH F. PURDY, Grand Sachem.

CASPER C. CHILDS, Secretary.

Manhattan, Season of Blossoms, 4th Moon, Year of Discovery 373d, of Independence the 89th, and of the Institution the 76th.

AMERICAN STEEL.—SPRING, TOE, CALKING, TIRE and Sleigh Shoe Steel, of all sizes and kinds, made of the best materials at the Norway Iron Works, Boston, and for sale by the proprietors, NAYLOR & CO., Boston, New York and Philadelphia.

CUSTOM HOUSE, NEW YORK, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, April 15, 1865.

To all persons attached to the Customs Department of the District of New York:—

SIRS—Anticipating your proposed resolution in such regard, I hereby announce to you that it will be in order to wear crape on the left arm for thirty days next succeeding this date, as an emblem of honor and respect to our departed President. S. DRAPER, Collector.

NOTICE.—THE ST. JAMES' ROMAN CATHOLIC T. A. B. Society will hold a public temperance meeting in their rooms in Roosevelt street, on Sunday evening next, the 16th inst., at 7½ o'clock. John A. Wells, Esq., will deliver a discourse on the "Perils of Drink." Miss M. Carey, Mr. Henry O'Sullivan and Mr. John Kidd will sing a collection of select songs during the evening. The members, their families and the public generally are most respectfully invited.

JOHN McGRATH, President.

DAVID BANTLEY, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The Associate Managers of the city, in view of the great calamity that has befallen the nation, and to evince a proper respect for the memory of our late President, have unanimously resolved to close their several places of amusement until further notice.

W. WHEATLEY, President.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, 106 BROADWAY, southeast corner Pine street.

At the annual election, held this day for twenty-one Directors, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected:—

D. Randolph Martin,	Chas. Burckhalter,
Levi Apgar,	Henry A. Kerr,
Gordon W. Burnham,	Benjamin S. Taylor,
C. V. B. Ostrander,	Crowel Adams,
Walter W. Concklin,	Wm. Hustace,
Joseph S. Barker,	Moses A. Hoppock,
Ely Hoppock,	Wm. Martin,
Ebenezer Bendleston,	John F. Pupke,
Nathaniel Weed,	Joseph M. Brown,
C. D. Van Wagenen,	Jeremiah Robins,
Ward A. Work.	

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, Mr. C. V. B. Ostrander was unanimously re-elected, and Mr. Joseph S. Barker as Vice President.

J. L. DOUGLASS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND Assessments, 32 Chambers street, New York, January 7, 1865.

Notice to taxpayers.—Notice is hereby given that the assessment rolls of the real and personal estate of the city and county of New York for 1865 will be open for inspection and review from and after Monday, January 9, 1865, and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1865, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the city and county of New York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved must make application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of the real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if, in their judgement, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of the personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, and if, in his or their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend, within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the city.

J. W. ALLEN,
G. H. PURSER,
C. B. WOODRUFF,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessment.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—ALL PARTIES HOLDING STOCKS, bonds, cash, or any kind of property belonging to, or having claims against the estate of the late Edmund Molyneux, her British Majesty's late consul at Savannah, Ga., are requested to report the same to JAMES H. FALCONER, Attorney for the executor, No. 17 Nassau street, N. Y., and after May 1 at No. 49 William street.

ST. NICHOLAS SOCIETY.—IN CONSEQUENCE OF the recent terrible calamity to the nation in the death of the President, the stewards of the St. Nicholas Society have assumed the responsibility of postponing indefinitely the Pass Festival which was to have been celebrated on Monday evening next. All tickets issued will be redeemed by the stewards issuing the same.

GEO. W. McLEAN, Chairman.

W. IRVING GRAHAM, Secretary.

NEW YORK, April 15, 1865.

THE CARTMEN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK ARE requested to meet at Metropolitan Hall, 93 and 95 Sixth avenue, on Monday evening, April 17, at 8 o'clock, to take action in regard to a proper expression of their feelings upon the death of the beloved and lamented President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln, and to arrange for participation in such public demonstrations as may take place.

COMMITTEE.

GEO. B. BRANT,	WM. HAW, Jr.,
WM. H. ALBERTSON,	JOHN MORRISON,
ABRAM COLLIER,	LUCIUS ALLEN,
WM. ANDERSON,	HENRY EVERETT,
WASHINGTON LEAYCRAFT.	

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

AN ORATION—THE NATION—GREAT CALAMITY—will be delivered at the Cooper Institute, this day, April 16, at 3 o'clock P. M., by Miss Emma Hardinge. The public are invited. Seats free.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH,
EASTER SUNDAY,
APRIL 16, 1865.
Tickets $1.
Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.
Doors open at 7; Concert to commence at 8 P. M.

PART I.

1.—Fratelli, Pregate—Prelude and chorus, part I. ....Gordigiani
2.—Preghiera, Naburco—Basso Solo ....Verdi
SIGNOR L. REMI.
3.—Charity—Solo and chorus for female voices ....Rossini
MISS C. HUNTLEY, MRS. PAULITSCH, MISS GOMIEN AND MRS. POGGENBURG.
4.—Invocation—Horn, Piano and Organ ....V. F. Verrimst
Messrs. H. SCHMITZ, E. SCHUBERTH and L. DACHAUER.
5.—La Sull' Altar del Golgota—Part 2 ....Gordigiani
MISS C. HUNTLEY AND CHORUS.

PART II.

1.—Regina Coeli—Solo and Chorus ....L. Dachauer
2.—Ave Maria—Contralto Solo ....Gordigiani
MISS O. GOMIEN.
3.—Meditation—Violin, Piano and Organ ....Ch. Gounod
Messrs. J. & E. SCHUBERTH AND L. DACHAUER.
4.—Preghiera—Soprano Solo ....Donizetti
MISS C. HUNTLEY.
5.—Creator Alme—Duetto, Contralto and Basso ....Rossini
MISS O. GOMIEN AND SIGNOR REMI.
6.—Prayer—Moses in Egypt—Solo and chorus ....Rossini
Director and Organist ....Mr. Louis Dachauer.

FURNITURE.

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT HOUSEHOLD FOR sale—Property family leaving city. Rare chance for parties commencing housekeeping. Parlor Suits, covered brocatel and reps; Etageres, Bookcases, Pianofortes, Curtains, Carpets, Paintings, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Extension Table, Buffet, China and Glassware, at a sacrifice. 113 West Twenty-third street, near Sixth av.

AN ASSORTMENT OF FINE PARLOR, LIBRARY, Dining and Chamber Suits. Also Plukhardt's celebrated Parlor Bed. Salesroom, 167 Bleecker street; factory, 203 and 205 Sullivan street.

CABINET FURNITURE AT THE LOWEST MANUFACturers' Prices.—We have constantly on hand and made to order, in the latest styles, rosewood, black walnut and black and gilt Parlor Suits, oak and walnut Library and Dining Suits, rosewood, walnut and chestnut Bedroom and Chamber Suits, and a general assortment of all articles in our line, to which we draw the attention of the public to see and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. All goods warranted. WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,

Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington street, between Norfolk and Essex streets. The Belt Railroad passes within two blocks of the store.

FURNITURE AT PRIVATE SALE.—SPLENDID VELvet medallion Parlor, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets, Pier Glasses, with cornices and bases; Lace Curtains, Paintings, rosewood Piano, Louis XIV. style, inlaid keyboard, pearl keys, round corners; mahogany Piano, Stool and Cover; marble top Tables, Bureau and Washstand, Bedsteads, Window Shades, Oilcloths for upper, lower and basement halls; plated Tea Set, Castor, Urn and Cake Basket; Feather Beds, Mattresses, Iron Flower Urn, with other and Kitchen Furniture, at 276 Madison street.

FURNITURE.—THE UNDERSIGNED, RETIRING FROM business, offers his large stock of first class Furniture of every description to his customers and the public at reduced prices. JULIUS DESNOIR, 543 Broadway.

FURNITURE FOR SALE—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; Carpets, Bedding, Parlor and Bedroom Suits, at Bendall's warerooms, 209 and 211 Hudson street, corner of Canal. Payment taken in weekly instalments if desired.

FOR SALE—AT GOLD PRICES, ROSEWOOD FURNIture, best quality, for two parlors; Glasses, Carpet, &c. Apply at 71 Rutgers slip, third floor, entrance Water street.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF FIVE ROOMS, comprising everything that is necessary for housekeeping. Address Furniture, box 149 Herald office.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER, 237 Broadway.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Wednesday, April 26, 1865, at eleven o'clock A. M.

For regulating, grading curb, gutter and flagging One Hundredth street, between Eighth avenue and Broadway.

For curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-fifth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

For curb, gutter and flagging Sixtieth street, between First and Second avenues.

For setting and resetting curb and gutter in Third avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Eighty-sixth streets.

For flagging Tompkins street, between Rivington and Stanton streets.

For flagging Forty-fourth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

For filling sunken lots in Seventy-eighth street, north side, between First and Second avenues.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.

Dated, Street Department, New York, April 15, 1865.

CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

SHIPPING.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—TOUCHING AT Queenstown (Cork Harbor).—The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line), carrying the United States mails, intend despatching their full powered Clyde built iron steamships as follows:—

EDINBURG ....Saturday, April 22
CITY OF BALTIMORE ....Saturday, April 29
CITY OF WASHINGTON ....Saturday, May 6

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from pier 44 North river.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
Do. to London	85	Do. to London	34
Do. to Paris	95	Do. to Paris	40
Do. to Hamburg	90	Do. to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

From Liverpool or Queenstown:—First cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, are strongly built in water tight iron sections, and carry patent fire annihilators. Experienced surgeons are attached to each steamer.

For further information apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, Agent, 22 Water street; in Glasgow to ALEX. MALCOLM, No. 5 St. Enoch square; in Queenstown to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London to EIVES & MACEY, 61 King William street; in Paris to JULES DECOUE, 48 rue Notre Dame des Victoires, Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia to JOHN G. DALE, 111 Walnut street, or at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

From pier 47 North river.

HELVETIA ....Saturday, April 22
PENNSYLVANIA ....Saturday, April 29

Cabin, $65; steerage, $25 gold, or equivalent in currency.

For passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

ANCHOR LINE.—STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, Dublin, Belfast and Londonderry, from pier 30, North river. BRITANNIA, Captain Ferrier, Wednesday, April 19. Saloon cabin, $65; fore cabin, $50; steerage, $25; payable in gold or its equivalent in currency. Apply to F. MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.

FOR LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT LONDONDERRY—The Royal Mail steamships

NOVA SCOTIAN ....APRIL 11
MORAVIAN ....APRIL 25

Rates of passage—Cabin $80 and $95. Steerage $30, in gold or its equivalent. Drafts issued, payable in Great Britain or Ireland, at lowest rates. Apply to

ELEAZER JONES & CO., Agents, 23 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP NEW York, G. Wenke, commander, carrying the United States mail, will sail from the Bremen pier, foot of Third street, Hoboken, on

SATURDAY, April 22, at 12 o'clock M.

FOR BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON,

Taking passengers to

LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN

at the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:—

For the first cabin, $105; second cabin, $62 50; steerage, $37 50.

Will be followed by the BREMEN, May 6.

For freight or passage apply to

OELRICHS & CO., 68 Broad street.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT.—THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S new line of first class side-wheel steamships between NEW YORK and HAVRE.

FROM NEW YORK TO HAVRE.

LAFAYETTE ....Wednesday, April 26, 1865
WASHINGTON ....Wednesday, May 24, 1865
LAFAYETTE ....Wednesday, June 21, 1865
First cabin (including table wine) $135
Second cabin (including table wine) ....$70 or $80

Payable in gold or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage apply to

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New York.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines (Grand Hotel); at Havre, WILLIAM ISELIN & CO.

FOR HAVANA.—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-wheel steamship MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. Adams, will leave pier No. 4 North river, on Wednesday, April 19, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., 29 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The side-wheel steamship MORNING STAR, Captain Nelson, will leave pier 46 North river, on Saturday, April 22, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage (having unsurpassed accommodations), apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, 10 Barclay street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The United States Mail Steamship STAR OF THE UNION, Captain A. Blanchard, will leave pier No. 9, North river, on SATURDAY, APRIL 22, at 3 P. M. Her passenger accommodations are unsurpassed. Passage $75. For freight or passage apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West street.

The GEORGE CROMWELL will follow on SATURDAY, APRIL 29.

THE BRITISH MAIL STEAMSHIP MONTEZUMA WILL be regularly despatched for Kingston, Jamaica, on the 22d of each month, at 2 P. M.

For passage, payable in gold:—

First Cabin $50
Second Cabin 40

Apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, 23 Broadway.

For freight apply at 54 South street.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., No. 5 Bowling Green, New York, April 15, 1865.

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA ISTHMUS OF PANAMA, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW ARRANGEMENT COMMENCING MAY 1, 1865.

STEAMERS WILL SAIL SEMI-MONTHLY.

Regular sailing days 1st and 16th of every month, from the Company's new and commodious pier No. 43, North River, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, precisely.

DEPARTURES.

April 22 ....OCEAN QUEEN ....Weir
(Connecting at Panama with Sacramento).
May 1 ....ARIEL ....Jones
(Connecting at Panama with Golden City).
May 16 ....COSTA RICA ....Tinklepaugh
(Connecting at Panama with Constitution).

For further information, freight or passage, apply to

D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling Green.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAgua.—Short route, low prices.—The Central American Transit Company will despatch, on the 20th of every month, from pier No. 29 North river, at noon, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. Babcock master, at greatly reduced rates of passage. For particulars apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, 177 West street, corner of Warren street.

FOR RIO JANEIRO, CALLAO AND GUAYAQUIL.—The new first class British steamship JOSE SAN ROMAN, B. D. Manton, commander, will sail for the above ports on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 3 P. M., from pier 15 East river.

For passage (having elegant accommodations) and packages only apply to

THOMAS ASENCIO & CO., 17 Broadway.

Where a letter bag will be made up.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—TAPSCOTT'S LINE. SHIP ATMOSPHERE sails April 17. Ship HIBERNIA sails April 21. For London, X Line—Ship VILLA FRANCA sails April 15. For passage in cabin or second cabin apply to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., 86 South street.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

FOR WHITESTONE, FORT SCHUYLER, WILLETT'S Point, City Island, Hart's Island, David's Island, New Rochelle.—The steamer SYLVAN GROVE, Captain Jackson H. Chase, will leave Peck slip at 11 A. M. daily for the above places. Returning, leave New Rochelle at 3 P. M.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS to Glen Cove, touching at the above points, including College Point, Stratton Port—leaving pier 24 (Peck slip) at 10 A. M., Broome street at 10:15, Eighth street at 10:25 and Thirty-second street at 10:45.

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

Trains for Albany, Troy and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave Twenty-sixth street depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Tickets may be procured at the offices of Westcott's Express, in New York and Brooklyn. Baggage checked from the residence to all points on this road and its connections.

STEAMBOAT FOR NEWARK—LEAVES FROM DEY street, New York, at 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. Leaves Newark at 8 A. M. and 1½ P. M.

STEAMER T. V. ARROWSMITH.—ON AND AFTER Monday, April 10, the above steamer will leave pier 24 East river (Peck slip), for Bayley's Dock, Fort Schuyler, Great Neck, Sands' Point, Glen Cove, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 3½ P. M., until May 1 next. Returning, will leave Roslyn at 7 o'clock A. M. Stages for Locust Valley and Oyster Bay connect with the boat at Glen Cove.

EXPRESSES.

BURNHAM'S FURNITURE EXPRESS.—FURNITURE families moved, city or country. Pianofortes, furniture boxed, shipped. Furniture stored. Office 115 West Eleventh street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

MEDICAL.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, can be consulted as usual at 162 Chambers street. Her infallible French Monthly Pills, No. 1 (price $1), or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy; price $5. Also sold at 127½ Liberty street, or sent by mail.

N. B.—Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but of their health.

ATTENTION, YOUNG MEN.—VERY GOOD NEWS. Dr. WARD is the ready doctor. Ward's Unfortunate's Friend cures without mercury.

AFFLICTED FEMALES.—DR. POWERS, 61 FRANKlin street, warrants relief from all difficulties. His French Periodical Drops are absolutely the only remedy.

CHARLES LUTZE, M. D., PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFEry, and having over eighteen years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females without pain or exposure. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private rooms, 614½ Broadway. N. B.—The best of accommodations for ladies who wish to remain.

CONFIDENTIAL CONSULTATIONS.—DR. R. CORBETT, member of the N. Y. U. Medical College and R. C. Surgeons, London: can be consulted as usual on private diseases. Office 20 Centre street, near Chambers. N. B.—No fee unless cured.

DR. SELDEN, 233 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR SIXTH avenue, relieves obstructions of the womb at one interview, by a new method, without pain and without medicine.

DR. LARMONT PERMANENTLY CURES CONSTITUtional disease, strictures and all urinary affections, at 173 Broadway, second floor, from 10 till 5. Book $1.

MADAME GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, NO. 4 Amity place, can be consulted on all diseases of females. Medicines safe and certain. Convenient rooms for ladies who desire good care and medical attendance during confinement.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE REGAINED in four days by using the wonderful agent, Dr. POWERS' Elixir of Life. Office, 61 Franklin street.

MADAME PARSELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN AND Midwife, is now ready to receive all lady invalids; comfortable Rooms, expressly for ladies through confinement. Call at 741 Greenwich street, near Perry.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED BY THE guaranteed remedy, Dr. POWERS' Essence of Life, 61 Franklin street.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—THEREFORE the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Dr. POWERS' celebrated Elixir of Life.

VALUABLE RECIPES—FROM A PHYSICIAN OF thirty years' experience, for the certain cure of secret diseases, may be obtained by enclosing 50c. to Dr. Motte, 409 Sixth avenue, New York.

SALES AT AUCTION.

A. JOURNEAY, AUCTIONEER.—OFFICE NO. 8 PINE street. Catalogue sale of first class Household Furniture, Pianoforte, &c., by A. JOURNEAY, on Thursday, April 20, 1865, at 10 A. M., at the private residence No. 237 East Fifty-third street—new number—between Second and Third avenues, comprising a general assortment of Household Furniture—viz: Rosewood Suit, covered in green brocatel; rosewood Pianoforte, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oilcloths, mahogany Extension Tables, Marble-top Dressing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Sofas, Chairs, Hair Mattresses, Crockery and Glass Ware, Mirrors, and Kitchen Furniture, with which the sale will commence. Sale positive. Terms cash. Catalogues ready at office of the auctioneer on Wednesday, 19th inst.

A. JOURNEAY, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 8 PINE street. Genteel Household Furniture at auction on Wednesday, April 19, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the residence 179 East Broadway. A general assortment of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture.

A. JOURNEAY, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 8 PINE street—will give personal attention, as heretofore, to sales of Household Furniture at residences of families declining housekeeping, on the most favorable terms.

AUCTION NOTICE.—E. ROTH, AUCTIONEER, WILL sell on Monday (April 17) afternoon, at 1½ o'clock precisely, all the elegant Household Furniture of a private family, at their residence 112 West Eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, consisting of a magnificent Rosewood Pianoforte, three beautiful Parlor Suits, Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets. Also over 500 lots of rich Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Furniture.

EDWARD SCHENCK, AUCTIONEER.
LARGE SALE OF THE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, CHAMPAGNES, BRANDIES, CORDIALS, PRESERVES, OILS, &c.
Being the entire stock of
A. FERRAN, Esq., 815 BROADWAY,
who is retiring from business. The well known reputation of the house is a sufficient guarantee to all connoisseurs, as well as to his numerous friends and customers. The stock consists in part of the finest grades and brands of
CHAMPAGNES, COGNAC BRANDIES,
BORDEAUX WINES, OLD MADEIRAS,
PORT AND SHERRIES, CORDIALS,
ABSYNTHE, VERMOUTH,
and Foreign Wines of every description, out of bond and in bond, duty paid, in bottles, cases and casks.
CHOICE BOURBON WHISKEY,
FIRST QUALITY HAVANA SEGARS,
Oils, Sardines, Anchovies and Preserves (full description in catalogues), to be sold at auction by
EDWARD SCHENCK.
The sale will commence on Monday, the 24th instant, at 3 o'clock, and close at 7 o'clock P. M. each day until the entire stock is disposed of. The sale being the finest of the kind ever made in the city, the attention of connoisseurs is respectfully solicited.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.
H. H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on Monday, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, 23 Liberty street, a few doors west of Broadway, ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including: PARLOR—Velvet, Brussels, 3-ply and Ingrain Carpets; elegant carved rosewood Pianos of various octaves, made by celebrated makers, and of fine tone and finish; carved rosewood Suits covered in satin, brocatel and reps, black walnut Suits covered in reps; elegant French Plate Pier Mirrors, carved rosewood Etageres, with mirror backs; rosewood Centre Tables, with marble tops, brocatel and lace Window Curtains. DINING ROOM—Black walnut and oak Extension Dining Tables, do. Buffets, do. Sideboards; Plated Ware, China and Glass Ware, &c. BEDROOMS—Carved rosewood and black walnut Bedsteads, marble top Dress Bureaus, Washstands, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair Mattresses, Husk do., Straw Palliasses. ALSO an assortment of Kitchen Furniture.
The above sale was postponed from Saturday in consequence of the death of the President.

HENRY D. MINER, AUCTIONEER, SALESROOM 37 Nassau street, opposite Post office.—MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on Monday, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at the engine house, 151 Clinton street, the entire effects of the members of Clinton Engine Company No. 41, comprising four black walnut parlor Suites, English Brussels Carpets, Stair Rods, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bedding, Tables, &c., all in excellent condition. For particulars and catalogues apply to the auctioneers, MINER & SOMERVILLE, 37 Nassau street.

HENRY D. MINER, AUCTIONEER—SALESROOM 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, Tuesday, April 18, at private residence 146 West Fourth street, near Sixth avenue, genteel Household Furniture, consisting of Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, rosewood Parlor Suits, do. Centre and Side Tables, Mirrors, mahogany and black walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus and Chairs, Hair and Straw Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows, Oilcloths, Stair Carpets, Curtains, Dining and Bedroom Crockery, Hatstand, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

HENRY D. MINER, AUCTIONEER—SALESROOM 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, Wednesday, April 19, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence 225 West Twentieth street, genteel Household Furniture, consisting of Brussels and Tapestry Carpets; two rosewood Suits in green and gold brocatel and plush; rosewood Centre Table, Library Chair, Ornaments, Engravings, mahogany Bedsteads, Bureaus and Chairs, Hair Mattresses, Oilcloths, Stair Carpets, Crockery, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

HENRY D. MINER, AUCTIONEER—SALESROOM 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.—Administrator's sale of fine Household Furniture, all of which was made by the best city makers. French Plate Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Carpets, Bedding, &c. &c. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, by order of F. Blancard, administrator, to close the estate of H. Blancard, deceased, all the Furniture, Mirrors, &c., &c., contained in the block of houses in Fourth avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets, known as Blancard's Family Hotel, commencing on Friday, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, and continuing from that day until all is disposed of. Full particulars in time.

JOSEPH McGUIRE, AUCTIONEER.—OFFICE 125 Third avenue, near Fourteenth street, is prepared, as heretofore, to give personal attention to sales of furniture, merchandise of stores, and all other kinds of goods and chattels. Established 1855.

JOSEPH L. SMITH, AUCTIONEER.—MAGNIFICENT Household Furniture.—On Tuesday, April 18, at the residence 56 East Twenty-fourth street, commencing at 10½ o'clock, consisting of one Pianoforte, elegant Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture. Full particulars will be given in the papers.

JOSEPH L. SMITH, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE SALE OF Household Furniture, on Monday, April 17, at 94 East Thirteenth street, at 10½ o'clock, being the contents of a large boarding house, consisting of Parlor Suits, Carpets, Mirrors, Oil Paintings, Bureau, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Quilts, Blankets, Sheets, Extension Table, Mantel Ornaments; also a large quantity of Kitchen Furniture, which the sale will commence. Deposits required.

MORRIS WILKINS, AUCTIONEER.
HANDSOME FURNITURE, MIRRORS,
ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, CARPETS, &c., &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 17, 1865, at 11 o'clock, at 127 East Twenty-fourth street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues, the Parlor Furniture, &c., of a family removing to the country, viz: Rosewood Pianoforte, two suites rosewood Parlor Furniture, two Pier Glasses, Etageres, Centre Tables, Book Case, Hall Stand, Velvet Carpets, Stair Rods, &c., all made to order, and of the best description. Catalogues at the office, No. 3 Pine street.

MORRIS WILKINS, AUCTIONEER.
HANDSOME CABINET FURNITURE.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on Friday, April 21, at 11 o'clock, at the warerooms of Messrs. Campbell & Hoyer, 37 Mercer street, near Grand street, the entire balance of fine rosewood, walnut, mahogany and oak Furniture, the manufacture of the above firm, now relinquishing business. Catalogues day previous to sale.

MORRIS WILKINS, AUCTIONEER.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &C.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on Wednesday, April 19, at 11 o'clock, at 99 East Twenty-seventh street, between Lexington and Third avenues, all the handsome rosewood, walnut and mahogany Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Room Furniture, Pier Mirrors, Curtains, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Oilcloths, Chandeliers, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
Catalogues at the office, No. 3 Pine street.

MINER & SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEERS—WILL sell, at auction, on Wednesday, April 19, at 10½ A. M., at 420 West Thirty-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, a general assortment of Household Furniture of a family breaking up housekeeping.

PAWNBROKERS' SALES.—JOHN MORTIMER, 15 EAST Broadway, auctioneer, will sell to-morrow, April 17, 500 lots of Men's Clothing, including about 100 Overcoats. These goods are very desirable and worthy the attention of dealers and others. By order of John Lynch, 78 Grand street. On Wednesday, April 19, by order of S. B. Soloman & Co., 615 Hudson street. Thursday, April 20, by order of Abraham Goodman, 31 Centre street. Friday, April 21, by order of Hugh Freel, 61 Rose street.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—TUESDAY, JAMES AGAR will sell, at 61 New Bowery, a large assortment of Men's and Women's Clothing. By order of Malone & Kelly, 509 Second avenue.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—FRIDAY, AT 61 NEW BOWERY, JAMES AGAR will sell 400 lots of Men's and Women's clothing, Skirts, Under Clothes, Coats, Pants, Vests and other seasonable goods. By order of M. Blomauer, 18 Broome street.

RICHARD WALTERS, AUCTIONEER.
FIRE ENGINE HOUSE FURNITURE.
Will sell on Tuesday, April 18, at 10 o'clock, the new and elegant Parlor Furniture of Jefferson Engine Company 26, at Engine House No. 148 Fifth street, near First avenue, consisting of four beautiful rosewood green plush Parlor Suits of Furniture, French plate Mirror, Carpets, fancy inlaid Centre Tables, cylinder Bookcase, Chandelier, superior Oil Paintings and Engravings, Lace Curtains and other Furniture.

SPECIAL SALE OF AN IMPORTER'S STOCK OF White Granite, C. C. Dipt Ware and Fancy goods, Tuesday, April 18, at 10 o'clock, at 251 Pearl street, in lots for city and country dealers. Sales free for cash. Goods packed for shipping.

S. & J. BOGART, AUCTIONEERS—WILL SELL ON Monday, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at 220 Sullivan street, near Amity, superior rosewood and mahogany Parlor Furniture, rosewood and mahogany Chamber Furniture, elegant Velvet, Brussels and Three-ply Carpets, English Oilcloth, first quality Mattresses and Bedding, large French plate Pier Glasses. Catalogues will be ready on Monday morning.

S. HERMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS—SELL MONDAY, April 17, at 3 o'clock P. M., at public auction, by virtue of a chattel mortgage, at the southeast corner of Seventeenth street and Tenth avenue, the entire stock of Liquors in said store, also Standing Casks, Bar and Bar Fixtures, Beer Pumps, Chairs, Tables, &c. C. V. LYONS, City Marshal, Attorney for Mortgagee.

S. HERMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS—SELL TUESDAY, April 18, at 11 o'clock, 177 Monroe street, the entire Furniture of a Boarding House, viz—Sofas, Chairs, Carpets, Oilcloths, Bedsteads, Bedding, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Furniture, Cooking Utensils, &c.

S. HERMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS—SELL WEDNESDAY, April 19, at 10½ o'clock, 18 First avenue, genteel Household Furniture—Parlor, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, Brussels Carpets, Bookcases, Bedsteads and Bedding, and a general assortment of Household Furniture.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—RICHARD WALTERS, AUCTIONEER, will sell, on Monday, 17th, at 11 o'clock, at the corner of Fifty-eighth street and Third avenue, 2 Wagons, 75 Beer Kegs, lot Casks and quantity Lager Bier.
B. REILLY, Deputy Sheriff. JOHN KELLY, Sheriff.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 4 East Broadway—sells, on Tuesday, at two o'clock, the Fixtures of the cider manufactory at Nos. 217 and 219 Lewis street, corner of Seventh—300 Half Barrels, 3 Vinegar Tubs; also 2 splendid Horses, 4 Express Wagons, Single and Double Harness, one pair Devonshire pet Sheep, &c.

MATRIMONIAL.

A WIDOW LADY, AGED 34, A STRANGER IN THE city, wishes to form the acquaintance of a gentleman of means, with a view to matrimony; from 40 to 60 years of age. Address, for one week, Louisa Wells, station D.

A GENTLEMAN, AGED 35, NOT RICH, BUT IN COMfortable circumstances, wants to correspond with a young lady of intelligence and kind disposition, with a view to matrimony; no objection to one who works for her living. Address, in confidence, G. Gray, Herald office, with particulars.

DRY GOODS.

AT KINZEY'S
EIGHTH AVENUE
CHEAP STORE.
CONTINUATION PANIC SALE.
GREAT REDUCTION THIS WEEK.
2,000 LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 9c., 10c. and 12c.
7,200 VERY FINE LINEN do. 15c., 18c. and 20c.
3,000 GENTS' ALL LINEN, 20c., 22c., 25c., 31c.
2,000 NEEDLEWORK HANDKERCHIEFS, 25c.
1,500 EXTRA ALL LINEN, HEMSTITCH, 25c., 28c.
2,500 EXTRA FINE LINEN SETS, 25c. — 2,000 PRETTY LACE VEILS, 25c.
LACES, BANDS AND NEEDLEWORK CHEAP.
STRAW GOODS.
5,000 STRAW BONNETS, 12c., 25c.
3,000 STRAW BONNETS, 31c., 37c.
NEAPOLITAN BONNETS, 50c., 75c.
SPLIT STRAWS, 62c., 75c.
PEDAL BRAIDS, 62c., 75c.
FANCY STRAWS, 50c., 75c.
ALL THE NEW SHAPES IN BLOOMERS AND HATS.
3,000 BLOOMERS, 15c., 25c., 31c.
2,000 BLOOMERS AND HATS, 37c., 50c., 75c.
3,000 BLOOMERS AND HATS, $1 to $3.
OPENING FROM AUCTION.
350 CASES NEW STRAW BONNETS AND BLOOMERS, ON MONDAY.
GOODS AT WHOLESALE.
LESS THAN JOBBERS' PRICES.
LOTS OF TRIMMING RIBBONS, 5c. to 10c. a yard.
LOTS OF BONNET RIBBONS, 6c. to 75c. a yard.
LOTS OF DRESS TRIMMINGS, 1c. to 10c. a yard.
CRAPES, SILKS, ILLUSIONS, FLOWERS.
HOSIERY LESS THAN HALF PRICE.
2,500 PAIRS LADIES' WHITE COTTON HOSE, 12½c. — 2,500 PAIRS GENTS' COTTON HALF HOSE, 10c.
1,200 PAIRS LADIES' HEAVY HOSE, 15c., 20c., 25c.
3,000 PAIRS FULL REGULAR MAKE, 40c.
15,000 PAIRS MISSES' HOSE, 10c. to 31c.
8,000 PAIRS HEAVY RIBBED HALF HOSE, 12½c.
8,000 PAIRS GENTS' EXTRA HALF HOSE, 15c. to 31c.
GLOVES AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.
2,000 PAIRS LISLE GLOVES, 6c. — 2,000 PAIRS FINE GLOVES, 10c.
3,000 PAIRS FINE SPRING GLOVES, 20c., 25c., 31c.
3,000 PAIRS KID GLOVES, 50c., 75c., $1.
SPOOL COTTONS CLOSING OUT.
JOB LOT, EXCELLENT COTTON, 1c.
JOB LOT, STILL BETTER COTTON, 2c.
JOB LOT OF CLARK'S COTTON, 3c.
JOB LOT, CLARK'S BEST, 200 YARDS, 6c.
JOB LOT, EXCELLENT, 200 YARDS, 3c. and 4c.
BEST PINS, 4c. PAPER.
NEEDLES, 3c. HOOKS AND EYES, 2c. ITALIAN SILK, 5c.
DAMAGED GOODS.
SOME SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY SALT WATER.
MUSLINS, CALICOES, DELAINES,
BED TICKS, HOSIERY, SHIRTINGS,
LININGS, GLOVES, SHEETINGS.
DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS.
500 BALMORAL SKIRTS, $1.
3,000 YARDS WET MERRIMAC CALICOES, 12½c.
THIS STOCK OF DRY GOODS MUST ALL BE SOLD THIS WEEK.
FROM AUCTION—NEW GOODS EVERY DAY.
WM. KINZEY,
221 AND 223 EIGHTH AVENUE,
TWENTY-FIRST AND TWENTY-SECOND STREETS.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS, BARGAINS,
IN COTTON GOODS.
A REDUCTION OF FULLY 50 PER CENT IN ONE WEEK.
IMMENSE FALL IN PRICES.
COTTONS AT THE OLD PRICES.
PAPER MUSLINS at 1s. a yard.
CAMBRIC MUSLINS at 10c. a yard.
BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS, 1s. a yard and up.
BEST PRINTS at 1s. and 1s. 6d.
TICKINGS, DENIMS AND HOUSEKEEPING LINES proportionately low in price.
ALSO,
An immense stock of PLAID FLANNELS, WHITE FLANNELS, COLORED FLANNELS, AND FANCY FLANNELS,
FROM THE AUCTION SALES OF THE PAST WEEK, AT A REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.
Purchasers should call and examine our stock, as our prices are below those of any other establishment in the city.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
253 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS.

DRESS GOODS, DRESS GOODS.
FROM AUCTION.
A SUPERB STOCK OF
FANCY DRESS GOODS
AND
COLORED ALPACAS, IN EVERY SHADE AND QUALITY, AT THE OLD PRICES.
CALL AND SEE.
ALSO
BLACK AND FANCY SILKS
AT GREAT REDUCTIONS
IN PRICES.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
253 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS.

FIRE—FIRE—FIRE.
GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE
of the balance of the stock of
DRY GOODS,
recently damaged by fire and water, previous to making alterations,
At 43 Catharine street,
Corner of Madison.
JAMES GREGAN.

GREAT BARGAINS IN BLACK SILK.—LADIES wanting silk for dress or sacque, can save 50c. to $1 a yard by calling at ARMSTRONG'S, 237 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

INDIA SHAWLS.—SPRING IMPORTATION. A FINE assortment, in long and square, of all qualities. J. RUSSELL, 232 Wooster street, third door below Amity.

LOOK, LOOK, LOOK.
FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.
WATER, WATER, WATER.
$50,000
worth of Carpets and Oilcloths damaged by the late fire for sale, at one-half their value, at 123 Bowery, near Grand st.

MME. HUERSTEL
HAS JUST OPENED
HER FINE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Consisting of
CLOAKS, DRESSES AND MANTILLAS.
ALSO A VARIETY OF FRENCH IMPORTED CORSETS,
AT 59 BLEECKER STREET.

MADAME ROULBIER-AUGIER, NO 6 WEST ELEVenth street, begs to inform the fashionable public of New York that she has received the latest Paris styles for Dresses and Cloaks, and having on hand a selection of choice Laces and Trimmings, is prepared to fulfil all orders. Her establishment has eighteen years standing.

SELLING OFF, SELLING OFF,
AT COHEN'S, 29 CATHARINE STREET,
$50,000 worth of
ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
OILCLOTHS, ALL WIDTHS;
WINDOW SHADES,
PAPER HANGINGS,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,
GILT CORNICES AND GILT BANDS.
N. B.—Must be sold before the 1st day of May, on account of alteration in the business.
AT COHEN'S, 29 CATHARINE STREET.

WINDOW CURTAINS CLEANED AND DONE UP equal to new at my establishment on the river at Williams Bridge. Will be finished and done up as well as my laces, to the excellence of which I refer to my patrons.
Madame ROBERT, No. 5 East Eleventh street.
Will remove to No. 3 Clinton Hall, Eighth street, on May 1.

MILLINERY.

AT MRS. MULCHINOCK'S, 533 BROADWAY, WILL be found a large and elegant assortment of Spring and Summer Millinery.

AT MADAME BALLINGS', 318 CANAL STREET, A superb assortment of Spring and Summer Millinery now ready.

FRENCH MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.—MADAME BARRONNE, 747 Broadway, has a large assortment of Bonnets, Round Hats, &c., at reduced prices. Also dress and cloakmaking in all its branches. Ladies will do well to call at 747 Broadway, over Holmes & Co.'s dry goods store.

CLOTHING.

ADVANCED.—THE PRICES OF CAST OFF WEARING Apparel, Furniture, Carpets, &c., at the California Agency. Silk Dresses from $10 to $60; Coats from $6 to $28; Pants $3 to $8. Address Mr. or Mrs. J. Goldstein, 182 Seventh avenue, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, where all orders will be duly attended to, in or out of the city.

ATTENTION.—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN WILL REceive the highest price for Cast Off Clothing, &c., by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. H. HART, 50 Carmine street, near Bedford.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR LADIES' AND GENTS' Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, &c., by calling on or addressing B. GAFFNEY, 223 Third avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 77—MONEY LIBERALLY ADVANCED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C. ALSO PAWN BROKERS' TICKETS BOUGHT FOR DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., at 77 Bleecker street, up stairs.

AT 212 BROADWAY.
THE OLD ESTABLISHED OFFICE
PAYS THE UTMOST VALUE FOR DIAMOND JEWELRY, WATCHES, PLATE, OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, &C.,
AT HIS PRIVATE ROOMS. OFFICE HOURS FROM 10 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
J. H. BABRINGER, 212 BROADWAY,
ROOM 13, UP STAIRS.

AT 841 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE WALLACK'S THEAtre—Any amount to loan on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Plate, &c., or the same bought for the highest cash prices by the well known ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 841 Broadway. Office hours 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

ASTROLOGY.

A BONA FIDE ASTROLOGIST.—MADAME WILSON tells the object of your visit, &c. 159 Allen street, near Houston, over the bakery.

A REAL FACT—NO IMPOSITION.—MADAM STARR from Europe, the greatest Clairvoyant known, offers $5,000 reward to any one who can equal her in telling past, present and future; shows the likeness and tells his name. 312 Fourth avenue. Gents not admitted; ladies 50c. to $1.

CLAIRVOYANT.—NO HUMBUG.—IF YOU WISH THE truth go to Mme. ROSS, 98 West Twenty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue. Shows you the likeness of future husband and tells you his name. Ring the basement bell.

MADAME ANTONIA, SOMNAMBULE CLAIRVOYANTE de Paris.—Past, present and future told. 167 West Twenty-fifth street, near Seventh avenue. English, French and German spoken.

MME. CAPELLO, CLAIRVOYANT, DOCTRESS AND Business Medium, 15 years before the public in Europe and America, No. 310 3d avenue, near 23th street, first floor, over tea store. Ladies 50 cents.

MME. MOREHOUSE, SEVENTH DAUGHTER OF THE seventh son, Impressional Medium on all affairs of life. Charms, numbers. 23 East Broadway, second floor.

MRS. ST. CLAIR, CLAIRVOYANT, 159 AVENUE C, corner of Tenth street, second floor. Ladies 25 cents; gents 50 cents.

THE ORIGINAL MADAME BYRON, FROM PARIS—Greatest Spiritualist, Medical and Business Clairvoyant known; has that never failing secret to cause speedy marriages. Office 310 Fourth avenue, near Twenty-fourth street. Ladies $1.

THE TURF.

FASHION PLEASURE GROUND.—TROTTING THURSDAY, April 20, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M. Purse and stake $[illegible], [illegible] mile heats, 3 in 5, in harness.
[illegible]
JOSEPH CROCHERON, Manager.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND.—TROTTING—ON Tuesday, April 18, at 2½ o'clock P. M. Purse and stake of $[illegible]; mile heats, best three in five, to wagons. Hiram Woodruff enters b. g. Shipbuilder; Ralph Ogle enters s. g. Gibo. Daniel Pfifer enters br. m. Zenobia.
SHAW & WHITE, Proprietors.

SPORTING.

A SPLENDID MODELLED FAST YACHT FOR SALE; length 36 feet, beam 12 feet; built by Robert Fish; the property of a gentleman who will sell for less than half the original cost; sails and all complete. Apply to ROBERT FISH, boat builder, 491 Water street.

FRANCIS BUTLER, OF NO. 3 PECK SLIP, HAS 31 choice breeds of Dogs for sale or stock. Butler's Infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75 cents. Butler's new work on the Dog, third and enlarged edition, price $2. Dogs Boarded, Trained. Medicines for all diseases. Ferrets wanted.

FISHING AND WHITEHALL BOATS ON HAND AND for sale cheap, at the Boat Building Shop of STEPHEN ROBERTS, foot of 114th street, Harlem river. Address as above, and I will call on parties wanting boats.

FOR SALE—400 IMPORTED FINE PIGEONS, SINGing Birds and Dogs, by A. VOIGT, No. 131 Division street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A SAIL BOAT, TWENTY-FOUR FEET long, well found. Apply to F. McGIEHAN, Jersey City Yacht Club House, Jersey City.

SAIL BOAT FOR SALE—14 FEET LONG, WITH NEW sails. Apply at 304 Rivington street. Can be bought cheap.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A.—AT THE UNITED STATES HORSE AND CARriage Mart, Fifth avenue and Forty-fourth street.—Auction sales of Horses, Vehicles and Harness. Sales every Monday. The public are respectfully informed that the second sale by auction of Horses, Vehicles, Harness, Saddlery, &c., will take place on Monday morning, April 17, at 12 o'clock, full particulars of which will be announced in the daily papers. N. B.—Horses and carriages taken on livery, and sold by private sale. H. J. JORDAN & CO.

A STYLISH PAIR OF FLAG TAIL BAY HORSES, 16 hands, sound and kind, at King's stable, Forty-first street, east of Madison avenue. Price $800.

A COUPE ROCKAWAY, BUILT BY MINOR & STEvens, in good order, for sale; price $350. Can be seen at E. L. Thompson's stable, 110 East Thirteenth street.

BUSINESS WAGONS OF EVERY KIND CONSTANTLY on hand, such as depot, baker's, butcher's, grocer's, milk and express. Also some second hand in good order. Stewart's factory, Fifty-third street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue.

BAROUCHE AND COUPE, WITH POLE AND SHAFTS, for sale cheap. Both in good running order. Apply at private stable, before 12 o'clock, 114 West Fifteenth street.

FAST STOCK.—FOR SALE, A BAY MARE, 15 HANDS high, Hambletonian, 7 years old, warranted in every respect; can trot a mile in 2:40. Also a bay Mare, 15½ hands high, 8 years old; Empire stock; warranted in every respect; can trot a mile in 2:50. Also a splendid coupe Horse, 5 years old, 16 hands high, of great style and action; warranted as above. Will be sold low. The property of a gentleman leaving the city. Can be seen and tried at the stable of M. McCAFFREY, Downing street and Fulton avenue, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A THOROUGH BRED BAY KENTUCKY Horse, very handsome under the saddle or in harness, 6 years old, 15 hands 3 inches high, with black mane, legs and tail; perfectly sound and kind in every respect. Price $400, if sold this week. Apply at GEORGE MURRAY'S, 33 East Thirteenth street, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. Ask for James.

FOR SALE—A WOOD BROTHERS' PHAETON, WITH pole and shafts, nearly new. To be seen at Miles' stable, 66 West Nineteenth street.

FOR SALE—FROM TWO TO EIGHT HORSES, WITH Trucks and work. B. & H. BALDWIN, 113 Broad street.

FOR SALE—ONE COACH, ONE CARRIAGE, ONE SET Double Harness, two sets light Harness, one Lady's Saddle, one Gentleman's Saddle and one Watson Wagon; all in good order and desirable. Apply at or address No. 57 Irving place.

FOR SALE—A VERY STYLISH ONE HORSE PHAEton, made to order by Wood Bros. Has been but little used. Can be seen at Williams' stable, 275 Court street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID SADDLE PONY, DARK chestnut color; is 6 years old and 14 hands high; warranted sound in every respect. Call at 29 Perry street.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME BAROUCHE, IN GOOD order; also a set of silver plated double Harness. Apply to T. J. MILLER, 103 Reade street, New York.

FOR SALE—A FEW NEW WAGONS, SUITABLE FOR express and grocery. Apply at 227 West Fifty-third street, near Tenth avenue.

FOR SALE—ONE HORSE TRUCK, WELL BUILT, ENtirely new; will carry forty to fifty hundred weight. Also one young Horse and Top Wagon, new. Inquire at 103 East Twenty-sixth street.

FOR SALE—ONE SPLENDID FAMILY HORSE, 16 hands high, bay, long tail. Also one Saddle Horse, 15½ hands high, bay, long tail; both perfectly sound and gentle in every respect. To be seen at Theodore Reeves' stable, 14 East Nineteenth street.

FOR SALE.—$60 WILL BUY A GOOD, SOUND HORSE, only 11 years old. Can be seen at the livery stables 96 Laurens street, near Spring. Just from the country.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT, SHIFTING TOP BUGGY Wagon, city make, nearly new; will be sold at a bargain. Apply at Carll's stable, 22 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TWO HORSES AND TWO SPRING ICE Wagons, with Harness if required. Corner of Harrison and Columbia streets, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF BROWN HORSES, 15¼ HANDS high, six years old, sound and kind in all harness; one brown Horse, six years old, 15 hands high and stylish driver, kind in all harness; one brown Horse, six years old, 15.1 hands high, sound and kind in all harness, can trot in three minutes; team of brown coach Horses, 15¾ hands high, eight years old; one calache Coach, in good order, and set of double Harness, to be sold separately or together, and three Horses, just from the country, 16 hands high, seven years old, all sound, kind and gentle.
OLIVER L. CARLL, 22 and 24 Fulton street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE DOZEN SPRING TRUCKS and Carts. Apply to A. T. BRIGGS, 64 Rutgers slip.

SPLENDID CALECHE CARRIAGE FOR SALE—BUILT by Lawrence, and in complete order; also to let, private Stabling, in West Forty-first street, near Eighth avenue. Inquire at 253 West Forty-second street or 124 Water street.

STABLE TO LET—IN REAR OF 137 EAST THIRTY-fourth street. Also Upper Part of front building to a family. Inquire at 121 East Thirty-fourth street.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A PAIR OF GOOD FAMIly Horses, or a single one to match. They should be full 16 hands. Apply at the private stable 144 East Sixteenth street, near Third avenue.

WANTED—A BLACK HORSE OR MARE, 15½ hands high, very stylish, smoothly made, long tail, sound, perfectly kind, and able to trot in three minutes to the pole. Black color preferred, but a dapple gray, or a bay with black points may answer. Apply to F. J. NODINE, 128 Pierrepont street, Brooklyn.

WANTED TO RENT—A STABLE AND CARRIAGE House, in the vicinity of Fourth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. Address J. R. G., box 186 Post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A DIVORCE PROCURED IN NEW YORK OR ANother State (specialty). Other good cases prosecuted. Consultations free and confidential. M. HOWES, Attorney and Counsellor, 78 Nassau street.

CANCER, CANCER, CANCER.
A speedy and permanent cure. Dr. Joseph T. Robinson, for the present stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel, has discovered an infallible remedy for the cure of cancer. Has sufficient testimony to convince the most incredulous of his entire success in this branch of medical practice. Terms are no cure no pay, which should enlist public confidence.
Until further notice can be seen or addressed at St. Nicholas Hotel.
JOSEPH T. ROBINSON, M. D.

DIVORCE.—HAVING MADE THIS A SPECIAL STUDY, undersigned holds private consultations on the subject. F. I. KING, Counsellor-at-Law, 335 Broadway.

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, SLATE REFRIGErators, Washtubs, Sinks, and all kinds of Marble and Slate Work. T. B. STEWART, 274 Canal street, three doors east of Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.—A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON hand, at lower prices than at any other establishment in this city. A. KLABER'S Mantel Works, No. 109 East Eighteenth street, near Third avenue, N. Y. Cut this out.

PROPELLER WANTED—OF SUFFICIENT POWER TO tow the largest vessels in any weather; will charter for the season or buy. Address Block House, box 2,777 Post office.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, Lathes, Planers, Blowers, Shafting, Pulley and Belting, new and second hand. One No. 2 Worthington Steam Pump, Locomotive and Tubular Boilers.
W. WILLARD & CO., 254 Water street.

"SHAD—SHAD—SHAD."—ALL CLASSES OF PEOPLE complain of the high price of beef, &c.; but who need be hungry when Shad are selling for almost nothing at the pier foot of Barclay street. The lifting last night was tremendous.

TO SODA DEALERS.—BIGELOWS SODA APPARATUS, with Earthen Syrup Jars and Glass lined Faucets. Can be seen at HEGEMAN & CO.'S, corner of Broadway and Eighth street.

TITAN IRON WORKS—HENRY STEELE & SON, Agents, Jersey City, N. J., manufacturers of PORTABLE ENGINES AND OIL BORING MACHINERY. A number of 10 horse Engines, mounted on 13 horse Boilers, ready for immediate delivery. Send for circular. Apply as above.

THE HUMAN HAIR.—TO GET RID OF THE MANY deleterious articles that now flood the market Dr. Batche has gotten up an article called Professor Batche's Mandolne for the Hair, which justly claims to restore gray hair to its original color, where it is not the result of age, as well as to promote its growth, keep it from coming out, remove all dandruff and keep the head cool, clean and healthy. "It contains no lead, sulphur, nitrate of silver or any injurious article. It keeps the hair perfectly moist, no other dressing ever needed, and yet perfectly free from oil or grease." Dr. Batche takes pleasure in referring to those eminent chemists, Caswell, Mack & Co., Fifth Avenue Hotel, as to its efficacy, and authorizes them to furnish to the family physician of any who might be fearful of its use any information requisite. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen. Sold by the principal druggists.
Dr. J. A. BATCHE, 1,107 Broadway.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED SECOND HAND Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, old style. Call at 61 Warren street, up one flight of stairs.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, TWO OR THREE MEdium sized rectifying Tubs, second hand. Address box 4,830 Post office.

$50.—HOTEL AND FAMILY STEAM AND HAND mangles. Prices $25, $30, $40, $50, $65, $75, $100, $125. Nos. 4 and 10 Liberty place, near the N. Y. Post office.

FOR SALE.

[illegible] FOR SALE—I HAVE REDUCED THE price of [illegible] to [illegible]
CHRISTIAN [illegible], 353 East Fifty-third street.

EXPRESS BUSINESS FOR SALE—FIVE YEARS ESTablished, doing well, with Office and Stable for four [illegible] rent. Possession given immediately, as [illegible] going in the country. Apply on premises, [illegible] Prince street, near McDougal.

FOR SALE—ONE NEW STEAMBOAT BOILER; DIameter 7 feet, front 7½ feet, length 22 feet.
CURTIS & SHAFTER, 250 [illegible] Franklin street.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST CLASS BURGLAR AND Fireproof Safes. Apply to LOCKWOOD & CO., 23 William street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL, WELL FILLED UP LIQUOR Store, in the best part of West street, North river, shall be sold cheap. Inquire of F. KRAUSS, 233 Grand street, near Elizabeth.

FOR SALE—SHAFTINGS, PULLEYS, HANGERS AND Boxings; also all kinds of machinery, at 243 East Houston street, by CHARLES JORDAN.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—A CAPITAL COPPER white, iron frame, Elliptic spring Bed, 34 by 72 inches, for $30; cost $90. Apply at 361 Pacific street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A NEWSPAPER ROUTE. APPLY (WEEK days), between 10 and 12 A. M., to J. TAYLOR, 175 Newark avenue, Jersey City.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS SHADES, NEAR BROADway; 19 rooms, with bathroom and hot and cold water. Apply to J. KING, 115 Leonard street.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE OF A NEAT BAR AND Lunch Room in Maiden lane. Inquire of T. GUNNING, 13 and 15 Broad street, for two days.

FOR SALE CHEAP—STOCK, FIXTURES, &C., OF A Grocery; a good chance for a man with a small capital. Inquire at 34 Willett street.

GROCERY FIXTURES FOR SALE.—STAND CASKS, Sugar Bins, Tea Canisters, Scales, Measures, &c., at 1,161 Broadway, corner of Twenty-seventh street.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE—A LARGE LOT of live Geese, Turkeys and Fowls. W. W. FOWLER, 459 Hudson street, near Barrow, New York.

MARBLE MANTELS FOR SALE CHEAP—CORNER of Fifth avenue and Thirteenth street, South Brooklyn.
F. H. BROWN.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.—ONE PAIR OF SOLID Rollers, with Frames; one pair of Hollow Rollers, one Screw Press, one large Mill, with 1,300 lbs. of Cutters, and set of Patterns, for grinding plaster or any hard substance; one large Grindstone, with frame, shaft and cone pulley, to grind the face of iron plates, and one Milling Machine. Inquire of CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ, 353 East Fifty-third st.

RAILROAD TIES FOR SALE—COMPRISING WHITE oak, black oak and chestnut. Inquire at the Fifth National Bank, 338 Third avenue.

SHEEP SHEARS.—WARD & PAYNES' AND WM. WILkinson's for sale to the trade, by WM. IRVING, 20 Cliff street, N. Y.

TO BOOKBINDERS.—FOR SALE, A SMALL CUTTING Machine and Table Shears; also a Plough Paper Cutter, at Monoghan's bindery, 99 Maiden lane.

THIRTY NEW AND SECOND HAND SAFES OF VArious sizes and makers for sale cheap, on account of removal; also a lot of jewellers' Draws, at 82 Maiden lane.

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—FOR SALE, THE CONTENTS of a Photographic Gallery; to be sold in one lot, immediately. Apply at 595 Broadway.

MUSICAL.

A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE FOR sale—four round corners; made to order; fully guaranteed; used five months; cost $800, for $375, including Stool, Cover, Parlor Suite, Paintings, Chamber and Dining Furniture, at a sacrifice. 113 West Twenty-third street, near 6th av.

ACCORDEON AND FLUTINA WITHOUT A MASTER, and ACCORDEON SONGSTER COMBINED.—Instructions, and over 200 popular airs. Price 60c., mailed.
FREDERICK BLUME, 208 Bowery.

A SECOND HAND CHICKERING GRAND PIANO, IN good order, for sale very low. An old piano will be taken in exchange. A German Grand Piano for $250. Pianos to let.
T. S. BERRY, 593 Broadway,
Between Prince and Houston streets.

AN ACCOMPLISHED SOPRANO DESIRES AN ENgagement in an Episcopal church in this city or Brooklyn. Address E. M. W., Herald office.

BERRY'S NEW SCALE PIANOS AT GREAT BARGAINS, for cash, or sold on monthly payments. Some fine second hand Pianos, from $70 to $250. Pianos and Melodeons to let, and rent applied on purchase. T. S. BERRY, 593 Broadway, between Prince and Houston streets.

BANJO INSTRUCTION $5—A COURSE $5. EACH pupil taught separately; a perfect tune a lesson, or no charge. J. K. BUCKLEY, 209 Thompson street.

KRAUSHAAR & CO.,
Manufacturers of pianofortes.—Warerooms and factory, 19 West Houston street, near Broadway, New York.
ANTON KRAUSHAAR. TOBIAS HAMM.
CHAS. J. SCHONEMANN, ALBERT SCHNEIDER.

NEW MUSIC.—THE SOLDIER'S HAPPY RETURN—Mazurka—for piano, [illegible] the music tells the story very nicely."—Home Journal.
FREDERICK BLUME, 208 Bowery.

NEW GUITAR SCHOOL WITHOUT A MASTER.—Complete instructions, and about 100 most popular melodies of the day. Price 75c., mailed.
FREDERICK BLUME, 208 Bowery.

ORGANIST, ALTO AND BASS WANTED—IN AN UP town choir. Persons who are fair readers and would be willing to sing for a small salary and the good instruction and practice they would get may address Church Choir, station E Post office, with full particulars. N. B.—The organist must be a good reader.

PIANO TO RENT—AN ELEGANT CHICKERING Piano, nearly new, will be rented low to a private family without children. Apply at 110 West Twenty-fourth street, or 191 Broadway, room 11.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND, SQUARE AND UPright Pianos, Melodeons, Harmoniums and Æolian Organs, wholesale and retail. To let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second hand Pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Sheet music, a little soiled, at 1½c. per page. Pianist in attendance to try new music. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second hand Pianos.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SOPRANO, TENOR AND Basso for Episcopal Church Quartet; liberal salaries paid. Address Quartet, Herald office.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS music, to lead the choir in a small church near the city; salary moderate. Inquire of WILLIAM FERRIS, 103 Fulton street.

INSTRUCTION.

A GRADUATE OF UNION COLLEGE, WHO HAS HAD successful experience as a private tutor, and can furnish the highest testimonials as to character and ability, wishes to revive the relation by taking charge of a youth desiring a partial or complete college education. He would have no objection to visiting the boy at his own house. Address W. B. M., box 210, Herald office.

A GOOD HANDWRITING GUARANTEED TO ALL IN ten lessons, at Goldsmith's Institute, 756 Broadway. Penmanship, bookkeeping and business affairs. Established 1840. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, Principal.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, WITH ONE CHILD, WHO can give the highest testimonials of respectability and capacity, and who speaks fluently French, Spanish and English, desires an opportunity to go abroad with a family as governess, translator or companion. Would be willing to receive a small salary in consideration of the privilege of taking her child with her. Address Madame F., Union square Post office.

FRENCH LANGUAGE—BY PROFESSOR PARRAIN, graduate of the Catholic University of Louvain, Bachelor of the Normal School of Paris (teacher's school). Tuition warranted in three months. 27 Bond street.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—A GENTLEMAN DESIROUS to acquire in a short time full knowledge of the French language, can have a bedroom in Professor Parrain's house, 27 Bond street.

MADAM HAYWARD'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES commences May 9. Number of boarders limited. Terms moderate. For circulars apply to Principal, Madam A. S. HAYWARD, Red Bank, Monmouth county, New Jersey.

MILITARY INSTITUTE, ALLENTOWN, PA., CHARtered by the State, with commodious buildings and superior educational and military advantages, opens its summer term April 18. For circulars address Rev. M. L. Hofford, A. M., President.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN, WHO SPEAKS English and French fluently, a situation as teacher in an institute; is fully capable, and can be highly recommended. Address L., Post office box 1,460.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN teaching, a situation as governess. She is competent to teach music, French, Latin and the English branches; no objection to travel; best of references furnished. Address J. G., 130 West 21st st.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

J. THOMPSON'S DANCING ACADEMY, 275 BLEECKER street. Closing soiree on Monday evening, April 17. Evenings of tuition, Tuesday and Friday.

MILITARY AND NAVAL.

DRAFTED MEN CAN BE FURNISHED WITH SUBSTItutes by applying to Lieut. JAS. HOPKINS or Sergt. GEO. PARKER, 18 Bowery.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY, &C.

ALL PRIZE MONEY NOW PAYABLE CAN BE OBtained at once on application to
WALDEN & WILLARD,
153 York street, Brooklyn.
ADVANCES MADE.

ACCOUNTS OF MUSTERED OUT AND DISCHARGED officers speedily settled. Advances made.
L. BROWN & CO., Military and Naval Bankers and Collectors, No. 2 Park place.

ALL PRIZE MONEY NOW READY COLLECTED AT once. Lists ready to date. Apply at U. S. Navy Prize Money Office, No. 2 Park place. L. BROWN & CO.

FORTY BALES OF COTTON.—THE UNDERSIGNED will pay the officers and men attached to the United States steamer Quaker City in June, 1864, their respective shares in the proceeds of forty bales of cotton picked up at sea by said vessel, upon application at his office, 113 South Fifth street, in the city of Philadelphia, and presentation of the proper papers and certificates, according to the regulations of the Fourth Auditor's office for the payment of prize money. THOMAS HART, JR., Attorney for Captain James M. Frailey, late commanding U. S. Steamer Quaker City.

WASHINGTON CLAIM AGENCY.
Prize money, bounty, pensions, back pay and all other claims due soldiers or sailors collected without delay. Applications by letter promptly attended to. Advances made.
HAYES & WHITMAN,
No. 215 F street (Post office box 771), Washington D. C.

COAL, WOOD, &C.

COKE DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.—ORDERS REceived at 152 Third avenue, near Fifteenth street.
JAMES MURRAY.

$10 PER TON.—WYOMING VALLEY COAL; THE best in the market for domestic use, foot of Fourteenth street, North river, and at the office of the Wyoming Valley Company, Trinity Building.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

A BARGAIN—COTTAGE OF 12 ROOMS FOR SALE, with barn and four acres, well stocked with apples, pears, cherries, grapes and quinces; three minutes' walk from depot and 11 miles from New York. Possession at once. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman street.

A FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE IN ELIZABETH.—Modern architecture, hot and cold water, gas, bathrooms, &c.; six acres of land, abundance of choice fruit; 10 minutes' walk from the depot and location unsurpassed; will sell cheap. E. W. AUSTIN, (owner) can be seen at No. 39 Park row, room 13.

AT 723 THIRD AVENUE—TO LET, A SPLENDID FOUR story brown stone House, choice location, on Fiftieth street (Beekman Hill); do. on Fifty-first street. Also new brick Houses on Seventy-eighth street. Also desirable Floors and Parts of Houses. JAMES ROWE.

AT JAMES MOONEY'S,
108 and 110 Sixth avenue.
IMMENSE REDUCTION FROM AUCTION. IMMENSE REDUCTION FROM AUCTION.
Will open on Monday, 17th inst., from the great auction sales of the past week, full lines of all the fashionable styles in French and English Dress Goods, Silks, Shawls, Cloaks, &c.

50 pieces black Silk, all boiled	$1 25, former price	$2 00
50 pieces black Silk, all boiled	1 50, former price	2 50
50 pieces black Silk, all boiled	1 75, former price	3 00
50 pieces, full yard wide	2 00, former price	3 75
50 pieces, full yard wide	2 25, former price	4 50
50 pieces Mantilla silk	2 50, former price	5 00
100 pieces colored Silks	From 75c. to	$1 25
100 pieces colored Silks	$1 50, former price	$2 50

Shawls and Cloaks in endless variety and low prices.

A WATER POWER GRIST MILL WANTED—NOT more than thirty miles from this city. Address Grist Mill, box 154 Herald office.

AT NEW BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK, ON THE Heights—Several first class Houses, furnished and unfurnished, embracing all modern conveniences, hot and cold water, gas, billiard tables, &c., at moderate rents; alike adapted for winter and summer residences, for those transacting business in New York. Stables, gardens, fruit trees, &c. Views unsurpassed; location healthful, near ferry landing. Apply to Mr. HAMILTON, 132 Broadway.

A SPLENDID MANSION AND FINE FARM FOR sale; located two miles from Tarrytown, on the Hudson; mansion large, some 30 rooms, with spacious piazzas all around; fine farm house, with all necessary outbuildings; 130 acres of land, 80 tillable, well fenced with stone and wire fences; abundance of fruit, shrubbery, &c.; a healthy, convenient and first class location. This property is offered at less than it would cost to put the buildings on at present, to close an estate. Terms, permits, maps, price, &c., with S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

A BEAUTIFUL DWELLING HOUSE, ALL MODERN improvements, gas fixtures, oilcloths, &c., for sale, with immediate possession; located a short distance from cars and steamboats, at Tarrytown, on the Hudson, with two acres of splendid land; fruit, shrubbery and shade trees, carriage house, stable, &c.; fine views of the river, neighborhood first class. S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

A NEW HOUSE, STABLE AND EIGHT ACRES OF ground, 12 miles in New Jersey, for sale very cheap.
JOSEPH MASON, No. 5½ Pine street.

AT T. J. GIBBONS' REAL ESTATE OFFICE, 100 Bleecker street, to let, House 195 Prince street, near Macdougal street; Floors for business at 61 and 65 Franklin street, near Broadway; also in Houston and Bleecker streets; Stores in Franklin street and Second avenue; also Houses and Stores 203 and 203½ Division street.

BRICK HOUSE IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE—THREE story and basement, with water and gas throughout; lot 20 ft. 6 in. by 88 ft. 6 in., at 43 Cheever place. Apply to J. T. HEARD, 111 Broadway, room 35, New York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—AT TARRYTOWN, on the Hudson, one mile from cars and steamboats; six acres of good land, abundance of choice fruit, shrubbery and shade trees; a good dwelling, modern improvements, in fine order; carriage house, stable, &c.; splendid views of the river. Neighborhood unsurpassed. Immediate possession.
S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIate possession, on the banks of the Hudson, at Tubby Hook, Spuyten Duyvel, Riverdale, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, Nyack, Scarborough, Sing Sing, Peekskill, New Hamburg, Poughkeepsie, Tivoli; also at Fordham, Rye, Pleasantville, Unionville, &c. Further particulars with S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, E. D.; house three stories and basement, with water and gas; grounds well cultivated, with grapes and fruit trees, barn, &c. Apply to Mr. NOBLE, Broadway and Gates avenue, or J. T. HEARD, 111 Broadway, room 35, New York.

COTTAGES, WITH ONE, TWO OR SIX LOTS, IN South Bergen, N. J., at prices from $1,700 to $4,000. Terms as you please. Cars every ten minutes from Jersey City ferry. JOHN PRINGLE, 13 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE, OR TO LEASE—ON East river, 130 feet front by 300 deep. Apply to A. J. PROVOST, corner of South Seventh and First streets, Williamsburg.

EIGHTH AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE—TWO FULL Lots, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets.
JOSEPH MASON, No. 5½ Pine street.

FARM OF 66 ACRES FOR SALE—IN THE ENGLISH Neighborhood, about nine miles from Hoboken, two from Fort Lee; the cars on the Northern Railroad will stop if required. For terms inquire of ROBERT ANNETT, Fort Lee, N. J. Also the Pavilion Hotel to let. Inquire as above.

FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED IN UNION COUNTY, N. J., 25 miles from New York, containing 101 acres of excellent land for farming purposes, and believed to be superior oil territory, the adjoining property having been secured by the Passaic Oil Company, and on which wells are now being bored. Inquire of O. R. MENDUM, importer, 75 Chambers street, N. Y., or H. P. BRONE, geologist, Plainfield, N. J.

FARM FOR SALE—66 ACRES, IN N. J., ONE HOUR from N. Y.; beautiful, rich, mellow land; a fine timber grove, stream of water, &c.
D. ELMORE, 30 Broad street, room 30.

FARM—CONTAINING 25¾ ACRES OF GOOD LAND, for sale cheap, 2½ miles from Hart's Corners, Harlem Railroad, 4 miles from Tarrytown and two from White Plains; a good deal of choice fruit, Farm House, outbuildings, almost new, with two cows, one horse, four pigs, 30 fowls, ploughs, hay, &c. Price for all $5,000.
S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

FIRST CLASS FARMS AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR sale.—30 on the North river ... $3,000 to $30,000

5 at Kensico and White Plains	3,000	to	12,000
5 at Mamaroneck	5,000	to	15,000
20 at Rye and Portchester	1,600	to	30,000
15 at Greenwich and Stamford	2,000	to	25,000
20 at Plainfield and Rahway	2,500	to	20,000
10 at Bloomfield and Irvington	2,000	to	20,000
15 in Rockland county	3,000	to	15,000

and others in all parts of New York and New Jersey, at prices from $1,500 to $40,000. Apply to S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine street, room 12.

FOR SALE—A GOOD HOUSE, ONE ACRE OF Ground, Fruit of all kinds, Barn, Stable, &c., in all particulars a comfortable and convenient residence. Furniture, best quality, for sale if wanted. Apply to H. STONE, 536 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR STORY BROWN stone front House, 51 West Forty-second street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. Possession immediately. Apply on the premises, or to WRIGHT, GILLIES & BRO., 233 to 237 Washington street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—$550—THE HANDSOME NEW TWO story attic basement and sub-cellar Cottage, finished in handsome style, with double walls and marble mantels; second house west of Central Park, on north side of Eighty-fourth street. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND FARMING LANDS—IN parcels to suit purchasers; a very desirable tract of timber and farming land, on line of Camden & Atlantic railroad, twenty miles from Philadelphia, containing 3,400 acres. Address JNO. DICKSON, 320 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED COUNTRY Residence; house large and new, with modern improvements; all kinds of fruit and outbuildings. First class Furniture for sale cheap, for want of use. Time: twenty minutes' from Thirty-fourth street ferry to the village of Newtown, L. I. Only part down; the remainder on mortgage.
BENJ. ALBRO, corner Seventeenth st. and Third av.

FOR SALE—NOS. 9 AND 11 THAMES STREET, NORTHeast corner of Trinity place; about 50 feet square. The extension of Church street as proposed would render this property very valuable. Apply to CHARLES H. CLAYTON, 137 Pearl street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—LARGE TWO STORY, ATTIC AND basement brick House and Lot No. 34 Pike street; lot is 27 by 85 feet. May be seen daily from 10 to 3. Part of the price may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to CHARLES FANNING, No. 6 Burling slip.

FOR SALE—$3,000—A FIRST CLASS COTTAGE, IN prime order, full grounds, fruits, flowers, &c., &c.; half hour by rail on New Haven Railroad, one hour by road driving. Also Furniture by appraisement. Inquire in store 350 Fourth avenue, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE HOME IN COUNTRY, near city, about ten acres, handsome modern built House, suitable for family of ten or twelve persons; plenty of shade, fruit; fine river view, healthy, neighborhood first class; 1 hour and 20 minutes from New York; ten trains daily. A good place to bring up and educate a family, being within fifteen minutes' walk of an excellent college, a first class female seminary, churches and good public schools. Price, with ten acres, $12,000; with one acre, $7,000. For particulars and photographic views, apply to R. C. BROWNING, 347 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., A MODERN built House; gas throughout; water in the kitchen; good garden, fruit, shade, shrubbery, &c. Inquire at 10 Wall street, room 18.

FOR SALE—ON LEXINGTON AVENUE, ADJOINING the northwest corner of Thirty-eighth street, an elegant four story brown stone front House, complete in all respects. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN,
AN ELEGANT AND DESIRABLE RESIDENCE,
on
MARCY AVENUE,
200 feet south of Myrtle avenue.
Together with the GROUNDS, 100x225 feet.
The house and extension are two stories, attic and basement, are frame, filled in with brick to the peak, and built by days' work in the most substantial manner, under the superintendence of the owner.
The house is 22x35, and extension 20 feet additional.
The house has all the modern improvements, papered throughout, and has front and back stairs [illegible].
The stable and coachhouse is two stories high and 25 feet square, with cow and chicken houses detached.
The grounds are laid out in the most tasteful manner, and have an abundance of bearing fruit trees and vines and ornamental shrubbery.
Will be sold low. For particulars apply on the premises, or to J. J. DILLON, 266 Pearl street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT A LOW FIGURE, A FULL LOT, CORner of 110th street and Fifth avenue, fronting Central Park. CURRY, 32 Pearl street.

FOR SALE—THREE STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, near Broadway. Apply at 149 West Forty-fourth street.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT AND Mill Property at Tottenville, Staten Island, within ten minutes' walk of the steamboat landing and Richmond Valley Railroad depot; large mill pond, abundance of oysters, five acres land, large house, fruit and improvements; mill in running order; good bathing, fishing, &c.; communication six times daily to the city. Inquire of WILLIAM WEIRS, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A REALLY BEAUTIFUL THREE STORY high stoop House on Thirty-first street, west of Eighth avenue, at a bargain.
JOSEPH MASON, No. 5½ Pine street.

FOR SALE—THE DOUBLE HOUSE AND STABLE NO. 4 East Thirty-third street; lot 50x100. Second door east of Fifth avenue. Price $65,000. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine street.

FOR SALE—THE THREE STORY BROWN STONE House of West Twenty-seventh street; $14,000. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine street.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

[illegible] SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, AND STABLE in rear lot, 12 East Fortieth street. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine street.

FOR SALE—A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP HOUSE in Twenty-second street, near Seventh avenue. Modern improvements; in splendid order.
S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine street, room 12.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF GUTTENBERG, N. J., a short distance from the city, a three story frame House, filled in with brick, containing eleven rooms, with two lots of ground adjoining and a stable. Inquire of F. BLANCHET, 224 Sixth avenue, before 10 A. M. and after 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—A BRICK FRONT HOUSE; LOT 22 BY 100. Possession May 1. Price $6,500. Apply on the premises, 21 Grove street.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE DESIRABLE DOUble House and Lot, 210 Clermont avenue, near DeKalb avenue; house 30x40, three stories, basement and sub-cellar, high stoop, brown stone front, just finished, with all the latest improvements; price $15,000; also House and Lot adjoining, 212; house 20x40, brown stone front, and finished in the same manner as the other one; price $10,000. Apply to the owner, on the premises.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE ELEGANT AND commodious Residence of Charles A. Meigs, Esq., in Wyckoff street, between New York and Brooklyn avenues, together with the grounds, 275 feet front by 250 feet deep. The house is about 53 feet square, contains 19 rooms, and has all the modern improvements; is finished with black walnut and in the most tasteful manner; built of brick, with partition walls of same. Stable 32 by 30 feet. The grounds are graded in the most beautiful manner, and abound with a great variety of rare ornamental trees and shrubbery; fruit trees in great variety, grapevines, &c. For full particulars inquire on the premises, or of J. CAMPBELL, Esq., Pacific Bank, New York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A COTTAGE IN CUMBERland street, between Park and Flushing avenues, with all the modern improvements. Lot 100 by 37. Garden in front. Price $3,200. Apply at the corner store opposite.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NEAT COUNTRY RESIDENCE in Mott Haven; also one in Melrose, one in Morrisania and one in Tarrytown.
URMY & COPLAND, 412 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—OR WOULD LET TO A responsible tenant, in the village of Bull's Ferry, N. J., four and a half miles on the Hudson river turnpike, from eight to twenty-five acres of Land on the Hudson river; two good houses on the property, barn, stables, good water, &c.; plenty of beautiful building sites, suitable for country residences, about 600 feet water front. Inquire of W. H. KEMP, 176 Hudson street, New York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, at Poughkeepsie, a three story Brick House, on a private park, frontage 150 feet, depth 250 feet; filled with shade and fruit trees and grapevines; paved walk to City Hall, markets, schools, and distant ½ of a mile from the centre of the city; rent $600. Will be sold at a bargain, or exchanged for good improved property in New York city. Apply to H. M. WHITEHEAD, Esq., 35 Wall street, or to Mr. HULL, Real Estate Agent, Main street, Poughkeepsie.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY Seat, with fine grounds, fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., in Montgomery, Orange county, N. Y., twelve miles back of Newburg, and only four to five hours from the city. To any one wishing to remove to the country the above is a splendid opportunity, as the locality is perfectly healthy and the property will be sold cheap or let, on reasonable terms, to a good tenant. For further particulars address Wm. H. Warner, 33 Warren street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST CLASS DWELLING House, three minutes' walk from depot at Paterson, N. J., forty minutes from Jersey City by Erie Railway; bath room, range, heaters, &c.; hot and cold water throughout. Apply to HAMIL & BOOTH, 56 Reade st., or Paterson, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A LOT, 25x98, BRICK BUILDing in rear, 25x30 feet; two stories high and basement; brick stable in front and other small sheds in the yard, with room underneath for eighty tons of coal. Apply to A. SCHWARTZ, 374 West Forty-sixth street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT LITTLE NECK BAY, L. I., the Cottage formerly occupied by me, with one acre of Ground; plenty of fruit and vegetables. House contains ten rooms and kitchen with range, and good cellar. For terms, &c., apply to A. J. DELATOUR, 35 Third street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT IRVINGTON, N. J., NEAR depot, within an hour of New York, Country Seat, pleasantly located; dwelling house, barn, &c.; 10 acres of ground, laid out in choice fruit and shade trees. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine street.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, the residence of Thos. Bell, Bellport, L. I., pleasantly located for either a private or public house, within one quarter of a mile of the South Bay, where good fishing or gunning may be had; 18 acres of good land, high cultivation; house contains 38 commodious rooms well furnished, good barn, shed, granary, workshop, carriage house, ice house, wash house, milk house, smoke house, and other outbuildings; three wells of good water; good orchard of apples, pears, peaches, plums, quinces, cherries, grapes, and other small fruit; rent of house, furnished, $1,500; unfurnished, $1,000. Apply to WM. KEVAN, 101 Water street, or on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—AT WESTPORT, CONN., A beautiful Gothic Cottage, containing kitchen, dining room, parlor and six other pleasant rooms; a carriage house and stable; garden, with grapevines and choice fruit trees; pleasantly located, between railroad depot and Westport village. Terms easy. Apply to MARTIN GRACE, Westport, Conn.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN CLINTON AVENUE, CORNER of Gates avenue, Brooklyn, for sale or to let.—The lot is 50 feet front, and location one of the best in the city. Possession 1st of May. Price $15,000, or if rented $200 per month. Apply to JAMES CRUIKSHANK, 65 Broadway.

HOUSE IN THIRTIETH STREET TO BE SOLD.—Possession immediately; small three story, near Lexington avenue; perfect order; modern improvements; gas fixtures, carpets, &c., can be had. Apply at office of American Needle Company, 442 Broadway.

LANDS.—TO ALL WANTING FARMS.—LARGE AND thriving settlement of Vineland; mild climate; thirty miles south of Philadelphia, by railroad; rich soil, producing large crops; twenty acre tracts at $25 per acre, payable within four years; good business opening; good society. Hundreds are settling and making improvements. Apply to CHAS. K. LANDIS, Postmaster, Vineland, Landis township, N. J. Letters answered. Papers containing full information will be sent free.

OIL LANDS IN PENNSYLVANIA AND WESTERN Virginia, in parcels of 50 to 5,000 acres, for sale or exchange for real estate or merchandise, by S. S. HINMAN, 15 Wall street.

SECURE A HOME.—LANDS FOR SALE IN THE CELEbrated fruit settlement of Hammonton, N. J., 30 miles from Philadelphia, on a railroad, and near the New York Railroad. No better soil in the State; for fruit, vegetables and early gardening is the best in the Union. Hundreds of acres now producing to be seen, on which is made from $300 to $600 per acre. Mild and healthy climate, soft water, churches, schools, mills, stores, &c. Price from $20 to $25 per acre for twenty acres and upwards; ten acre fruit Farms, $300. Terms easy; title perfect. For full information address R. J. Byrnes, Hammonton, N. J. All letters answered.

SEA SHORE.—DESIRABLE COTTAGE LOT AT Long Branch, N. J.; one of the best situated lots at Long Branch, 75 feet, fronting the ocean, 600 feet deep, to Morris street, adjoining the four elegant cottages of Mr. Bispham, Dr. Cheetwood and others. Will be sold at the low price of $30 a foot front, if applied for immediately. Address box 1,318 Post office, Philadelphia.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, IN GOOD NEIGHBORhood. Parties having such to dispose of can find a purchaser by addressing W. E. A. Wood, 161 Fifth avenue. State conveniences and lowest price.

WANTED TO BUY—A MODERN HOUSE, NOT LESS than 20 feet front, west of Seventh avenue, not above Fortieth street. Address B. Church, 24 Grove street, with lowest cash price.

YONKERS.—FOR SALE, A COTTAGE, WITH ABOUT one acre of Land, one mile from cars and steamboats, at Yonkers; fruit and shade trees. This place is offered at a great bargain. Price $1,700.
S. EMBERSON, 421 Eighth avenue.

2 CORNER LOTS FOR SALE—AT PATERSON, N. J., in manufacturing locality, within 200 yards of depot. Apply to WM. OSMOND, 88 West Broadway, or ROBERT HOLMES, 41 Marshal street, Paterson.

16 UNIVERSITY PLACE, NEAR NINTH STREET, one block west of Broadway.—Private House for sale or to lease, to a party buying the furniture only. Apply before 10 A. M.

$3,700.—FOR SALE, THE HOUSE AND LOT 42½ Morris street, Jersey City, five minutes' walk from the ferry, 10 rooms, modern improvements and in perfect order throughout. Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises.

$11,000.—FOR SALE, ONE OR TWO SMALL brown stone Houses in Forty-eighth street, near Third avenue; just finished, with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises.

$13,000.—FOR SALE, A BONE BOILING AND Grinding Factory, in East Williamsburg, two and a half miles from any of the ferries; stages pass the place. The factory is fitted up in the best manner, with steam power, good building and sheds. The Farm consists of seventeen acres of land, with good dwelling house, stable and barn; about fifty choice fruit bearing trees. Apply at 429 Seventh avenue, between Thirty-ninth and Fortieth streets, N. Y.

$21,000.—A FIRST CLASS, FOUR STORY, HIGH stoop, brown stone House in Seventeenth street, opposite Stuyvesant square; size 22.4x56; lot 34. Apply to S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine street, room 12.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

A. KIMBEL—OF THE FIRM OF A. KIMBEL & J. CABUS, cabinet makers, 924 Broadway, would respectfully inform his former patrons and the public in general, that he has no connection whatever with any establishment but the one above named. AND. KIMBEL,
Formerly A. Bembe & A. Kimbel.

PETROLEUM.—WANTED, TO FORM A COMPANY or sell a tract of Oil Lands, in West Virginia, in the Oil belt. Call at 163 Sixth avenue.

THE FIRM OF WALDEN, WILLARD & McILVAINE was dissolved on the 6th inst. The banking and stock petroleum business will be carried on by E. R. McIlvaine and Charles C. Walden, at 13 Broad street, under the firm of McIlvaine & Walden. E. R. McILVAINE.
C. C. WALDEN.

WANTED—A PARTNER OR PARTNERS (ONE active) with $12,000 additional capital, in an enterprise offering surpassing inducements for adventure and investment. Apply to HUNTING & FRANCIS, NO. 59 Broadway.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH CAPITAL, TO ENGAGE in a first class merchant tailoring, or tailoring and clothing business, by a thoroughly practical man in the same, of many years experience with first class houses. Address Daggett, Herald office, or call at 85 Chambers street, up stairs, between the hours of 11 and 2, until the 19th inst.

WANTED—A MAN, WITH MONEY, TO ENTER, OR the party will sell, the Bone Factory situated on the river and three miles from ferry, in full operation now. Address B. C., station G, New York.

THE BALL SEASON.

GEORGE W. ALLENS'
COMPLIMENTARY BALL,
BROOKE'S ASSEMBLY ROOMS, 361 Broome street,
MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 17. TICKETS $1.

MOYAMENSING LIBRARY BALL WILL COME OFF at the American Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on Monday evening, April 17, 1865.

MELO-CHOREAN MASQUE BALL.—IN VIEW OF THE melancholy affliction of the whole nation by the death of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, the above ball is postponed until Monday evening, May 1. By order of the committee. L. F. HARRISON, Irving Hall.

REMOVALS.

DUNLOP'S ALE DEPOT—REMOVED TO 67 WATTS street, junction of Canal and Hudson. WM. MARR, successor to A. A. Dunlop, fine ales and porter brewer. Established 1848.

OUR LOSS.

CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.

beseech Thee, upon the sorrows of Thy servants, for whom our prayers are delivered. In Thy wisdom Thou hast seen fit to visit them with trouble and bring distress upon them. Remember them, oh Lord, in mercy! sanctify Thy fatherly correction to them; endue their souls with patience under their affliction and with resignation to Thy blessed will. Comfort them with a sense of Thy goodness; lift up Thy countenance upon them, and give them peace, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

At the communion service the following impressive hymn was sung by the choir:—

Hear what the voice of Heaven declares
To those in Christ who die;
Released from all their earthly cares,
They'll reign with Him on high.
If sin be pardon'd we're secure;
Death hath no sting beside;
The law gave sin its strength and power;
But Christ our ransom died.
The graves of all his saints he blessed
When in the grave he lay;
And rising thence their hopes he raised
To everlasting day.

The service concluded with the chanting of the *De Profundis*, the congregation remaining on their knees.

THE FULTON STREET PRAYER MEETING.

The Fulton street daily prayer meeting, which is held in the large lecture room of the North Dutch church, was densely crowded yesterday, the religious portion of the community having flocked thither to give expression to acts of devotion to the overwhelming grief which the assassination of the great and good man has occasioned in the hearts of the entire community. Most of the hour was spent in earnest prayer to the Ruler of nations that the appalling calamity which has befallen the nation in the untimely death of President Lincoln might be productive of profound good to the whole American people.

The family of the deeply lamented chief of the republic was tenderly remembered—that the widow and sons might be sustained by divine consolation in this terrible bereavement.

The building was so thronged that one of our reporters who was accidentally passing at the time (and at nearly the close of the exercises), could only approach to the back entrance, so that it was impossible to hear the language employed by the several gentlemen who engaged in prayer. He, however, heard one of the persons who led the supplications of the audience make touching allusion to the fact that, as it was necessary for the [illegible]

[illegible]

...tion to as full a belief in the necessity of the second measure of his policy as it had always held in that of the first, proves him to have been a wise and able far-seeing statesman.

Under the blows of the army, skilfully directed by General Grant, and the firm and positive execution of the details of the political measures of Mr. Lincoln, the giant rebellion was, within the last month, brought near its end. In the midst of a success which gave assurance of the full and absolute achievement of both his fixed purposes, Mr. Lincoln suddenly gave evidence of the affection with which he has always regarded the South, and inaugurated a policy of concession towards State authorities which, without retarding or conflicting with his fixed purpose of ultimate Union and abolition, hastened the rapid and, it was hoped, bloodless dissolution of the remaining rebel armies. This policy, mistaken by many as an unwise conciliation towards the leading traitors, is not yet understood and appreciated because sufficient time has not, or had not elapsed when its author ceased to breathe, to show its effect; but we doubt not the day will come when the people will acknowledge that such a policy, pursued with Mr. Lincoln's usual persistence, would sooner have rendered the organized armies of the rebel leaders useless and ineffective than will any other which may be adopted. The apparent conciliations granted to the people of Virginia were not undeserved kindnesses to the rebel leaders. Without relieving a single rebel officer of any penalty which he might owe for crime Mr. Lincoln's conciliatory measures were calculated to make it the interest of every private soldier of their armies to abandon them to their fate. Under the workings of such a policy as Mr. Lincoln had inaugurated in Virginia the dispersion of the rebel armies would have been more rapidly accomplished than it will be by the hard blows of Sherman and Grant under a less humane and more radical policy. In Mr. Lincoln the Southern people have lost their best friend, and the rebel leaders one of their wisest and bitterest enemies.

INAUGURATION OF VICE PRESIDENT JOHNSON AS PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. Lincoln's Policy to be Carried Out, &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, April 15—12 M.

Andrew Johnson was sworn into office as President of the United States by Chief Justice Chase to-day at eleven o'clock.

Secretary McCulloch and Attorney General Speed and others were present.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S SPEECH.

He remarked:—

"THE DUTIES ARE MINE. I WILL PERFORM THEM, TRUSTING IN GOD."

Particulars of the Inauguration of President Johnson.

WASHINGTON, April 15, 1865.

At an early hour this morning Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, sent an official communication to Hon. Andrew Johnson, Vice President of the United States, stating that, in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the Chief Magistrate, his inauguration should take place as soon as possible, and requesting him to state the place and hour at which the ceremony should be performed.

Mr. Johnson immediately replied that it would be agreeable to him to have the proceedings take place at his rooms in the Kirkwood House as soon as the arrangements could be perfected.

Chief Justice Chase was informed of the fact and repaired to the appointed place, in company with Secretary McCulloch, of the Treasury Department; Attorney General Speed, F. P. Blair, Sr., Hon. Montgomery Blair, Senators Foot, of Vermont; Ramsay, of Minnesota; Yates, of Illinois; Stewart, of Nevada; Hale, of New Hampshire, and General Farnsworth, of Illinois.

At eleven o'clock the oath of office was administered by the Chief Justice of the United States in his usual solemn and impressive manner.

Mr. Johnson received the kind expressions of the gentlemen by whom he was surrounded in a manner which showed his earnest sense of the great responsibilities so suddenly devolved upon him, and made a brief speech, in which he said:—"The duties of the office are mine. I will perform them. The consequences are with God. Gentlemen, I shall lean upon you. I feel that I shall need your support. I am deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion and the responsibility of the duties of the office I am assuming.

Mr. Johnson appeared to be in remarkably good health, and has a high and realizing sense of the hopes that are centered upon him. His manner was solemn and dignified, and his whole bearing produced a most gratifying impression upon those who participated in the ceremonies.

It is probable that during the day President Johnson will issue his first proclamation to the American people.

It is expected, though nothing has been definitely determined upon, that the funeral of the late President Lincoln will take place on or about Thursday next. It is supposed that his remains will be temporarily deposited in the Congressional Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, April 15, 1865.

The Cabinet meeting lasted three hours. The new President was present, and stated to the meeting *his intention of carrying out the policy which had been inaugurated by Mr. Lincoln*. He also requested the present members of the Cabinet to retain their present positions, and evinced a disposition to conduct things as they have been previously.

Mr. Johnson has appointed Wm. Hunter, Esq., chief clerk of the State Department, Acting Secretary of State.

President Johnson and his Cabinet held their first formal meeting this afternoon, at the Treasury Department, in the room of Secretary McCulloch.

President Johnson, in conversation with a distinguished gentleman to-day, said that at present he saw no necessity for an extra session of Congress, and further, that he would not commit himself to a policy which would prevent visiting condign punishment on traitors. He had been fighting rebels here and in Tennessee, and his previous course might be regarded as an indication of his future conduct upon this subject.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

Sketch of the Life and Services of Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee.

Amid the universal manifestations of sorrow over the great affliction which has befallen the country in the sudden death of its beloved Chief Magistrate, at the hand of a fiendish assassin, we must not forget our duties to the future. The gloom which has thus suddenly fallen like a pall upon the exuberant joy of the people over the late victories of their armies must not suppress the perils of the hour. Looking forward with hope through the cloud of our late calamity into the magnificent consummation of righteous bayonets in the hands of Christian soldiers we have the melancholy consolation that, though the President be dead, the nation still lives.

By the provisions of that sacred instrument, our constitution, the uncertainty of the duration of human life is provided for by the election cotemporaneously with President of a Vice President, who, in case of the death, removal or disability of the President, immediately ascends to the chief magistracy of the nation. The man, therefore, who is to bear the profound responsibilities of that high office is Andrew Johnson. Hence to know something of this gentleman's antecedents as a public man and an individual, trustworthy of the high charge to which he has been called by the treacherous work of a conspiration against the nation through its chosen head, is of the deepest importance.

Andrew Johnson was born in Raleigh, North Carolina, December 29, 1808. When he had scarcely reached the age of four years, he lost his father, who died from the effects of an effort to save a friend from drowning. His mother was unable to afford her child any educational facilities whatever. He, therefore, never had the advantages of attending school. It is even said that during his younger years he was an inmate of the almshouse of Wake county, North Carolina, where he remained until his tenth year. At that age he was apprenticed to a tailor in his native city. He thus labored for seven years. His lack of schooling, however, was in a great measure overcome by a strong desire to acquire knowledge, and he spent much of his leisure time in educating himself. An interesting anecdote is mentioned of his [illegible]

[illegible]

MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL GRANT.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15, 1865.

General Grant arrived in this city late last night, on his way to New Jersey, but was intercepted on his way to Walnut street wharf by a despatch, and it is supposed he returned to Washington immediately.

BURLINGTON, N. J., April 15, 1865.

Lieutenant General Grant left Burlington for Washington at six o'clock this morning. MRS. U. S. GRANT.

Arrival of General Grant in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 15—2:15 P. M.

Lieutenant General Grant arrived here from Philadelphia, on a special train, about two o'clock, and immediately proceeded to the President's house.

Lieutenant General Grant, soon after his arrival here, met President Johnson and the Cabinet, and after a full conference issued orders for the arrest of ex-Judge John A. Campbell and ex-Mayor Joseph Mayo, of Richmond, whose enlargement by General Shepley had never been approved.

The proposed freedom of transit between this city and Richmond, and many other projected trade facilities, have been suspended during the pending investigations which are now going forward.

General Weitzel has been permanently superseded in the command of the Department of Richmond by General Ord, of General Grant's staff. He leaves to-morrow to assume the duties of the position.